# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Hartford County Hartford, Connecticut

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



Year Ended December 31, 2024

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Hartford County Hartford, Connecticut

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended December 31, 2024

**Finance Department** 

#### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL		I
CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCI. REPORTING	AL	VII
ORGANIZATION CHART		VIII
THE DISTRICT BOARD		IX
DISTRIBUTION OF DISTRICT BOARD MEMBERSHIP		XII
BOARD OF FINANCE		XIII
FINANCIAL SECTION		
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT		2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS		6
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
	EXHIBITS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	I	22
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	II	23
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
BALANCE SHEET	Ш	24
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	IV	26
PROPRIETARY FUNDS		
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	V	28
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	VI	29
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	VII	30
FIDUCIARY FUNDS		
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	VIII	32
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	IX	33
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		34

#### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND		
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	RSI-1	83
MDERS		
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	RSI-2	86
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	RSI-3	87
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS	RSI-4	88
RETIREE HEALTH PLAN		
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	RSI-5	89
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS	RSI-6	90
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS	RSI-7	91
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES		
ASSESSABLE SEWER CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUN	D	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE – CONNECTION CHARGE PROJECTS	A-1	93
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE – FLAT RATE PROJECTS	A-2	94
FIDUCIARY FUNDS		
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS	B-1	95
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE		
BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS	B-2	96

#### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **STATISTICAL SECTION**

	<b>TABLES</b>	
FINANCIAL TRENDS		
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT	1	99
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	2	100
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3	102
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4	103
REVENUE CAPACITY		
DISTRIBUTION OF ANNUAL TAX LEVY	5	104
DEBT CAPACITY		
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE	6	105
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION	7	106
SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	8	107
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION		
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS	9	108
OPERATING INFORMATION		
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM	10	109
WATER OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM	11	110
SEWER OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM	12	111





June 9, 2025

District Chairman
Members of the District Board
Members of the Board of Finance
The Metropolitan District
Hartford, Connecticut

Dear Chairman Currey, Commissioners and Citizen Members:

State law requires that every governmental unit publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements conforming to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units, as audited by an independent firm of licensed public accountants. We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of The Metropolitan District (hereafter, "the District" or "the MDC") for fiscal year end December 31, 2024.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal controls established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed their anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP ("CLA, LLP"), licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of the District's financial statements for fiscal year end December 31, 2024. The independent accountant's report is located in the front of the financial statement section of this report.

The MDC's fiscal year 2024 audit includes an audit of all federal grants in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), which provides, in part, that state and local governments expending more than \$750,000 in federal financial assistance must have a single audit for the fiscal year. The single audit is in lieu of any financial and compliance audits required by any federal agency.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides, in narrative form, an introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal.

#### **Description of the District**

The District was created by the Connecticut General Assembly in 1929 and operates as a specially chartered municipal corporation of the State under Act No. 511 of the 1929 Special Acts of the State of Connecticut, as amended (the "MDC Charter" or the "District's Charter"). The Member Municipalities incorporated in the District are the City of Hartford and the Towns of Bloomfield, East Hartford, Newington, Rocky Hill, West Hartford, Wethersfield and Windsor (collectively, the "Member Municipalities"). The District's purpose is to provide a complete, adequate and modern system of water supply and sewage collection, treatment and disposal for its Member Municipalities. Additionally, because of a Charter amendment approved by the Connecticut General Assembly in 1979, the District is also empowered to construct, maintain, and operate hydroelectric dams. The District also provides sewage disposal facilities and supplies water, under special agreements, to all or portions of several non-member municipalities as well as various State facilities. These non-member municipalities currently include Berlin, East Granby, Farmington, Glastonbury, Manchester, New Britain, Portland, South Windsor and Windsor Locks.

#### The District Board

A 33-member Board of Commissioners, referred to as the District Board, governs the District. The Member Municipalities appoint seventeen of the commissioners, eight are appointed by the Governor of the State, and four are appointed by the leadership of the Connecticut State Legislature. Four non-voting commissioners are appointed from non-member municipalities, one each from the towns of Glastonbury, South Windsor, East Granby and Farmington. Appointments made by municipalities having three or more members are subject to the minority representation provisions of Section 9-167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. All commissioners serve without remuneration for a term of six years.

#### Powers and Responsibilities of the District Board

The District Board is authorized to establish ordinances or bylaws; organize committees and bureaus; define the powers and duties of such bodies; fix salaries and define the duties of all officers and employees; appoint deputies to any officers or agents of the District; and issue negotiable bonds, notes or other certificates of debt to meet the cost of public improvements or to raise funds in anticipation of taxes or water revenue, which debt shall be an obligation of the District and its inhabitants. The District Board has the power to levy a tax upon the Member Municipalities to finance the operational and capital budget of the General Fund.

The District Board refers a proposed budget of revenues and expenditures to the Board of Finance annually. The Board of Finance reviews the proposed budget, adjusts if desired, and refers it back to the District Board for final review, changes as necessary, and enactment. Capital project appropriations to be financed by the issuance of bonds, notes and other obligations of the District are subject to approval of the District Board upon recommendation of the Board of Finance.

#### **Consumer Advocate**

Public Act No. 17-1 established an Independent Consumer Advocate to act as an independent advocate for consumer interest in all matters which may affect District consumers, including, but not limited to, rates, water quality, water supply, and wastewater service quality. The Independent Consumer Advocate may appear and participate in District matters or any other federal or state regulatory or judicial proceeding in which consumers of the District are or may be involved. The Independent Consumer Advocate submits quarterly reports of his or her activities to the District, the Member Municipalities and the State Consumer Counsel. Such reports are available on the District's website and the Consumer Counsel's website.

#### Administration

Responsibility for the overall administration and management of District policy, operations and services rests with the Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer has direct responsibility for the Human Resources and Communications functions and manages the remaining functions through the Chief Operating Officer ("COO") and Chief Administrative Officer ("CAO"). The COO has responsibility for design and construction of the District's clean water project, asset management and capital planning programs, engineering, maintenance, operations, water pollution control, water treatment and supply, patrol and environment, health and safety functions of the District. The CAO has responsibility for the District's procurement, payroll, accounting, budgeting, treasury, risk management, information technology and customer service.

#### **Local Economy**

The Member Municipalities of the MDC are a mixture of urban and suburban communities with an aggregate population of 364,058 people and median household incomes ranging from \$45,300 to \$125,616, according to 2023 Census estimates. These diverse municipalities comprise a strong and stable service area as evidenced by a 10-year growth of 23% in the combined municipalities' grand lists from 2015 to 2024. The combined grand lists not only reflect single family residences and multifamily housing units but also include major industries such as manufacturers of technology products, building systems and aerospace industries, hospitals, universities, utilities, and several financial institutions and insurance companies.

Economic conditions generally affecting the State of Connecticut impact the District's Member Municipalities, particularly employment opportunities for area residents. Within the last decade ending 2024, the State of Connecticut has had seasonally adjusted annual unemployment rates higher than the United States in five of the ten years, with lower or equal rates in 2016, 2019, 2020, 2023, and 2024. For the District's fiscal year 2024, the State of Connecticut had an average annual unemployment rate of 3.2% compared to the United States' rate of 4.0%.

The Member Municipalities, for the most part, have retained their strong financial positions. Seven of the eight Member Municipalities have S&P ratings that are AA or higher and represent 74.0% of the 2025 Ad Valorem taxes due from Member Municipalities to the MDC. The outliers are West Hartford (22.9%) and Windsor (9.0%) both with AAA ratings and Hartford (26.0%) with a BBB rating.

In response to a period of fiscal distress, the City of Hartford entered into a Contract Assistance Agreement with the State of Connecticut in March 2018 whereby the State agreed to make the City's \$543 million general fund debt service payments in exchange for the City's agreement to state oversight under the Municipal Accountability Review Board (MARB), established under Public Act 17-2. In 2023, the MARB reduced the City from Tier III oversight status to Tier II. Under Tier II status, Hartford will still provide financial information, present a three-year plan, have their budget assumptions approved by the board and report on remedial action recommended by the board. However, that status change no longer requires the city to review labor contracts, arbitration awards and debt obligations with MARB.

The State and the Greater Hartford region boasts strong financial/insurance, a resurging advanced manufacturing, and emerging biotech clusters. Greater Hartford has a concentration of key, high-opportunity industries, including aerospace, business services, finance, insurance, and biomedical device development, each of which could lead to an overall economic upturn and drive regional growth. The region is home to over a dozen colleges and universities, growing transit connectivity, a revitalized riverfront, and other amenities that are expected to support and attract the talent needed to spur and maintain economic growth within member towns offering diverse lifestyle options.

#### Fiscal Responsibility, Strategic Outlook and Long-Term Financial Planning

Consistent with MDC's adopted Strategic Plan, the MDC proactively monitors the current business and statutory and regulatory environment in which it operates and continually evaluates its operating policies and procedures and its rate structure, as well as how the MDC interacts with its customers and key stakeholders.

On May 16, 2017, Public Act 17-1 was signed into law by the Governor. In addition to the MDC's existing powers outlined in its Charter, the new legislation provides the following:

- Authorizes the MDC to levy additional taxes on the Member Municipalities *during the fiscal year* if a Member Municipality was late in paying, or did not pay, its portion of Ad Valorem tax;
- Expands the MDC's ability to borrow on a short-term basis to include working capital (operational) purposes, in addition to funding for capital projects, for a term up to three years; and
- Redirects State of Connecticut PILOT payments under Section 12-18b, otherwise payable to a Member Municipality, to the MDC if the Member Municipality fails to pay Ad Valorem tax to the MDC within the MDC's fiscal year.

The MDC expects that these tools will allow it to react to a mid-year default by a Member Municipality in a timely, less disruptive and more accommodating fashion. The tools provided by Public Act 17-1 combined with MARB oversight, contract assistance and restructuring grants for Hartford, as noted in the Local Economy section, has significantly reduced the potential impact of a Member Municipality default on the MDC's finances.

Given the increased complexity and demands of the Clean Water Project, a project mandated by EPA and DEEP to upgrade our sewer infrastructure and detailed below, the MDC has developed and maintained complex and sophisticated forecasting models to plan future short- and long-term debt issuances, develop comprehensive cash flow projections, and determine impacts on future rate structures. Utilizing these tools proactively has enabled the MDC to model numerous scenarios and communicate effectively with its commissioners, customers, key stakeholders, the State and members of the investment community about the MDC's financial position, progress of the Clean Water Project and the MDC's future financing plans.

The MDC maintains a positive unassigned fund balance in its general fund (40.7% of total general fund revenues at the end of 2024.) In August 2019, the District Board adopted a formal policy which seeks to maintain an unassigned general fund balance between 30% and 35% of total general fund revenues. The District Board will determine the use of the 5.7% excess (equating to \$5.48 million), and in past years has applied it to the subsequent year's budget to help lower the Ad Valorem tax burden of its member towns. Through prudent planning and funding, the Metropolitan District Employee's Retirement System (MDERS), under GASB 67, has a plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability of 78.0% as of December 31, 2024. Collectively, these measurements illustrate the financial strength of the District.

The District's Charter limits the amount of general obligation debt it may issue to 5.0% of the combined grand lists of its member towns, which is \$31.5 billion for their 2024 grand lists. The current debt limitation for the District is \$1.57 billion of which the District has \$0.85 billion outstanding leaving an available balance of \$0.72 billion. The District will continue to meet its significant operational and capital obligations while maintaining one of the region's lowest water and sewer rate structures.

#### **Major Initiative: Evolution of the Clean Water Project**

As originally conceived in 2005, and as set forth in the initial LTCP, the Clean Water Project was estimated to cost approximately \$2.1 billion, and assumed to be completed in 2021, based on assumptions about, among other things, the design as originally conceived and the pace of design, construction and regulatory review and approval. The original concept relied on sewer separation projects, control of inflow and infiltration, and capacity increases and other improvements to the District's treatment plants.

An updated LTCP was submitted to DEEP in 2012 and revised through December 2014. The revised plan de-emphasized sewer separation projects (which proved expensive and unduly disruptive in downtown areas) and added a large storage and conveyance tunnel in south Hartford (the "South Tunnel"). It also featured a large storage and conveyance tunnel to the northern part of Hartford (the "North Tunnel") that connected to the South Tunnel, which was intended to both capture overflows in the northern and central part of Hartford and to eliminate overflows into the North Branch of the Park River. This resubmittal as approved in 2015 set out a completion of the project by 2029.

The LTCP was most recently revised and resubmitted to Connecticut DEEP in December 2018. Through meetings and negotiations with CT DEEP an agreement was reached, and a new Consent Order was signed in September 2022. Although no formal approval was issued, the new consent order, which will replace the existing consent order, incorporates a Phase I Implementation Plan for the years 2023-2029. The resubmitted LTCP introduces the concept of an "Integrated Plan". The Integrated Plan coordinates the District's ongoing capital improvement and maintenance program with projects reasonably necessary to comply with the CSO consent order. This plan included remedies such as replacing aged and damaged pipes and other system components, cleaning and other maintenance and rehabilitation activities, thereby increasing pipe capacity to reduce overflows.

The resubmitted LTCP retains the South Tunnel and related improvements (which are still underway). However, the resubmitted LTCP replaces the North Tunnel concept with a shortened downtown area tunnel and separation projects in conjunction with capacity improvements in the northern part of Hartford. The Plan contemplates a compliance effort over a longer term (i.e. 40 years) and integrated ongoing maintenance and a rehabilitation program. The Plan combines the Clean Water Project with other capital improvements that had not been considered part of the Clean Water Project and continues to finance the combined effort with the Clean Water Project Charge. The Plan has a view to achieve compliance with the governmental orders efficiently within the context of the District's other capital improvements while implementing a more affordable economic model for the rate payers.

Integrated Plan projects were initiated in 2023 and 2024. More refinements to the consent order were contemplated and incorporated through a Consent Order modification in July of 2023. These refinements included faster implementation and more rehabilitation and sewer separation projects in North Hartford to address private property issues while also achieving consent order compliance. A new approved list of projects in the modified Consent Order included some new projects, some existing projects that required reprioritization and some projects that fell completely out of the Phase I Implementation Plan.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgments**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement (COA) for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the MDC for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This was the thirtieth (30th) time the District has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a COA, a government entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the COA Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate for fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

Special thanks to members of the Board of Finance and District Board for the guidance and support they provide year after year. The District's financial strength reflects their vigilance and stewardship. Also, a very special thanks to the dedicated and talented finance staff that have joined their many talents to produce this ACFR.

The District remains committed to the efficient fulfillment of its core mission of providing our customers with safe, pure drinking water, environmentally protective wastewater collection and treatment and other services that benefit its member towns.

#### Conclusion

We demonstrate our commitment to our customers, member towns, stakeholders, and investors by our fiscally and environmentally responsible actions. We pride ourselves in knowing that our customers enjoy the highest quality drinking water in the region at a cost that is consistently lower than any public or private water supply provider of similar size anywhere in Connecticut.

At the same time, we also take great pride in engineering and constructing the largest public works project in New England - the Clean Water Project- with the overwhelming support of our Member Municipalities and customers. Looking forward, the MDC will continue to develop sound business goals and adopt implementation plans that fulfill the performance objectives set forth in its Strategic Plan.

Sincerely,

Scott W. Jellison Chief Executive Officer

Kelly J. Shane

Chief Administrative Officer/Acting District

Treasurer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

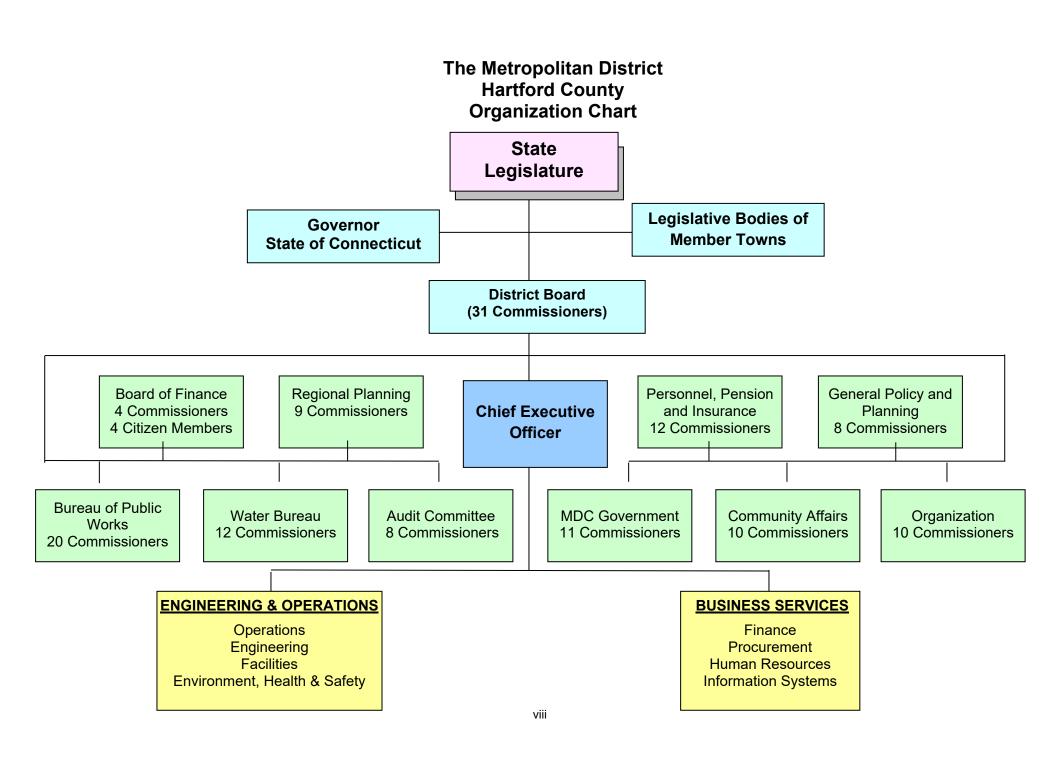
### The Metropolitan District Connecticut

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT THE DISTRICT BOARD

Name	Primary Occupation	Municipality Represented	Term Expires	Bureaus, Boards, Committees
Donald Currey, Chairman	Retired	East Hartford	12-31-2024	Ex-Officio Member of all Bureaus, Boards, Commissions and Standing Committees except Ethics Advisory Committee.
William A. DiBella, Vice Chairman	Consultant	Hartford	12-31-2026	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on Organization, Strategic Planning Committee, Committee on Technology, Regional Planning Committee, General Policy and Planning Committee
Andrew Adil	Financial Advisor	Wethersfield	12-31-2024	Water Bureau, Board of Finance, Strategic Planning Committee, Committee on Technology, General Policy and Planning, Audit Committee
Kyle Anderson		Legislative Appointee	12-31-2027	Water Bureau, Committee on MDC Government, Community Affairs Committee, Strategic Planning Committee
John Avedisian	Operations Manager/Aero space Metallurgical Lab	Windsor	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on MDC Government, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, General Policy and Planning Committee
John Bazzano		Hartford	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on MDC Government, Community Affairs Committee, Committee on Organization
Avery Buell	Investment Management Consultant	Hartford	12-31-2028	Water Bureau, Committee on MDC Government, Committee on Organization, Community Affairs Committee
Richard Bush	Self- Employed/ Real Estate Investment and Property Management	West Hartford	12-31-2022	Bureau of Public Works, Strategic Planning Committee, Committee on Organization, Committee on Technology
Dimple Desai	Director/ Planning & Zoning	Rocky Hill	12-31-2024	Water Bureau, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Regional Planning Committee, General Policy and Planning Committee, Ethics Advisory Committee
David Drake	Professional Engineer	Wethersfield	12-32-2026	Bureau of Public Works, General Policy & Planning, Personnel, Pension and

				Insurance Committee, Regional Planning Committee
John Gale	Attorney	Hartford	12-31-2026	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on Organization, Strategic Planning Committee, Water Bureau
Peter Gardow	Engineer	Legislative Appointee	12-31-2026	Water Bureau, Committee on MDC Government, Committee on Technology, Ethics Advisory Committee (Alternate)
Joan Gentile	Retired/ Business Lawyer	East Hartford	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Strategic Planning Committee, Committee on Technology, Ethics Advisory Committee (Alternate)
James Healy	Attorney	West Hartford	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on Organization, Strategic Planning Committee
Allen Hoffman	Retired	Legislative Appointee	12-31-2025	Bureau of Public Works, Board of Finance, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, General Policy and Planning Committee
Christian Hoheb	Attorney	Farmington	12-31-2026	District Board Only
Georgiana E. Holloway	Retired	Hartford	12-31-2026	Water Bureau, General Policy and Planning, Community Affairs Committee, Committee on MDC Government
Gary Johnson	Consultant / Engineer	Windsor	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Strategic Planning Committee, Committee on Regional Planning
Mary LaChance	Senior Information Services Director	Glastonbury	12-31-2025	District Board Only
Byron Lester	Retired	Bloomfield	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee, Community Affairs Committee, Strategic Planning Committee
Diane Lewis	Case Manager	Hartford	12-31-2024	Water Bureau, Committee on Organization, Community Affairs Committee, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee
Maureen Magnan	Deputy Commission, CT Department of Consumer Protection	West Hartford	12-31-2026	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on MDC Government, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee, Community Affairs Committee

Jackie Mandyck	Executive Director	West Hartford	12-31-2024	Water Bureau, Community Affairs Committee, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, Regional Planning Committee
Michael Maniscalco	Town Manager	South Windsor	12-31-2024	District Board Only
Dominic Pane	Self-Employed / Business Owner	Newington	12-31-2028	
Bhupen Patel	Retired	Newington	12-31-2026	Bureau of Public Works, General Policy & Planning, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Ethics Advisory Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, Regional Planning Committee
Pasquale J. Salemi	Retired	East Hartford	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Water Bureau, Board of Finance, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, Committee on Technology, Regional Planning Committee, General Policy and Planning Committee
David Steuber	Chief of Staff	Hartford	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee
Alvin E. Taylor	Retired	Legislative Appointee	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Water Bureau, General Policy & Planning, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, Committee on Technology, Regional Planning Committee
Calixto Torres	Retired	Hartford	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on Organization, Committee on MDC Government, Community Affairs Committee
James Woulfe	Insurance Executive	Hartford	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on Organization, Ethics Advisory Committee, Committee on MDC Government, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee
Michael Carrier	Attorney	Representative from New Britain	12-31-2010*	Ex-Officio Member of the Water Bureau of District Board

<sup>\*</sup>Commissioners appointed by Municipalities continue to serve until a successor is selected.

#### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

# HARTFORD COUNTY DISTRIBUTION OF DISTRICT BOARD MEMBERSHIP AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2024\*

	<del>-</del>	Appointed By	Appointed By	
<u>-</u>	Total Commissioners	Municipality	Governor	Legislature
Hartford	9	6	3	
East Hartford	3	2	1	
West Hartford	4	3	1	
Windsor	2	1	1	
Bloomfield	1	1		
Wethersfield	2	1	1	
Newington	2	1	1	
Rocky Hill	1	1		
East Granby	0			
Farmington	1	1		
Glastonbury	1	1		
South Windsor	1	1		
Legislative				
Appointment	4			4
_	31	19	8	4

<sup>\*</sup> One East Granby Commissioner appointed by the municipality is vacant as of 12/31/2024

<sup>\*</sup> One East Hartford Commissioner appointed by the municipality is vacant as of 12/31/2024

#### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

#### HARTFORD COUNTY BOARD OF FINANCE

	Term <u>Expires</u>
Donald Currey (Ex-Officio)	12-31-2024
Andrew Adil	12-31-2024
Allen Hoffman	12-31-2025
Pasquale J. Salemi	12-31-2028
Drew lacovazzi	12-31-2025
Linda A. King-Corbin	12-31-2025
Linda Russo	12-31-2025
Awet Tsegai	12-31-2025





#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Board of Finance The Metropolitan District Hartford, Connecticut

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Metropolitan District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The Metropolitan District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2024, The Metropolitan District adopted new accounting guidance for accounting changes. The guidance requires that changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of The Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise The Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and schedules is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 9, 2025, on our consideration of The Metropolitan District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of The Metropolitan District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The Metropolitan District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut June 9, 2025

This discussion and analysis of the Metropolitan District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter (beginning on page i-vi), basic financial statements (beginning on page 22), and notes to the financial statements (beginning on page 34).

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Government-wide financials

- Total net position of the District at the close of fiscal year 2024 is \$1.418 billion. Of this amount, negative \$24.8 million is unrestricted.
- Total net position increased \$137.1 million or 10.7% over the prior fiscal year, \$92.1 million in governmental activities and \$45 million in business-type activities.
  - Capital assets increased \$205.8 million overall, \$158.7 million in governmental activities and \$47.1 million in business-type activities. These increases are due to investments in the MDC infrastructure, as follows:
    - ▲ The governmental activities' increase is driven primarily by Clean Water projects.
    - ▲ The business-type activities' increase is driven primarily by large water main replacement projects.
  - Cash, receivables and other assets increased by \$23.5 million overall, comprised of a \$7.3 million decrease in governmental activities and \$30.8 million increase in businesstype activities.
  - Current and long-term liabilities increased by \$129.1 million overall.
    - ▲ Governmental activities increased its liabilities by a net \$75.3 million. This increase was driven by increases of \$19.5 million in long-term and \$53.5 million in current liabilities.
    - ▲ Business-type activities increased its liabilities by a net \$53.7 million. This increase was driven by increases of \$47.0 million in long-term and \$3.9 million in current liabilities.
  - Net deferrals decreased by \$36.8 million, driven primarily by OPEB, as follows:
    - ▲ Pension net deferral increased by \$16.4 million, comprised of a \$6.4 million increase in deferred outflows, offset by a \$22.8 million increase in deferred inflows.
    - ▲ OPEB net deferral decreased by \$54.3 million, comprised of a \$2.6 million decrease in deferred outflows, offset by a \$56.9 million decrease in deferred inflows.
    - ▲ Change of refunding net deferral increased by \$1.1 million, comprised of a \$0.3 million decrease in deferred outflows, offset by a \$0.8 million increase in deferred inflows.

#### Fund financials

- The total fund balance for Governmental Funds at the close of fiscal year 2024 is \$74.6 million.
  Of this amount, \$(2.7) million is unassigned in the Clean Water Project Fund, \$31.8 million is
  restricted for capital projects, \$0.8 million is restricted for Debt Service and the General Fund
  has a \$6.4 million Nonspendable (inventory and pre-paid items) and \$38.3 million Unassigned
  fund balance.
- The General Fund's \$38.3 million Unassigned fund balance is 40.7% of the \$94.0 million total General Fund revenues. The District's fund balance policy targets this ratio's range to be between 30-35%. The use of surplus reserve, ratio's exceeding 35%, is determined by the District's Board of Commissioners and in past years has been used to reduce the Ad Valorem taxes paid by its member towns in the upcoming fiscal year's budget.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three major components along with other supplementary information.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** (pages 22-23). The government-wide financial statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to that used by private-sector companies.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the current year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

These two statements report the District's net position and the change in net position. Net position is the residual of assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. These statements separate District activities as follows:

Governmental activities - Include general government, operations, plants and maintenance, and interest on long-term debt, and in particular include its wastewater operations which are principally supported by taxes, charges for services, operating grants and contributions, capital grants and contributions.

Business-type activities - Include Water and Hydroelectricity facilities and are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges and capital grants and contributions.

**Fund Financial Statements** (pages 24-33) A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds -- The District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Clean Water Project Fund and the Capital Project Fund, which are designated major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Therefore, long-term liabilities, capital assets and deferred inflows and outflows are not presented.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary funds -- The District maintains three proprietary type funds, major and non-major enterprise funds and an internal service fund. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its water and hydroelectricity operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for water operations considered a major fund of the District, and hydroelectricity operations, which is nonmajor.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets held on behalf of participants in its pension and other post-employment benefits plans. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The District maintains fiduciary funds for its Pension and OPEB Trusts.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** (pages 34-81). The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report requires inclusion of three other sections with specific requirements.

Required supplementary information (RSI) (pages 83-91). The required supplementary information presents the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. This information can be found on pages 86-91 of this report. Also included in the required supplementary information is the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and changes in Fund Balance budget to actual This information can be found on pages 83-85 of this report.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (pages 93-96). This section includes information on the Assessable Sewer Construction capital projects fund along with combining statements of fiduciary net position for pension and OPEB trust funds.

*Statistical Section* (pages 99-111). This section includes financial trends; revenue and debt capacity analyses; demographic, economic and operating information.

### FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following paragraphs provide an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations.

#### **Financial Position**

Net position, over time, is a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to provide services in the future. In 2024 the District's assets exceeded liabilities by a total \$1.418 billion, \$1.103 billion from Governmental Activities and \$315 million from Business-Type Activities.

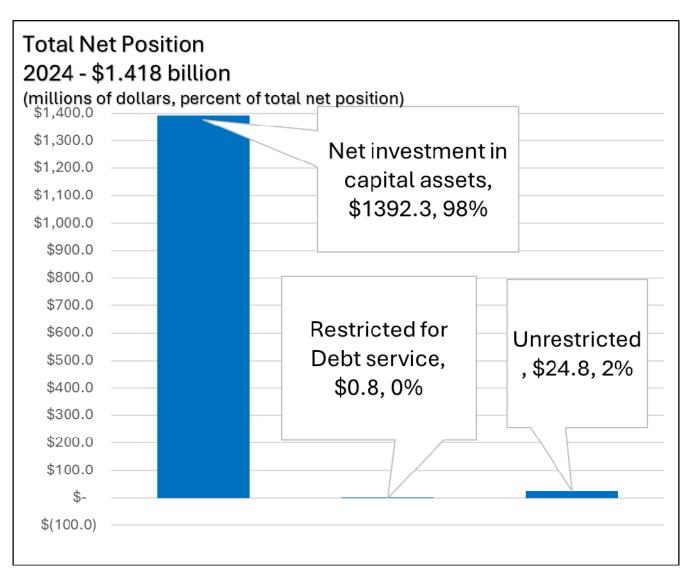
The following table shows a summary of the Statement of Net Position for the past two years. The District's net position increased by \$137.1 million overall during the fiscal year or 10.7%.

#### Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024			2023		
		Business-			Business-	
	Governmental	Type		Governmental	Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 183,332,623	\$ 165,613,605	\$ 348,946,228	\$ 190,648,296	\$ 134,799,579	\$ 325,447,875
Capital Assets, Net of						
Accumulated Depreciation	2,316,337,896	776,815,248	3,093,153,144	2,157,592,545	729,741,072	2,887,333,617
Total Assets	2,499,670,519	942,428,853	3,442,099,372	2,348,240,841	864,540,651	3,212,781,492
Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,861,558	20,492,334	36,353,892	14,461,392	18,388,118	32,849,510
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities	102,740,301	24,033,623	126,773,924	49,230,641	20,073,185	69,303,826
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	1,283,556,778	592,092,928	1,875,649,706	1,261,747,895	542,288,721	1,804,036,616
Total Liabilities	1,386,297,079	616,126,551	2,002,423,630	1,310,978,536	562,361,906	1,873,340,442
Deferred Inflows of Resources	26,099,134	32,081,858	58,180,992	40,649,233	50,876,064	91,525,297
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,059,734,668	332,526,794	1,392,261,462	1,001,688,388	331,697,982	1,333,386,370
Restricted	784,196	-	784,196	82,460	-	82,460
Unrestricted	42,617,000	(17,814,016)	24,802,984	9,303,616	(62,007,183)	(52,703,567)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,103,135,864	\$ 314,712,778	\$ 1,417,848,642	\$ 1,011,074,464	\$ 269,690,799	\$ 1,280,765,263

See the Statement of Net Position (page 22) for more detailed information.

By far, the largest portion of the District's assets in 2024 is its \$3.1 billion investment in capital assets (land, infrastructure, plants, machinery and equipment). Resources required to repay debt must be provided from other than the District's investment in capital assets, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.



**Governmental Activities.** The net position of governmental activities increased \$94.4 million or 9.4% from the prior year. The Statement of Net Position shows an increase of \$158.8 million in capital assets, a decrease of \$3.0 million in cash and receivables, a net decrease of \$4.4 million in other assets, a \$16.0 million decrease in net deferrals, and a net increase of \$73.0 million in current and long-term liabilities.

**Business-Type Activities.** The net position of business-type activities increased \$45 million or 16.7% from the prior year. The Statement of Net Position shows an increase of \$47.1 million in capital assets, \$25.1 million increase in cash and receivables, \$5.7 million increase in other assets and \$20.9 million decrease in net deferrals, and a net increase of \$50.9 million in current and long-term liabilities.

**Unrestricted Net Position.** The unrestricted net position balance measures the well-being of the District and its governmental and business-type activities. It is the residual amount of the net position not included in the net investment in capital assets or the restricted net position.

#### **Results of Operations**

In addition to the analysis of net position provided earlier, it is important to analyze the financial operations that took place during the year. The following table provides a summary of the Statement of Activities, which also presents the changes in net position.

### Statement of Activities Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

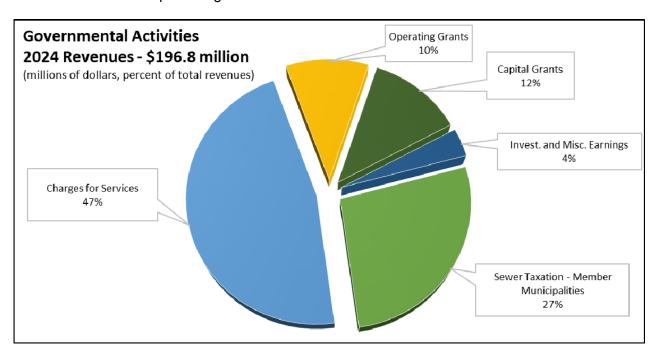
	2024			2023			
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	
REVENUES Program Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 91,753,508	\$ 99,481,420	\$ 191,234,928	\$ 94,278,825	\$ 98,182,557	\$ 192,461,382	
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and	20,879,786	-	20,879,786	11,939,689	-	11,939,689	
Capital Graffis and Contributions General Revenues: Sewer Taxation - Member	23,926,160	13,065,709	36,991,869	19,338,014	5,186,542	24,524,556	
Municipalities Unrestricted Investment	53,076,600	-	53,076,600	53,076,600	-	53,076,600	
Earnings Miscellaneous Income	7,144,069 -	5,430,922 2,911,592	12,574,991 2,911,592	5,863,150 -	6,640,995 591,736	12,504,145 591,736	
Total Revenues	196,780,123	120,889,643	317,669,766	184,496,278	110,601,830	295,098,108	
EXPENSES General Government Operations Plants and Maintenance Interest on Long-Term Debt Water Hydroelectricity	5,825,761 27,073,673 43,345,066 26,928,528	- - - 71,870,996 354,244	5,825,761 27,073,673 43,345,066 26,928,528 71,870,996 354,244	9,038,090 30,722,559 51,740,330 26,241,767	- - - 72,902,670 297,900	9,038,090 30,722,559 51,740,330 26,241,767 72,902,670 297,900	
Total Expenses	103,173,028	72,225,240	175,398,268	117,742,746	73,200,570	190,943,316	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE TRANSFERS	93,607,095	48,664,403	142,271,498	66,753,532	37,401,260	104,154,792	
TRANSFERS	790,178	(790,178)		6,252,829	(6,252,829)		
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	94,397,273	47,874,225	142,271,498	73,006,361	31,148,431	104,154,792	
Net Position - Beginning, Originally Reported	1,011,074,464	269,690,799	1,280,765,263	938,068,103	238,542,368	1,176,610,471	
Restatement	(2,335,873)	(2,852,246)	(5,188,119)				
Net Position, Beginning, As Restated	1,008,738,591	266,838,553	1,275,577,144	938,068,103	238,542,368	1,176,610,471	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,103,135,864	\$ 314,712,778	\$ 1,417,848,642	\$ 1,011,074,464	\$ 269,690,799	\$ 1,280,765,263	

See the Statement of Activities (page 23) for more detailed information.

#### **Governmental Activities**

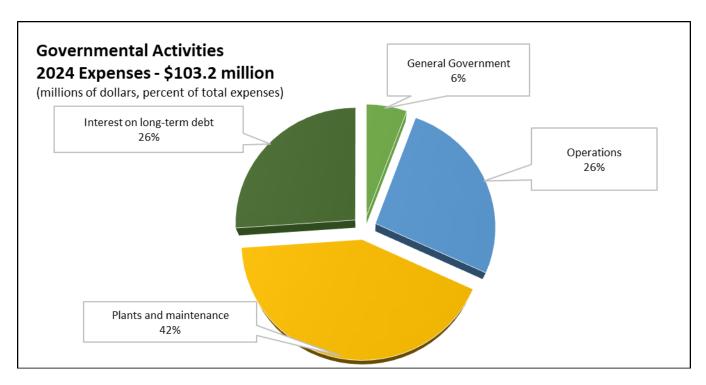
Revenues – increased by \$12.3 million or 6.2% from \$184.5 million to \$196.8 million:

- An increase of \$13.5 million in operating and capital grants due to \$8.9 million more operating grants and \$4.6 million more capital grants received in 2024 than in 2023.
- An increase of \$1.3 million in unrestricted investment earnings. Higher interest rates and average daily balances drove the higher investment earnings from the prior year, as follows; 2024 averaged a daily interest rate of 5.34% and daily balance of \$133.8 million, whereas, 2023 averaged a daily interest rate of 4.86% and daily balance of \$120.6 million.
- A decrease of \$2.5 million for Charges for Services due to a \$2.7 million reduction in late payment fee revenue previously reported in business type activities offset by \$0.2 million increase in developer billing.



Expenses – decreased \$14.5 million or 12.4% from \$117.7 million to \$103.2 million:

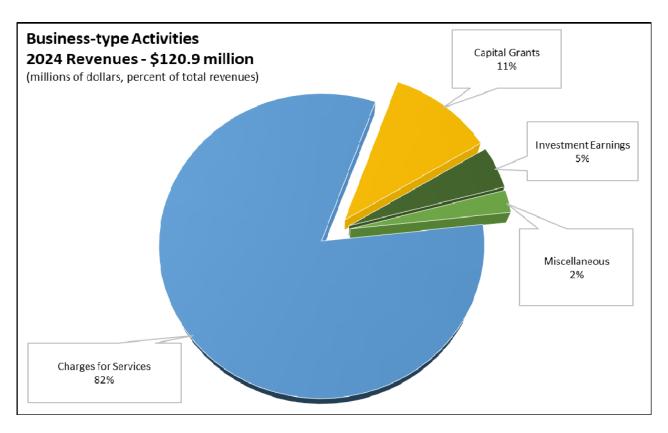
- A decrease of \$6.1 million in OPEB and pension expense according to updated actuarial estimates.
- A decrease of \$5.1 million in loss on disposal of capital assets due to lower asset impairment adjustments.
- A decrease of \$ 1.6 million in compensated absence expense, before restatement, due to GASB 101 implementation.
- A decrease of \$1.3 million in depreciation expenses.
- A decrease of \$1.1 million in debt service and related expenses due to reduced borrowing and favorable rates.
- An increase of \$0.7 million in utilities expenses due to new contract pricing awarded in 2024.



#### **Business-Type Activities**

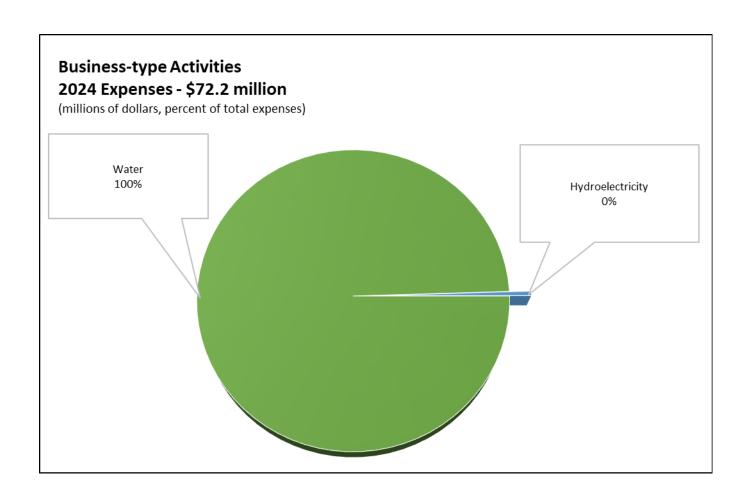
Revenues - increased by \$10.3 million or 9.3% from \$110.6 million to \$120.9 million:

- \$7.9 million increase in capital grants.
- \$2.3 million increase in miscellaneous revenue.
- \$1.3 million increase in charges for services due to a \$1.4 million increase in water sales offset by a \$0.1 million decrease in hydroelectric sales.
- \$1.2 million decrease in investment earnings due to higher allocation of earnings on deposited funds to Governmental Activities in 2024.



Expenses – decreased by \$1.0 million or 1.3% from \$73.2 million to \$72.2 million:

- A decrease of \$5.7 million in OPEB and pension expense according to updated actuarial estimates.
- A decrease of \$2.6 million in material, supplies and chemicals.
- A decrease of \$1.8 million in compensated absence expense, before restatement, as a result of GASB 101 implementation.
- A decrease of \$0.4 million in administrative expenses primarily driven by a decrease in bad debt expense and a reduction of capitalizable secondary labor and equipment costs
- An increase of \$3.9 million in consultant services due primarily to costs associated with the Accelerated Water Main Program (13.6 miles of water main was added in 2024) and costs for the ERP system, SAP.
- An increase of \$2.6 million in payroll and payroll related expenses consisting of a \$0.6 million increase in District OPEB and Pension contributions and a \$2.0 increase in payroll due primarily to wage increases.
- An increase of \$1.9 million in debt related expenses due to higher interest expense and bond issuance costs.
- An increase of \$1.1 million in soil testing primarily driven by contracts related to the North Hartford Pilot Program.



#### **Fund Financial Statement Analysis**

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The following is an analysis of the District's major governmental and proprietary funds. The financial statements of governmental funds show more detail than governmental activities in the government-wide statements, and focus on near-term inflows, outflows, and ending balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. The statements of proprietary funds show detail for each enterprise included in business-type activities, with the same focus used in government-wide reporting.

#### Governmental Funds

At of the end of 2024, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$74.6 million. Of this amount, \$(2.7) million is unassigned in the Clean Water Project Fund, \$31.8 million is restricted for Capital Projects, \$0.8 million is restricted for Debt Service, and the General Fund has a \$6.4 million Nonspendable and \$38.3 million Unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the wastewater (sewer) operating fund for the District. At the end of 2024, the General Fund total fund balance was \$44.7 million, of which \$38.3 million is Unassigned and spendable and \$6.4 million is Nonspendable inventory and prepaid assets. This represents a fund balance increase of \$0.7 million or 1.7% over the prior year.

The Debt Service Fund's restricted fund balance at the end of 2024 is \$0.8 million which is a \$0.7 million increase from the prior year.

The Clean Water Project Fund fund balance of \$(2.7) million decreased by \$50.5 million or 105.7% over the prior year due to a \$51.2 million increase in liabilities offset by a \$0.7 million decrease in assets. The liability increase was driven primarily by an increase in accounts payable related to the contingent liability described in Note 6.

The Capital Project Fund restricted fund balance of \$22.7 million represents unspent bonded funds for current and future projects, leaving an unassigned fund balance of \$9.1 million.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The total net position for the Water Utility and Hydroelectric Development funds Fund at the end of 2024 was \$314.7 million, a \$68.6 million or 27.9% increase over the prior year. This increase was driven by:

- \$84.5 million increase in assets
- \$21.0 million increase in net deferrals
- \$17.4 million increase due to Internal Service fund net position

#### Offset by a

• \$54.3 million increase in liabilities

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the 2024 budget year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$7.6 million. Total revenues and other financing sources were above budget by \$7.7 million or 7.5% and expenditures were \$0.1 million or 0.1% above budget.

The General Fund received \$9.9 million Contributions from Other Funds, specifically: \$1.6 million was transferred in from the Hydroelectric Development Plan, \$3.5 million was transferred in from the Capital Projects Fund, and \$4.8 was transferred in from the Internal Service Fund.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2024, the District had invested \$3.1 billion in capital assets, as summarized in the following table. This represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$205.8 million or 7.1%, from the prior year.

Governmental capital assets increased \$158.7 million, due to a \$192.6 million increase in Construction in Progress (CIP), this increase was offset by a \$15.3 million decrease in Infrastructure, a \$15.8 million decrease in Buildings and a \$2.8 million decrease in machinery and equipment.

Business-type capital assets increased \$47.1 million due to a \$51.6 million increase in infrastructure and \$1.1 million increase in Construction in Progress (CIP), these increases were offset by a \$4.3 million decrease in machinery and equipment and a \$1.3 million decrease in machinery and equipment.

# Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

		2024					2023						
				Business-						Business-			
	(	Governmental		Type				Governmental		Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total		Activities		Activities		Total	
Land	\$	14,487,430	\$	10,847,885	\$	25,335,315	\$	14,487,430	\$	10,847,885	\$	25,335,315	
Buildings		251,352,791		98,299,949		349,652,740		267,117,791		102,617,044		369,734,835	
Machinery and Equipment		50,294,143		36,404,807		86,698,950		53,128,754		37,712,714		90,841,468	
Infrastructure		904,357,078		461,825,004		1,366,182,082		919,678,182		410,214,238		1,329,892,420	
Construction in Progress		1,095,846,454		169,437,603		1,265,284,057		903,180,388		168,349,191		1,071,529,579	
Total	\$	2,316,337,896	\$	776,815,248	\$	3,093,153,144	\$	2,157,592,545	\$	729,741,072	\$	2,887,333,617	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3D on pages 50-53 of this report.

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### Long-Term Debt

At the end of 2024, the District had \$1.9 billion in outstanding debt driven primarily by \$1.1 billion in general obligation and revenue bonded debt. The general obligation bonds are backed by a full faith and credit pledge of the District's member towns and the revenue bonds are backed by a special sewer service surcharge (a.k.a. Clean Water Project Charge). An additional \$0.5 billion of Clean Water and Drinking Water loans and \$0.3 billion of other miscellaneous debt driven primarily by pension and OPEB net liability make up the balance of the outstanding debt.

#### Long-Term Outstanding Debt Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024						2023							
	(	Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total		Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total		
General Obligation/														
Revenue bonds	\$	746,699,243	\$	397,578,782	\$	1,144,278,025	\$	738,012,281	\$	353,806,993	\$	1,091,819,274		
Clean/Drinking Water Loans		442,720,205		61,931,979		504,652,184		427,319,411		54,165,354		481,484,765		
Compensated absences		7,172,000		8,762,617		15,934,617		4,391,540		5,358,387		9,749,927		
Claims and Judgments				7,417,323		7,417,323		-		6,694,214		6,694,214		
Net Pension Liability		32,361,493		43,315,535		75,677,028		37,514,264		49,841,372		87,355,636		
Net OPEB Liability		54,603,837		73,086,692		127,690,529		54,510,399	_	72,422,401		126,932,800		
Total	\$	1,283,556,778	\$	592,092,928	\$	1,875,649,706	\$	1,261,747,895	\$	542,288,721	\$	1,804,036,616		

In July of 2024 S&P Global Ratings affirmed its 'AA' rating on the MDC's outstanding and upcoming general obligation bonds as well as its rating on the MDC's outstanding clean water project revenue and revenue refunding bonds at 'AA' and while maintaining its stable outlook for all rated debt. Also in July of 2024 Moody's Investors Service maintained its 'Aa2' rating on MDC's outstanding and upcoming general obligation bonds as well as its rating on the MDC's outstanding clean water project revenue and revenue refunding bonds while maintaining its stable outlook for all rated debt.

The District Charter limits the amount of general obligation debt it may issue to 5.0% of the combined Grand List of its member towns. The current debt limitation for the District is \$1.6 billion of which the District has \$0.85 billion outstanding leaving an available balance of \$0.75 billion.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E on pages 54-61 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors**

- The District strives to minimize the increases in Ad Valorem taxes that it levies on its member municipalities by identifying structural efficiencies and pursuing cost reduction activities within its organization to minimize expenditures.
- Inflationary trends in the region have had a negative budgetary impact on General Fund expenditures, particularly in energy and supply expenditures.
- Water consumption has remained steady at approximately 18 million CCFs per year.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's 2025 year budget.

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, The Metropolitan District.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

	<u> </u>	Sovernmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	 Total
ASSETS					 
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	141,709,692	\$	143,522,040	\$ 285,231,732
Receivables, Net of Allowance					
for Uncollectibles		30,841,336		17,755,146	48,596,482
Internal Balances		4,400,182		(4,400,182)	-
Supplies		5,538,045		5,430,597	10,968,642
Other Assets		-		2,000,000	2,000,000
Prepaid Items		843,368		1,306,004	2,149,372
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable		1,110,333,884		180,285,488	1,290,619,372
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated					
Depreciation		1,206,004,012		596,529,760	 1,802,533,772
Total Assets		2,499,670,519		942,428,853	3,442,099,372
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows - Pension		12,473,561		16,695,736	29,169,297
Deferred Outflows - OPEB		2,563,799		3,431,620	5,995,419
Deferred Charge on Refunding		824,198		364,978	 1,189,176
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		15,861,558		20,492,334	 36,353,892
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Items		100,671,185		22,524,584	123,195,769
Customer Advances for Construction		2,069,116		1,509,039	3,578,155
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year		127,017,560		42,895,601	169,913,161
Due in More Than One Year		1,156,539,218		549,197,327	 1,705,736,545
Total Liabilities		1,386,297,079		616,126,551	2,002,423,630
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows - Pension		9,982,895		13,362,005	23,344,900
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		12,310,697		16,477,743	28,788,440
Deferred Charge on Refunding		3,805,542		2,242,110	6,047,652
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		26,099,134		32,081,858	58,180,992
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,059,734,668		332,526,794	1,392,261,462
Restricted for:					
Debt Service		784,196		-	784,196
Unrestricted		42,617,000		(17,814,016)	 24,802,984
Total Net Position	\$	1,103,135,864	\$	314,712,778	\$ 1,417,848,642

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net Revenue (Expense) and

Program Revenues					Changes in Net Position							
Functions/Programs	Charges for Grants and Grants and		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Government Operations Plants and Maintenance Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,825,761 27,073,673 43,345,066 26,928,528	\$ - \$ 87,000,930 4,752,578 	13,285,671 - 7,594,115 - 20,879,786	\$ - 23,926,160 - 23,926,160	\$ 7,459,910 59,927,257 (7,072,213) (26,928,528) 33,386,426	\$ - - -	\$ 7,459,910 59,927,257 (7,072,213) (26,928,528) 33,386,426					
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Water Hydroelectricity Total Business-Type	71,870,996 354,244	99,041,756 439,664		13,065,709	-	40,236,469 85,420	40,236,469					
Activities	72,225,240	99,481,420		13,065,709		40,321,889	40,321,889					
Total	\$ 175,398,268	\$ 191,234,928 \$	20,879,786	\$ 36,991,869	33,386,426	40,321,889	73,708,315					
	Miscellaneous Unrestricted Inv Transfers	IUES  · Member Municipalities  estment Earnings  eral Revenues and Transfers			53,076,600 - 7,144,069 - 790,178 - 61,010,847	2,911,592 5,430,922 (790,178) 7,552,336	53,076,600 2,911,592 12,574,991 - 68,563,183					
	CHANGES IN NE	POSITION			94,397,273	47,874,225	142,271,498					
	Net Position - Beg	nning, As Originally Reported			1,011,074,464	269,690,799	1,280,765,263					
	Restatement				(2,335,873)	(2,852,246)	(5,188,119)					
	Net Position - Beg	nning, As Restated			1,008,738,591	266,838,553	1,275,577,144					
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 1,103,135,864	\$ 314,712,778	\$ 1,417,848,642					

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General	Debt Service	Clean Water Project	Capital Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net of Allowance for	\$ 38,808,005	\$ 784,196	\$ 63,131,612	\$ 38,985,879	\$ 141,709,692	
Uncollectibles	8,278,911	-	17,327,533	5,234,892	30,841,336	
Supplies	5,538,045	-	-	-	5,538,045	
Prepaid Items	808,011		22,003	13,354	843,368	
Total Assets	\$ 53,432,972	\$ 784,196	\$ 80,481,148	\$ 44,234,125	\$ 178,932,441	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Items	\$ 2,508,977	\$ -	\$ 77,321,612	\$ 9,723,254	\$ 89,553,843	
Customer Advances for Construction	2,069,116				2,069,116	
Total Liabilities	4,578,093	-	77,321,612	9,723,254	91,622,959	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Special						
Assessments	90,604	-	-	1,971,961	2,062,565	
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer User Fees	4,076,863	-	5,736,062	-	9,812,925	
Unavailable Revenue - Grants			135,252	711,642	846,894	
Total Deferred Inflows of						
Resources	4,167,467	-	5,871,314	2,683,603	12,722,384	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	6,346,056	-	22,003	13,354	6,381,413	
Restricted	-	784,196	-	22,681,147	23,465,343	
Unassigned	38,341,356		(2,733,781)	9,132,767	44,740,342	
Total Fund Balances	44,687,412	784,196	(2,711,778)	31,827,268	74,587,098	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources.						
and Fund Balances	\$ 53,432,972	\$ 784,196	\$ 80,481,148	\$ 44,234,125	\$ 178,932,441	
and i und Dalances	Ψ 33,432,312	ψ 104,130	ψ 00,401,140	Ψ 44,204,120	Ψ 170,332,441	

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit III)	\$ 74,587,098
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental Capital Assets	2,851,999,945
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(535,662,049)
Net Capital Assets	2,316,337,896
The internal service fund is used by management to charge costs of risk management	
to individual funds. An allocation of the internal service fund is reported with	
governmental activities in the statement of net position.	4,400,182
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,	
therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:	
Sewer Assessment Receivables	2,062,565
Sewer Use Receivables	10,659,819
Deferred Outflows Related to Refunding	824,198
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	12,473,561
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	2,563,799
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds Payable	(683,525,825)
Premiums	(63,173,418)
Notes Payable	(442,720,205)
Interest Payable on Long-Term Debt	(11,117,342)
Compensated Absences	(7,172,000)
Net Pension Liability	(32,361,493)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	(9,982,895)
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	(12,310,697)
Deferred Inflows Related to Refunding	(3,805,542)
Net OPEB Liability	(54,603,837)
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement	
of Net Position (Exhibit I)	\$ 1,103,135,864
of Not 1 oblight (Exhibit 1)	ψ 1,100,100,004

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General	Debt Service	Clean Water Project	Capital Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxation - Member Municipalities	\$ 53,076,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,076,600
Assessments	-	-	-	2,500,603	2,500,603
User Fees	23,902,773	-	63,098,157	-	87,000,930
Intergovernmental Revenues	13,285,671	-	23,926,160	7,594,115	44,805,946
Investment Income	1,588,860	-	5,555,209	-	7,144,069
Other Local Revenues	2,126,591				2,126,591
Total Revenues	93,980,495	-	92,579,526	10,094,718	196,654,739
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	10,949,053	-	-	-	10,949,053
Operations	10,975,860	-	-	-	10,975,860
Plants and Maintenance Debt Service:	34,286,598	-	-	-	34,286,598
Principal Retirement	_	64,400,465	_	_	64,400,465
Interest	16,202	34,022,786	809,428	_	34,848,416
Capital Outlay	-	-	151,459,934	43,105,187	194,565,121
Total Expenditures	56,227,713	98,423,251	152,269,362	43,105,187	350,025,513
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	37,752,782	(98,423,251)	(59,689,836)	(33,010,469)	(153,370,774)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of Bonds	-	-	37,380,000	11,780,170	49,160,170
Premiums on Issuance of Bonds	-	1,676,838	2,620,000	747,470	5,044,308
Issuance of Refunding Bonds	-	8,883,913	-	-	8,883,913
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	(9,955,792)	-	-	(9,955,792)
Clean Water Fund Loans Issued	-	-	26,428,366	17,738,182	44,166,548
Transfers In	9,874,802	98,520,028	-	-	108,394,830
Transfers Out	(46,900,846)		(57,203,806)	(3,500,000)	(107,604,652)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(37,026,044)	99,124,987	9,224,560	26,765,822	98,089,325
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	726,738	701,736	(50,465,276)	(6,244,647)	(55,281,449)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	43,960,674	82,460	47,753,498	38,071,915	129,868,547
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 44,687,412	\$ 784,196	\$ (2,711,778)	\$ 31,827,268	\$ 74,587,098

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

#### **RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ (55,281,449)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital Outlays, Net Depreciation Expense	196,669,488 (36,923,157)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position. In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the	
cost of the capital assets sold.	(1,000,980)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(5,134,484)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Sewer Assessment Revenue	(143,255)
Sewer Use Revenue	268,639
Change in Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Change in Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	2,689,651 (1,132,172)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	
Proceeds from Clean Water Fund Loan Obligations	(44,166,548)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds	(49,160,170)
Premiums on Issuance of Bonds	(5,044,308)
Proceeds from Issuance of Refunding Bonds Bond Payments	(8,883,913) 45,584,527
Amortization of Bond Premium	8,816,902
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(356,254)
Clean Water Fund Loan Payments	28,765,754
Change in Accrued Interest	(534,784)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Change in Compensated Absences	(444,587)
Change in Net Pension Liability	5,152,771
Change in Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	(9,736,220)
Change in Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	24,485,260
Change in Net OPEB Liability	 (93,438)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement	
of Activities (Exhibit II)	\$ 94,397,273

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Major		Nonmajor		41145	Bu	siness-Type
		···ajo:		ydroelectric				Activities -
		Water		evelopment				ernal Service
		Utility	D	Project		Total	1110	Fund
ACCETO		Utility		Project		Total		Fund
ASSETS								
Current Assets:	_		_		_		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	123,968,012	\$	1,866,542	\$	125,834,554	\$	17,687,486
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance								
for Uncollectibles		17,615,459		82,807		17,698,266		56,880
Supplies		5,187,881		242,716		5,430,597		-
Other Assets		2,000,000		-		2,000,000		-
Prepaid Items		1,306,004		_		1,306,004		_
Total Current Assets		150,077,356		2,192,065		152,269,421		17,744,366
Total Gallon Addition		100,011,000		2,102,000		102,200,121		17,7 11,000
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable		179,997,584		287,904		180,285,488		_
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		592,521,581		4,008,179		596,529,760		_
Total Noncurrent Assets		772,519,165		4,296,083		776,815,248		
rotal Noncurrent Assets		112,519,105		4,290,063		110,010,240		
Total Assets		922,596,521		6,488,148		929,084,669		17,744,366
Total Assets		922,390,321		0,400,140		929,004,009		17,744,300
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Outflows - Pension		16 605 726				16 605 726		
		16,695,736		-		16,695,736		-
Deferred Outflows - OPEB		3,431,620		-		3,431,620		-
Deferred Charge on Refunding		364,978				364,978		<u> </u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		20,492,334		-		20,492,334		-
LIABULTIES								
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		22,248,975		55,660		22,304,635		219,949
Customer Advances for Construction		1,509,039		-		1,509,039		-
Current Portion of Claims Incurred but Not Reported		-		-		-		1,166,868
Compensated Absences		3,257,989		-		3,257,989		-
Current Portion of Bonds and Loans Payable		38,470,744		_		38,470,744		_
Total Current Liabilities		65,486,747		55,660		65,542,407		1,386,817
Total Galletti Elabilitio		00, 100,1 11		00,000		00,012,101		.,000,0
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences		5,504,628		_		5,504,628		_
Bonds and Loans Payable After One Year		421,040,017		_		421,040,017		_
Claims Incurred but Not Reported		121,010,011		_		121,010,011		6,250,455
·		40 04E E0E		_		40 04E E0E		0,230,433
Net Pension Liability		43,315,535		-		43,315,535		-
Net OPEB Liability		73,086,692				73,086,692		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		542,946,872				542,946,872		6,250,455
Total Liabilities		608,433,619		55,660		608,489,279		7,637,272
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows - Pension		13,362,005		-		13,362,005		-
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		16,477,743		-		16,477,743		-
Deferred Charge on Refunding		2,242,110		-		2,242,110		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		32,081,858		-		32,081,858		-
								•
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		328,230,711		4,296,083		332,526,794		-
Unrestricted		(25,657,333)	_	2,136,405	_	(23,520,928)		10,107,094
Total Net Position	\$	302,573,378	\$	6,432,488		309,005,866	\$	10,107,094
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal						F 700 040		
Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds					_	5,706,912		
Net Position of Business-Type Activities					\$	314,712,778		

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Major		Nonmajor	•		Bu	siness-Type
			Ну	/droelectric				Activities
		Water	De	evelopment			Inte	ernal Service
		Utility		Project		Total		Fund
OPERATING REVENUES								
Water Sales	\$	90,399,295	\$	-	\$	90,399,295	\$	-
Energy Sales		-		439,664		439,664		-
Operating Contributions		-		-		-		9,455,774
Other Operating		8,642,461		_		8,642,461		-
Total Operating Revenues		99,041,756		439,664		99,481,420		9,455,774
OPERATING EXPENSES								
General Government		11,409,197		-		11,409,197		-
Operations		17,250,752		_		17,250,752		14,817,140
Plants and Maintenance		18,684,441		_		18,684,441		-
Employee Benefits and Other		(8,041,025)		_		(8,041,025)		_
Source of Supply		-		221,312		221,312		_
Depreciation Expense		20,406,527		132,932		20,539,459		_
Total Operating Expenses		59,709,892		354,244		60,064,136		14,817,140
rotal operating Expenses		00,100,000		00.,2		00,000.,.00		, ,
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		39,331,864		85,420		39,417,284		(5,361,366)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment Income		5,430,922		-		5,430,922		-
Miscellaneous Revenue		2,911,592		-		2,911,592		-
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets		(209,949)		-		(209,949)		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(11,724,273)		-		(11,724,273)		-
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(3,591,708)				(3,591,708)		-
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS,								
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS, AND TRANSFERS		35,740,156		85,420		35,825,576		(5,361,366)
Capital Grants		6,702,091		-		6,702,091		-
Capital Contributions		6,363,618		-		6,363,618		-
Transfers In		6,705,544		-		6,705,544		-
Transfers Out				(1,554,000)		(1,554,000)		(5,941,722)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		55,511,409		(1,468,580)		54,042,829		(11,303,088)
Net Position - Beginning, As Originally Reported		249,914,215		7,901,068		-		21,410,182
Restatement		(2,852,246)						
Net Position - Beginning, As Restated		247,061,969		7,901,068		_		21,410,182
<b>5</b>	_		_				_	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	302,573,378	\$	6,432,488		-	\$	10,107,094
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds						(6,168,604)		
Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities					\$	47,874,225		

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Business-Ty	e Funds					
		Major		Nonmajor			Вι	ısiness-Type
			H	ydroelectric				Activities -
		Water	D	evelopment				Internal
		Utility		Project		Total	S	ervice Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from Customers, Users, and Others	\$	98,332,781	\$	398,788	\$	98,731,569	\$	8,037,726
Payments to Suppliers	(	(43,963,979)		(201,646)		(44,165,625)		(13,936,014)
Payments to Employees	(	(18,861,567)		-		(18,861,567)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating								
Activities		35,507,235		197,142		35,704,377		(5,898,288)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Payments for Interfund Services Provided		-		(1,554,000)		(1,554,000)		(5,941,722)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of Capital Assets - Utility Plant	(	(57,498,556)		(59,208)		(57,557,764)		-
Proceeds from Bonds		77,815,917		-		77,815,917		-
Proceeds from Bond Premiums		6,175,260		-		6,175,260		-
Proceeds from Drinking Water Loans		11,747,245		-		11,747,245		-
Proceeds from Capital Grant		6,702,091		-		6,702,091		-
Principal Payments on Bonds	(	(35,000,473)		-		(35,000,473)		-
Principal Payments on Drinking Water Loans		(3,980,620)		-		(3,980,620)		-
Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes	(	(16,248,580)		-		(16,248,580)		-
Proceeds from General Fund		6,705,544		-		6,705,544		-
Proceeds on Sale of Assets		56,906		<u> </u>		56,906		<u>-</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and								
Related Financing Activities		(3,525,266)		(59,208)		(3,584,474)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest on Investments		5,430,922		<u>-</u>		5,430,922		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		37,412,891		(1,416,066)		35,996,825		(11,840,010)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		86,555,121		3,282,608		89,837,729		29,527,496
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1	23,968,012	\$	1,866,542	\$	125,834,554	\$	17,687,486

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Business-Ty	e Funds					
		Major		Nonmajor			Bu	siness-Type
		Water Utility		ydroelectric evelopment Project	Total		,	Activities - Internal ervice Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)				-		,		
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	39,331,864	\$	85,420	\$	39,417,284	\$	(5,361,366)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)								
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		20,406,527		132,932		20,539,459		-
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		2,911,592		-		2,911,592		-
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of								
Resources, and Liabilities:								
(Increase) Decrease in:								
Accounts Receivable		(847,355)		(40,876)		(888,231)		(56,880)
Supplies		(403,559)		-		(403,559)		-
Prepaid Items		(174,057)		-		(174,057)		-
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related								
to Pensions		(3,696,854)		-		(3,696,854)		-
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related								
to OPEB		1,478,840		-		1,478,840		-
Increase (Decrease) in:								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		1,046,435		19,666		1,066,101		158,017
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		(1,361,168)
Customer Advances for Construction		138,380		-		138,380		-
Compensated Absences		551,984		-		551,984		-
Net OPEB Liability		664,291		-		664,291		-
Net Pension Liability		(6,525,837)		-		(6,525,837)		-
Claims Payable		-		-		-		723,109
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related								
to Pensions		13,034,272		-		13,034,272		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related								
to OPEB		(32,409,288)				(32,409,288)		
Total Adjustments		(3,824,629)		111,722		(3,712,907)		(536,922)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating	_		_		_		_	<i>,</i>
Activities	\$	35,507,235	\$	197,142	\$	35,704,377	\$	(5,898,288)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING								
ACTIVITIES	Φ.	0.050.400	Φ.		•	0.050.400	Φ.	
Purchase of Capital Assets on Account	\$	3,959,108	\$		\$	3,959,108	\$	
Capital Assets Contributed by Developers	\$	6,363,618	\$		\$	6,363,618	\$	

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Pension and Other Employee
	Benefit
	Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,258,041
Accounts Receivable	277,192
Investments, at Fair Value:	
Mutual Funds	135,018,812
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	19,471,472
Commingled Collective Trusts	95,885,872
Real Estate	28,355,709
Total Assets	281,267,098
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pension Benefits	267,671,801
Restricted for OPEB Benefits	13,595,297
Total Net Position	\$ 281,267,098

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Pension and Other Employee
	Benefit
	Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 17,545,123
Plan Members	2,881,763
Total Contributions	20,426,886
Investment Income:	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	32,227,422
Interest and Dividends	3,236,558
Total Investment Income	35,463,980
Less Investment Expenses:	
Investment Management Fees	1,313,724
Net Investment Income	34,150,256
Total Additions	54,577,142
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefits	31,152,701
Administrative Expense	167,283_
Total Deductions	31,319,984
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	23,257,158
Net Position - Beginning of Year	258,009,940
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 281,267,098

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. General

The Metropolitan District (the District) was empowered in 1929 by the General Assembly of Connecticut. The District provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: design, construction and maintenance of sewage, hydroelectric and water systems and plants, stream and watercourse controls, the sale and delivery of water and hydroelectric power, and resources recovery.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that the reporting entity include the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations which by the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component units as detailed below.

#### **Fiduciary Component Units**

The Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plans were established to provide retirement benefits and postretirement health care benefits primarily to employees and their beneficiaries.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and are reported as Pension and OPEB Trust Funds in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component units.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the requirements of statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District's primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or benefit directly from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, including fiduciary component units, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Sewer taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues, including sewer assessments, to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period.

Taxes on member municipalities, sewer assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

# <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Debt Service**

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

#### Clean Water Project Fund

The Clean Water Project Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the Clean Water Project. The appropriations for the cost of the Clean Water Project were approved by referendum votes which were held on November 7, 2006 and November 6, 2012. The first phase of the Clean Water Project features projects to control inflow and infiltration, sewer separation projects, projects to increase interceptors, and upgrades to the two treatment plants. The second phase of the Clean Water Project features wet weather capacity improvements at the District's treatment plants and construction of a large storage and conveyance tunnel in the south of the District to hold wastewater for ultimate release and treatment at the Hartford water pollution control facility.

#### Integrated Planning

The Clean Water Project, has evolved through multiple Long-Term Control Plan (LTCP) updates to incorporate a more flexible and affordable Integrated Plan approach, extending the timeline to at least 40 years. This Integrated Plan, launched under a new consent order in 2022, aligns capital improvements with regulatory compliance, replaces the North Tunnel with modified solutions, and balances capital and the District maintenance priorities while continuing to utilize the Clean Water Project Charge for funding.

#### **Capital Project Fund**

The Capital Project Fund is used for projects of greater than one year's duration. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds and current tax revenues.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

#### **Water Utility Fund**

The Water Utility Fund is the District's fund used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

#### Internal Service Fund

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the District's self-insurance program for property casualty, workers compensation, and health insurance coverage of employees as well as natural disaster and liability claims for the District.

#### Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds are used to account for the activities of the District's defined benefit plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees, and to account for the activities of the District's postemployment welfare benefits (including retiree medical, dental, and life insurance benefits) to the current and former eligible employees of the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

#### Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds (Continued)

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned, then unassigned.

#### C. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts, (including the State Treasurer's sponsored pooled investment, STIF) and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### D. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

#### E. Supplies and Prepaid Items

All supplies are valued at cost. Supplies in the governmental and enterprise funds is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are presented net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **G.** Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of leave that has not been used that is attributable to services already rendered, accumulates and is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The liability also includes amounts for leave that have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets such as water and sewer mains, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recognized at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their lives are expensed currently.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 50 to 75 Years Machinery and Equipment 6 to 20 Years Infrastructure 50 to 150 Years

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources expenditure until then. The District reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and statement of net position - proprietary funds. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs, contributions made to the plan after the measurement date, and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees) except for differences between projected and actual earnings which is over a closed five-year period. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

#### J. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. The District reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and statement of net position - proprietary funds. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees) except for differences between projected and actual earnings which is over a closed five-year period. The District reports unavailable revenue for governmental funds which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts, and losses on bond refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and unamortized losses on bond refundings. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### L. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

#### M. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### N. Fund Balance

The classifications of fund balances are described as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance – This balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (District Board). Amounts remain committed until action is taken by the District Board (resolution) to remove or revise the limitations.

Assigned Fund Balance – This balance includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the District Board that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This balance represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in the component of net position.

Restricted Net Position – Is reported when there are limitations imposed on use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grants, laws or regulations of other governments.

*Unrestricted Net Position* – Is the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

During the last quarter of the year, the ensuing year's proposed operating budget, including proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them, is compiled by the Finance Department based upon estimates submitted by the various departments.

The proposed operating budget is then published in line-item format in one or more local newspapers servicing the District for a period of three consecutive days, excluding holidays and Sundays. Prior to January 1 of the new year, the published budget is submitted to the District Board for acceptance and adoption.

Annual operating budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund and the Water Utility Enterprise Fund. A fund budget was adopted for the Hydroelectric Development Project. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for these funds. The unencumbered balance of appropriations in the General Fund lapses at year-end. Except for encumbrance accounting, the General Fund budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis. Budgetary and actual data in this report have been presented on a budgetary basis. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP, the reconciliation of resultant basis, timing and perspective differences appear at the bottom of the actual vs. budget schedule. The legal level of budgetary control is at the functional level. Any revisions that alter total appropriations at the level of control must have the prior approval of the Board of Finance and the District Board. The amendments were made in the legally permissible manner described above. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, there were no supplemental budgetary appropriations.

Budgetary integration is employed on a continuing (project length) basis for Capital Projects Funds, in which appropriations do not lapse at year-end, but rather at the completion of the construction relating to a specific improvement project. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the Debt Service Fund because budgetary control is alternatively achieved through the capital budgeting processes for both CIP (general obligation) and the Clean Water Project.

#### NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgetary Information (Continued)**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). STIF is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. The investment pool is under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and is regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

#### 1. Deposits

#### Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposit will not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its principal place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$16,268,018 of the District's bank balance of \$16,768,018 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 14,591,216
Uninsured and Collateral Held by the Pledging	
Bank's Trust Department, Not in the	
Name	1,676,802
Total Amount Subject to Custodial	
Credit Risk	\$ 16,268,018

#### 2. Cash Equivalents

At December 31, 2024, the District's cash equivalents amounted to \$273,629,190. The following table provides a summary of the District's cash equivalents as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pool has maturities of less than one year.

	Standard
	and Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAA
U.S. Bank	*
Wilmington Trust	*
ř	

<sup>\*</sup> Not Rated

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

#### 3. Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2024:

	December 31,	Fair V	alue Measurements	Using
	2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments at Fair Value Level:				
Mutual Funds Guaranteed Investment	\$ 135,018,812	\$ 135,018,812	\$ -	\$ -
Contracts	19,471,472		19,471,472	
Total Investments at Fair Value Level	154,490,284	\$ 135,018,812	\$ 19,471,472	\$ -
	, ,			
Investments Measured at				
Net Asset Value (NAV):				
Commingled Collective				
Trusts	95,885,872			
Timberland Investments	10,957,740			
Cornerstone Real Estate	12,620			
Madison Realty	6,409,044			
Intercontinental U.S. REIF	10,976,305			
Total Investments				
Measured at NAV	124,241,581			
Total Investments	, ,			
Measured at				
Fair Value	\$ 278,731,865			

The above investments have no rating or maturity.

Mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Guaranteed investment contracts classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

#### 3. Investments (Continued)

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table:

		Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Commingled Collective Trusts	\$	95,885,872	\$ -	Up to Monthly	Up to 10 Days
Timberland Investments		10,957,740	549,776	Hold to Maturity	Hold to Maturity (15 to 18 Years Total)
Cornerstone Real Estate		12,620	1,336,013	Hold to Maturity	Hold to Maturity (7 to 9 Years Total)
Madison Realty		6,409,044	1,192,547	Hold to Maturity	Hold to Maturity (6 to 9 Years Total)
Intercontinental U.S. REIF Total Investments	_	10,976,305	-	Quarterly	30-60 days
Measured at NAV	\$	124,241,581			

Fixed Income Commingled Funds: The Conning-Goodwin Capital Core Plus Bond CIF invests mostly investment grade corporate bonds and agency MBS. The fund has an average maturity of 8.1 years and average duration of 6.1 years, as of December 31, 2024. This fund does not have a commitment period.

Equity Commingled Funds: Wellington Research Equity and Small Cap 2000 funds are invested in U.S. publicly traded stocks. Research Equity invests in large capitalization companies, while Small Cap 2000 invests in a broad swath of small capitalization companies. Rhumbline S&P 400 Pooled Index mirrors the S&P 400 Index, which are mid-capitalization U.S. publicly traded stocks. Lazard and Johnston are invested in international developed markets stocks. All the above have no commitment period.

Real Estate Funds: The Intercontinental U.S. REIF is an open-ended real estate fund that invests in mostly office, industrial and multifamily properties situated primarily in the Western and Eastern U.S., but also with representation in the South and Mid-West. Since the fund is open-ended, there is no commitment period. Cornerstone is a closed-end private REIT with a value-add strategy. Investments are in multifamily, industrial, office, and retail. Madison Realty operates closed-end real estate debt funds that focus on commercial real estate loans in the Eastern U.S. Both Fund III and Fund V have initial terms of six years, with the option to extend each by up to three additional years upon Advisory Committee approval.

*Timberland Funds:* FIA is a closed-end fund that invests in forestland in the Pacific Northwest, the South, and the East U.S. Income is produced through timber sales. This fund must be held to maturity, which could be about 15 years.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

#### 3. Investments (Continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. To the extent possible, the District attempts to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

#### Credit Risk – Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of the District. The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The District has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the District's total investments.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the District or that sells investments to or buys them for the District), the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2024, the District did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the District's name.

The following represents the investments in the Plan that represents more than 5% of the Plan's net position as of December 31, 2024:

	Amount
Pension Fund:	_
Aetna Guaranteed Investment Contracts -	
Fixed Income	\$ 14,209,971
RhumbLine Mid-Cap Index Fund Pooled Trust	30,908,516
Hardman Johnston International Equity	
Group Trust	37,858,720
Conning Goodwin Capital Core Plus	27,118,636

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the District's individual major funds, nonmajor business-type activities, internal service fund, and trust funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible amounts, are as follows:

	General	Clean Water Project	Capital Projects Funds	Water Utility	Hydroelectric Development Project	Trust Funds	Total
Sewer Use Charges	\$ 14,132,650	\$ 11,259,220	\$ -	\$ 4,507,286	\$ 82,807	\$ -	\$ 29,981,963
Customers and							
Employees	21,592,522	329,881	-	12,338,670	-	-	34,261,073
Assessments	89,949	-	1,713,228	837,401	-	-	2,640,578
Accrued Interest	655	-	279,444	143,425	-	-	423,524
Intergovernmental	-	7,335,275	3,242,220	1,633,215	-	-	12,210,710
Other	1,253,880	-	-	-	-	277,192	1,587,952
Gross Receivables	37,069,656	18,924,376	5,234,892	19,459,997	82,807	277,192	81,105,800
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles Net Total	28,790,745	1,596,843		1,844,538			32,232,126
Receivables	\$ 8,278,911	\$ 17,327,533	\$ 5,234,892	\$ 17,615,459	\$ 82,807	\$ 277,192	\$ 48,873,674

#### C. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are generally used to supplement revenues of other funds. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024, were as follows:

			Transfers In			Total
	General Deb		Debt Service	Water		Transfers
		Fund	Fund		Fund	Out
Transfers Out:						
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 41,316,222	\$	5,584,624	\$ 46,900,846
Clean Water Fund		-	57,203,806		-	57,203,806
Hydroelectric Development Plan		1,554,000	-		-	1,554,000
Internal Service Fund		4,820,802	-		1,120,920	5,941,722
Capital Projects Fund		3,500,000			-	 3,500,000
Total Transfers In	\$	9,874,802	\$ 98,520,028	\$	6,705,544	\$ 115,100,374

# NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:  Land	\$ 14,487,430	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,487,430
Construction in Progress	903,180,388	195,018,002	2,351,936	1,095,846,454
Total Capital Assets Not Being	300,100,000	100,010,002	2,001,000	1,000,040,404
Depreciated	917,667,818	195,018,002	2,351,936	1,110,333,884
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	496,464,569	-	30,477	496,434,092
Machinery and Equipment	85,772,551	2,371,379	1,999,113	86,144,817
Infrastructure	1,158,432,130	1,632,043	977,021	1,159,087,152
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,740,669,250	4,003,422	3,006,611	1 711 666 061
Depreciated	1,740,009,250	4,003,422	3,006,611	1,741,666,061
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	229,346,778	15,750,238	15,715	245,081,301
Machinery and Equipment	32,643,797	5,180,207	1,973,330	35,850,674
Infrastructure	238,753,948	15,992,712	16,586	254,730,074
Total Accumulated Depreciation	500,744,523	36,923,157	2,005,631	535,662,049
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	1,239,924,727	(32,919,735)	1,000,980	1,206,004,012
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,157,592,545	\$ 162,098,267	\$ 3,352,916	\$ 2,316,337,896
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:		Increases	Decreases	•
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	Balance			Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:  Land	Balance \$ 10,847,885	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,847,885
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	Balance			Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191	\$ - 62,944,612	\$ - 61,856,200	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	Balance \$ 10,847,885	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,847,885
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated:	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076	\$ - 62,944,612	\$ - 61,856,200	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908 66,792,078	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239 886,813,672
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395 821,382,012	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908 66,792,078 4,317,095	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064 1,360,418	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239 886,813,672 81,285,320
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908 66,792,078	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239 886,813,672
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395 821,382,012 76,968,225 18,380,634	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908 66,792,078 4,317,095 3,749,242	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064 1,360,418	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239 886,813,672 81,285,320 21,252,357
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395 821,382,012 76,968,225 18,380,634 175,489,157	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908 66,792,078 4,317,095 3,749,242 12,473,122	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064 1,360,418 - 877,519 216,044	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239 886,813,672 81,285,320 21,252,357 187,746,235
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395 821,382,012 76,968,225 18,380,634 175,489,157	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908 66,792,078 4,317,095 3,749,242 12,473,122	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064 1,360,418 - 877,519 216,044	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239 886,813,672 81,285,320 21,252,357 187,746,235
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395 821,382,012 76,968,225 18,380,634 175,489,157 270,838,016	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908 66,792,078 4,317,095 3,749,242 12,473,122 20,539,459	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064 1,360,418 - 877,519 216,044 1,093,563	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239 886,813,672 81,285,320 21,252,357 187,746,235 290,283,912
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated  Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated  Louis Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation  Total Capital Assets Being	\$ 10,847,885 168,349,191 179,197,076 179,585,269 56,093,348 585,703,395 821,382,012 76,968,225 18,380,634 175,489,157 270,838,016	\$ - 62,944,612 62,944,612 - 2,468,170 64,323,908 66,792,078 4,317,095 3,749,242 12,473,122 20,539,459	\$ - 61,856,200 61,856,200 61,856,200 - 904,354 456,064 1,360,418 - 877,519 216,044 1,093,563	\$ 10,847,885 169,437,603 180,285,488 179,585,269 57,657,164 649,571,239 886,813,672 81,285,320 21,252,357 187,746,235 290,283,912

# NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 2,267,288
Operations	12,681,964
Plant and Maintenance	21,973,905
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 36,923,157
Business-Type Activities:	\$ 20,406,527
Hydroelectricity	 132,932
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 20,539,459

# NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## D. Capital Assets (Continued)

#### **Construction Commitments**

The District has active construction projects as of December 31, 2024. At year-end, the District's commitments with contractors for governmental activities are as follows:

	Remaining
Project Name	Commitment
2015 Hartford WPCF DAFT 1&2 (SPB Solids)	\$ 81,630
2018 WPC Plant Infrastructure Renewal and Replacement	409,108
2018 General Purpose Sewer	98,892
2019 WPC Infrastructure, Rehabilitation, Upgrades and Replacements	168,241
2020 Levee Protection System, East Hartford and Hartford	82,927
2020 Hartford Sewershed Large Diameter Sewer	175,266
2020 Various Sewer Pipe Replacements & Rehabilitation	90,110
2021 East Hartford WPCF - Aeration, DO Control & SCADA Upgrades	535,075
2022 Easement Sewer Lining Program - Phase 1	406,053
2022 Hartford Hospital Area Water Main Replacement – Sewer Work	179,972
2022 Brookside Rd Sanitary Pump Station Replacement	1,410,502
Facilities and Equipment Improvements	312,071
2023 General Purpose Sewer	1,212,578
Various Small Pump Station Rehab	140,678
WPC Facilities Infrastructure Rehab	2,435,706
2023 Hartford Water Pollution Control Facility Secondary Electric Upgrades	1,562,959
Rocky Hill WPC Facility Pre & Elec. Upgr	12,613,680
General Purpose Sewer	91,957
HWPCF - CEMS Room/Incinerator Upgrades	4,140,484
FY24 - Paving Program	988,796
2015 SHCST - Clean Water II	409,126
2015 SHCST Construction - Clean Water II	2,660,399
2015 SHCST Pump Station - Clean Water II	40,833,439
West Hartford SSES	30,474,203
2023 Various Sewer Pipe Replacements/Rehabilitation	244,227
2023 Large Diameter Sewer Rehabilitation	4,496,721
SLR - N Branch Park River Drainage Area	610,267
SLR - Gully Brook Drainage Area	20,373,770
SLR - N Meadows Drainage Area (NM 5/6/7)	11,352,599
2023 Sewer and Lateral Rehabilitation in North Meadows Drainage Area (NM2/3/4)	355,016
2023 Expedited Sewer Separation in North Hartford	10,211,048
2023 Backwater Valve Program and Private Property Inflow Disconnections in North Hartford	724,766
Lateral Rpr/Replace/Rehab- District Wide	86,368
Various Sewer Pipe Replacement & Rehabs.	775,198
North Hartford Expedited Separation Program	706,031
2009 Pierson Ln Swr	184,103
2017 Assessable Sewer Prog	400,000
2024 Assessable Sewer Program	87,719
Total	\$ 152,121,685
	÷ .52,121,000

## NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# D. Capital Assets (Continued)

#### **Construction Commitments (Continued)**

The District's commitments with contractors for construction in process for business-type activities are as follows:

	Remaining	
Project Name	Commitment	
2014 Orchard Street Water Pump Station, Glastonbury	\$	544,909
2015 Water Supply Improvements		800,315
2018 Buckingham Street Area Water Main Replacement		737,642
Webster Hill Area Water Main Replacement WH		127,867
2021 Wickham Hill Area Water Main Replacement		961,680
2022 Farmington 11 / Sisson Ave. Area Main Replacement Water Work		4,785,086
2022 Capitol Ave. Area Water Main Replacement		895,665
2022 Hartford Hospital Area Water Main Replacement		693,530
Facilities and Equipment Improvements		324,809
2023 General Purpose Water		118,664
WTP Infrastructure Rehabilitation		3,707,790
2023 East Hartford Water Main Replacements		1,974,013
2023 District-Wide Water Main Replacement		296,804
Farmington 11/Sisson Ave WMRs		2,253,109
Districtwide - Water Main Replacement Program		3,066,115
Hartford - Water Main Replacement Program		3,208,780
Water Supply Infrastructure Rehab. & Replacements		1,215,000
FY23 - Advanced Meter Read Program		90,836
FY24 - Paving Program		1,286,085
Total	\$	27,088,699

The commitments are being financed with general obligation bonds and state and federal grants.

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-Term Debt

#### Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	_	_		_			_	_	_	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	374,311,269	\$	20,664,083	\$	32,729,527	\$	362,245,825	\$	23,861,808
Revenue Bonds	·	296,755,000	•	37.380.000		12.855.000	•	321,280,000	·	14,250,000
Premiums		66.946.012		5.044.308		8.816.902		63,173,418		-
Total Bonds Payable	_	738,012,281		63,088,391		54,401,429		746,699,243		38,111,808
Clean Water Fund Loans		427,319,411		44,166,548		28,765,754		442,720,205		86,355,773
Compensated Absences *		6,727,413		444,587		-		7,172,000		2,549,979
Net Pension Liability		37,514,264		· -		5,152,771		32,361,493		-
Net OPEB Liability		54,510,399		93,438		· · ·		54,603,837		-
Total Governmental							_			
Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	1,264,083,768	\$	107,792,964	\$	88,319,954	\$	1,283,556,778	\$	127,017,560
	_		_				_			
Business-Type Activities:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	316,613,731	\$	77,815,917	\$	35,000,473	\$	359,429,175	\$	23,568,192
Premiums	Ψ	37,193,262	Ψ	6,175,260	Ψ	5,218,915	Ψ	38,149,607	Ψ	20,000,102
Total Bonds Payable		353,806,993		83,991,177		40,219,388	_	397,578,782		23,568,192
Drinking Water Fund Loans		54,165,354		11,747,245		3,980,620		61,931,979		14,902,552
Compensated Absences *		8.210.634		551.983		0,000,020		8.762.617		3,257,989
Claims and Judgments		6,694,214		20.758.860		20.035.751		7,417,323		1,166,868
Net Pension Liability		49,841,372		20,700,000		6,525,837		43,315,535		1,100,000
Net OPEB Liability		72,422,401		664.291		0,020,007		73,086,692		_
Total Business-Type		72,422,401		004,231			_	70,000,032		
Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	545,140,968	\$	117,713,556	\$	70,761,596	\$	592,092,928	\$	42,895,601
	<u> </u>	3 .5, . 10,000	<u> </u>	, . 10,000	<u> </u>	. 0,. 01,000	<u></u>	332,332,020		.2,000,001

<sup>\*</sup> As Restated

For the governmental activities, pension liability, OPEB liability, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the District for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on member towns and other operating revenues. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental Activities	Various	\$ 362,245,825
Business-Type Activities	Various	359,429,175
Total		\$ 721,675,000

# NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

# E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

**General Obligation Bonds (Continued)** 

	Governr	nental Activities			
					Principal
	Date of	Original	Interest	Date of	Outstanding
Description	Issue	Amount	Rate	Maturity	12/31/2024
2015 GO Series A Sewer	3/19/2015	33,973,310	2.85	2035	\$ 18,732,662
2015 GO Series B Sewer	11/3/2015	5,097,470	2.66	2035	2,802,800
2016 GO Series A Sewer	2/18/2016	17,431,020	2.30	2036	10,461,000
2016 Refunding B Sewer	4/28/2016	18,301,300	1.64	2028	5,792,840
2016 GO Series C Sewer	12/1/2016	67,900,630	3.86	2034	39,949,000
2018 GO Series A Sewer	7/31/2018	62,591,950	3.31	2038	43,814,930
2019 GO Series A Sewer	8/8/2019	38,395,250	2.55	2039	28,795,100
2019 Refunding B Sewer	8/8/2019	26,533,410	2.05	2035	18,197,310
2019 Refunding C Sewer	8/8/2019	32,070,000	2.74	2040	26,985,000
2021 GO Series A Sewer	8/31/2021	74,356,690	2.00	2041	66,858,540
2021 Refunding B Sewer	8/31/2021	6,183,180	1.24	2033	4,703,900
2022 GO Series A Sewer	8/30/2022	43,118,950	5.00	2042	40,292,120
2023 GO Series A Sewer	8/10/2023	35,306,400	3.39	2043	34,196,540
2024 GO Series A Sewer	8/22/2024	11,780,170	3.39	2044	11,780,170
2024 Refunding B Sewer	8/22/2024	8,883,913	2.52	2034	8,883,913
Total General					
Obligation Bonds					362,245,825
2020 Revenue Refunding A Sewer	8/25/2020	55,010,000	2.48	2045	41,150,000
2020 Revenue Refunding B Sewer	8/25/2020	76,065,000	2.37	2039	71,910,000
2021 Revenue Bond B Sewer	11/3/2021	66,030,000	1.55	2041	51,795,000
2021 Revenue Refunding B Sewer	11/3/2021	135,410,000	2.61	2042	119,045,000
2024 Revenue Bonds A Sewer	10/8/2024	37,380,000	3.35	2044	37,380,000
Total Revenue Bonds					321,280,000
Total					\$ 683,525,825

	Business	s-Type Activities			
					Principal
	Date of	Original	Interest	Date of	Outstanding
Description	Issue	Amount	Rate	Maturity	12/31/2023
2015 GO Series A Water	3/19/2015	32,766,691	2.85	2035	\$ 18,067,339
2015 GO Series B Water	11/3/2015	31,117,530	2.66	2035	17,107,200
2016 GO Series A Water	2/18/2016	15,593,980	2.30	2036	9,339,000
2016 Refunding B Water	4/28/2016	29,733,700	1.64	2028	9,412,160
2016 GO Series C Water	12/1/2016	40,414,370	3.86	2034	23,751,000
2018 GO Series A Water	7/31/2018	48,178,050	3.31	2038	33,725,069
2019 GO Series A Water	8/8/2019	38,104,750	2.55	2039	28,579,900
2019 Refunding B Water	8/8/2019	22,771,590	2.05	2035	15,617,690
2021 GO Series A Water	8/31/2021	56,453,310	2.00	2041	50,761,460
2021 Refunding B Water	8/31/2021	9,051,820	1.24	2033	6,886,100
2022 GO Series A Water	8/30/2022	31,261,050	5.00	2042	29,212,880
2023 GO Series A Water	8/10/2023	40,423,600	3.39	2043	39,153,460
2024 GO Series A Water	8/22/2024	65,404,830	3.39	2044	65,404,830
2024 Refunding B Water	8/22/2024	12,411,087	2.52	2034	12,411,087
Total					\$ 359,429,175

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 23,861,808	\$ 16,152,204	\$ 23,568,192	\$ 15,567,248
2026	24,152,480	15,083,922	23,707,520	14,656,078
2027	24,433,303	13,976,834	23,986,697	13,579,391
2028	24,744,086	12,856,843	24,270,914	12,537,832
2029	23,757,439	11,738,825	22,377,561	11,491,044
2030-2034	119,185,352	42,245,651	112,614,648	42,234,065
2035-2039	86,010,267	18,400,237	80,889,733	19,949,644
2040-2044	36,101,090	3,206,351	48,013,910	5,050,949
Total	\$ 362,245,825	\$ 133,660,867	\$ 359,429,175	\$ 135,066,251

#### Authorized but Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at December 31, 2024, is \$705,717,171. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

#### **Unspent Bond Proceeds**

As of December 31, 2024, the District reported unspent bond proceeds of \$21,182,733 and \$32,926,988 in governmental and business-type activities, respectively. These amounts were included as a component of net investment in capital assets in the statement of net position.

#### Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are special obligations of the District and are issued pursuant to the District's Charter and Chapter 103 of the Connecticut General Statutes as amended, the Special Obligation Indenture of Trust by and between the District and U.S. Bank National Association (the Trustee) for the purpose of providing funds for the Clean Water Project. The revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of and payable from the Trust Estate which includes pledged revenues, which are special revenues to be received by the District from a Special Sewer Service Surcharge (aka: Clean Water Project Charge), together with the revenues or other receipts, funds, or monies held in or set aside in the Trust Estate. The revenue bonds are not a general obligation of the District. Revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental Activities	Various	\$ 321,280,000

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2025	\$ 14,250,000	\$ 10,556,547		
2026	17,085,000	10,072,987		
2027	17,440,000	9,487,756		
2028	17,825,000	8,873,074		
2029	18,415,000	8,225,831		
2030-2034	98,955,000	30,409,739		
2035-2039	93,910,000	15,486,482		
2040-2044	42,365,000	3,911,008		
2045-2049	1,035,000	51,750		
Total	\$ 321,280,000	\$ 97,075,174		

#### Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans

The District participates in the state of Connecticut's Clean and Drinking Water programs, which provide low-interest loans bearing 2% interest for eligible wastewater and 2% interest for eligible drinking water projects. Projects are financed by interim loan obligations until project completion, at which time interim loan obligations are replaced by permanent loan obligations. In the case of certain large projects, permanent loan obligations may be issued annually.

Clean Water Fund loans finance the sewer infrastructure and facility improvements (governmental activities) and will be repaid from future taxation, special sewer service surcharge, and user fees.

# NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

## E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

### Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans (Continued)

	Govern	nmental Activities		
Description	Date of Issue	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Principal Outstanding 12/31/2024
CSL142	9/4/08	\$ 6,200,000	2.00 %	\$ 981,667
CSL142 CSL149	3/31/09	12,710,000	2.00 %	2,383,125
CWF160C	12/27/07	1,888,557	2.00	236,069
166-CSL1	3/31/12	21,907,709	2.00	6,809,153
214-CSL	12/30/15	14,198,442	2.00	7,454,181
CWF508C	4/30/08	1,232,078	2.00	174,544
CWF520C	3/31/09	4,547,580	2.00	852,671
CWF521C	9/30/08	4,240,340	2.00	689,055
CWF578C	12/19/08	2,042,741	2.00	262,244
578-CD1	1/31/11	2.619.263	2.00	785,779
619-D1	3/31/12	12,600,000	2.00	3,916,216
626-C	1/29/13	22,160,848	2.00	7,848,633
652-C	1/31/16	25,528,771	2.00	14,147,194
652-C1	1/31/16	27,234,976	2.00	16,454,465
657-C	7/31/16	33,352,916	2.00	, ,
657-C1	7/31/16 7/31/17	40,852,371	2.00	19,316,897
692-C	1/31/18	4,999,985,354	2.00	25,702,950 30,605,420
657-C2	7/31/18			, ,
CWF 215-C		52,655,657	2.00	35,761,967
CWF 215-C CWF 692-C1	11/30/18 1/31/19	10,306,693 31,761,844	2.00 2.00	7,171,740 22,365,632
CWF 652-C2		, ,		15,073,860
CWF 657-C3	4/30/19 6/30/19	21,862,088 17.782.244	2.00 2.00	
CWF 697-DC (CIP)	2/28/20	15,019,750	2.00	12,447,570 10,576,407
CWF 692-C2	4/30/20	33,394,334	2.00	24,971,869
CWF 691-C	5/31/20	190,810	2.00	145,962
CWF 091-C CWF 221-CSL	7/31/20	2,091,106	2.00	1,617,479
CWF 221-CSL CWF 692-C3	1/31/21	2,091,106 17,875,420	2.00	1,617,479
CWF 692-C3 CWF 657-C4	6/30/21	5,408,501	2.00	4,044,514
CWF 037-C4 CWF 219-CSL	6/30/21	27,333,273	2.00	22,427,301
CWF 692-C4	5/31/22	24,949,781	2.00	22,427,301
CWF 692-C4 CWF 683-D	3/31/23	730,606	2.00	665,039
CWF 719-C1	4/30/24	11,782,455	2.00	11,379,636
CWF 719-C1 CWF 728-C	4/30/24	24,779,366	2.00	, ,
Total Permanent	4/30/24	24,779,300	2.00	23,953,392
Loan Obligations				367,324,548
CWF #692-C	Various	12,777,943		15,493,631
CWF #729-C	Various	25,832,376		24,349,622
CWF #746-C	Various	3,976,254		5,161,616
CWF #698-C	Various	11,356,982		12,054,180
CWF #728-C	Various	18,543,867		18,336,608
Total Interim		•		
Loan Obligations				75,395,657
Total				\$ 442,720,205
				, ,

## NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

### Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans (Continued)

Drinking Water Fund loans finance the water infrastructure and facility improvements (business-type activities) and will be financed by user charges.

	Busine	ss-Type Activities		
				Principal
	Date of	Original	Interest	Outstanding
Description	lssue	Amount	Rate	12/31/2024
DWSRF 2010 8008	8/31/11	\$ 2,579,412	2.00 %	\$ 730,833
DWSRF 2010 8009	2/29/12	772,079	2.00	218,755
DWSRF 2010 8009-1	1/29/13	193,644	2.00	62,407
DWSRF 2013-7012	7/15/14	2,780,620	2.00	1,193,349
DWSRF 2013-7013 DWSRF 2013-7014	6/1/15 9/30/15	2,713,243	2.00 2.00	1,261,658
DWSRF 2013-7014 DWSRF 2013-7015	5/31/16	4,691,464	2.00	2,404,375
DWSRF 2013-7015 DWSRF 2013-7017	6/30/15	5,635,824 2,013,468	2.00	2,858,080 973,176
DWSRF 2013-7017 DWSRF 2013-7018	9/30/14	398,083	2.00	973,176 174,161
DWSRF 2013-7019	6/30/15	1,539,774	2.00	731,393
DWSRF 2014-7021	4/30/16	3,809,525	2.00	1,873,016
DWSRF 2014-7026	3/31/15	1,691,379	2.00	824,547
DWSRF 2014-7020 DWSRF 2014-7029	3/31/16	3,173,899	2.00	1,574,208
DWSRF 2014-7029 DWSRF 2014-7030	7/31/16	1,892,813	2.00	1,001,614
DWSRF 2014-7030	5/31/16	3,626,881	2.00	1,839,290
DWSRF 2014-7031	12/31/16	3,162,716	2.00	1,865,192
DWSRF 2014-7032	8/31/16	1,501,320	2.00	842,846
DWSRF 2016-7035	8/31/16	2,203,262	2.00	1,236,919
DWSRF 2016-7033	8/31/16	825,335	2.00	463,346
DWSRF 2016-7042	2/28/17	1,129,379	2.00	672,821
DWSRF 2016-7044	4/30/17	2,754,227	2.00	1,629,584
DWSRF 2016-7045	7/31/17	2,445,859	2.00	1,477,706
DWSRF 2016-7047	2/28/17	3,004,951	2.00	1,790,184
DWSRF 2016-7046	6/29/18	3,051,182	2.00	1,983,269
DWSRF 2018-7061	3/30/19	1,892,634	2.00	1,334,550
DWSRF 2017-7055	4/30/19	1,691,022	2.00	1,199,614
DWSRF 2018-7062	7/31/19	1,814,906	2.00	1,310,765
DWSRF 2019-7074	8/31/20	2,046,805	2.00	1,591,959
DWSRF 2020-7086	1/31/21	1,334,309	2.00	1,070,811
DWSRF 2020-7088	1/31/22	2,274,924	2.00	1,934,658
DWSRF 2021-7092	3/31/23	3,071,879	2.00	2,796,198
DWSRF 2021-7093	4/30/23	5,642,975	2.00	5,160,670
DWSRF 2023-7110	5/31/24	1,797,147	2.00	1,743,386
DWSRF 2023-5001	9/30/24	340,134	2.00	335,773
DWSRF 2022-7102	10/31/24	2,433,215	2.00	2,412,499
Total Permanent		,, -		
Loan Obligations				50,573,612
DWSRF#2023-7118	Various	3,642,485		4,073,671
DWSRF#2023-7123	Various	1,740,299		2,327,138
DWSRF#2023-7120	Various	3,556,937		3,760,423
DWSRF#2023-7121	Various	574,057		605,154
DWSRF#2024-7131	Various	211,453		591,981
Total Interim Loan Obligations				11,358,367
Total				\$ 61,931,979
iotai				Ψ 01,001,919

# NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

### E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

# Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans (Continued)

Permanent loan obligations mature as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2025	\$ 29,296,724	\$ 7,077,938		
2026	29,296,724	6,492,003		
2027	29,186,794	5,906,493		
2028	28,402,729	5,328,082		
2029	27,650,899	4,769,365		
2030-2034	126,571,405	15,993,950		
2035-2039	83,607,037	4,652,557		
2040-2044	13,312,236	433,389		
Total	\$ 367,324,548	\$ 50,653,777		

	Business-T	Business-Type Activities		
Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest	
2025	\$ 4,136,166	\$	974,055	
2026	4,136,086		891,425	
2027	4,136,086		808,795	
2028	4,136,086		726,166	
2029	4,136,086		643,536	
2030-2034	19,452,066		2,015,323	
2035-2039	7,948,209		575,859	
2040-2044	2,492,827		81,461	
Total	\$ 50,573,612	\$	6,716,620	

Interim loan obligations mature and convert to permanent loan obligations as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	
2025	\$ 57,059,049	\$ 2,103,567	
2026	18,336,608_	94,098	
Total	\$ 75,395,657	\$ 2,197,665	
	Business-Ty	pe Activities	
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	
2025	\$ 10,766,386	\$ 93,222	
2026	591,981	482	
Total	\$ 11,358,367	\$ 93,704	

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans (Continued)

The state may terminate the obligation to make the Project Loan, with 60 days written notice, if the state determines that such termination is in the best interest of the state and the Municipality fails to perform its obligations under the agreement. After giving notice, the state has discretion not to terminate the Project Loan if the Municipality performs its obligations to the satisfaction of the state.

#### <u>General Obligation Bonds – New Issuances</u>

On August 8, 2024, the District issued \$77,185,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2024 Series A. with a Trust Interest Cost (TIC) of 3.50%. The net proceeds were \$82,308,998 (after payment of the Underwriter's Discount of \$320,574).

On August 8, 2024, the District issued \$21,295,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Issue of 2024 Series B, with a Par Value of \$47,735,000 and an outstanding principal amount of \$23,850,000. The net proceeds were \$23,941,448 (after payment of the Underwriter's Discount of \$33,773). The transaction generated a cash flow savings of \$1,342,171 and a net present value savings of \$1,346,597.

#### Revenue Bonds – New Issuances

On October 8, 2024, the District issued \$37,380,000 in Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds, Series 2024 with a True Interest Costs (TIC) of 3.30%. The net proceeds were \$40,191,853 (after payment of the Underwriter's Discount of \$282,923).

#### **Debt Limitation**

The District's debt indebtedness does not exceed the debt limitations required by its Charter as reflected in the following schedule:

Net							
Debt Limit	Balance						
\$ 1,573,325,243	\$ 849,290,808	\$ 724,034,435					

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### F. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service		Clean Water Project		Capital Projects		Total	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:									
Prepaids	\$ 808,011	\$	-	\$	22,003	\$	13,354	\$	843,368
Supplies	5,538,045		_		-		-		5,538,045
Restricted for:									
Capital Projects	-		-		-		22,681,147		22,681,147
Debt Service	-		784,196		-		-		784,196
Committed to:									
Unassigned	 38,341,356		-		(2,733,781)		9,132,767		44,740,342
Total Fund	 _								
Balances	\$ 44,687,412	\$	784,196	\$	(2,711,778)	\$	31,827,268	\$	74,587,098

There were no outstanding encumbrances at December 31, 2024.

#### NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

#### A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District has an employee retirement system with a pension plan that was adopted January 1, 1944, and amended January 1, 1997. The Aetna Insurance Company is the administrator of the Metropolitan District Employees' Retirement System (MDERS), which is a defined benefit, single-employer retirement system. The MDERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Management of the plan rests with the Personnel, Pension, and Insurance Committee (PPI), which consists of 11 members.

The pension plan is included in the District's financial reporting entity and accounted for in the pension trust fund. The MDERS does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

At January 1, 2024, membership consisted of:

Retirees, Disabled, and Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	649
Terminated Members Entitled to But	
Not Yet Receiving Benefits	72
Current Active Members	418
Total Members	1,139

#### NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided (Continued)

Participation in the plan is immediate upon employment for all full-time employees. Vesting in benefits occurs after ten years of service. Termination of employment before that time results in forfeiture of the District's portion of the accrued benefit.

The District's Personnel, Pension, and Insurance Committee, as provided by the District's general ordinances, establishes the benefit provisions and the employer's and employees' obligations. Any bargaining or nonbargaining unit employee who becomes totally and permanently disabled and has completed 10 years of service will receive 100% of the pension that the employee would have been entitled to. Annual pension payments are determined at 2% times years of service times final average earnings subject to a maximum of 32 years.

#### B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Pension Trust Fund's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with plan provisions. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

#### Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price.

#### C. Funding Policy

Employees hired prior to October 4, 2015, are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary, employees hired between October 4, 2015, and June 5, 2018, are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary, and employees hired after June 5, 2018, are required to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary.

#### D. Investments

#### Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Personnel, Pension, and Insurance Committee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Personnel, Pension, and Insurance Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short-time spans.

#### NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### D. Investments (Continued)

#### **Investment Policy (Continued)**

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2024.

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
US Equity - Large Cap	30.00 %
US Equity - Small/Mid Cap	20.00
Non-US Equity - Developed	12.50
US Corporate Bonds - Core	10.00
Non-US Debt - Developed	12.50
Real Estate (REITS)	10.00
Commodities	5.00

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 13.00%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### E. Net Pension Liability of the District

The components of the net pension liability of the District at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 343,348,829
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	267,671,801_
Net Pension Liability	\$ 75,677,028

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage

Percentage of the Total Pension Liability 77.96%

The net pension liability is recorded in the Water Utility Fund (Proprietary Fund), and the Governmental Activities of the District.

#### NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### E. Net Pension Liability of the District (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.44%

Salary Increases 3.50%, average, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.625%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality Rates Pub-2010 Mortality (using a 75%/25% blend of

Public Safety and General Rates) with generational

projections per MP-2021 Ultimate Scale

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2024, (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Rate
Asset Class	of Return
US Equity - Large Cap	5.67 %
US Equity - Small/Mid Cap	6.89
Non-US Equity - Developed	6.48
US Corporate Bonds - Core	2.54
Non-US Debt - Developed	1.52
Real Estate (REITS)	4.82
Commodities	4.02

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.625%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### E. Net Pension Liability of the District (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Metropolitan District Employees'
----------------------------------

	Retirement System					
	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)			
Balances - January 1, 2024	\$ 333,540,782	\$ 246,185,146	\$ 87,355,636			
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost	5,030,010	-	5,030,010			
Interest on Total Pension Liability	21,704,156	-	21,704,156			
Differences Between Expected						
and Actual Experience	5,352,933	-	5,352,933			
Changes in Assumptions	-	-	-			
Employer Contributions	-	9,038,228	(9,038,228)			
Member Contributions	-	2,881,763	(2,881,763)			
Net Investment Gain (Loss)	-	31,921,585	(31,921,585)			
Benefit Payments, Including Refund						
of Employee Contributions	(22,279,052)	(22,279,052)	-			
Administrative Expenses	-	(75,869)	75,869			
Net Changes	9,808,047	21,486,655	(11,678,608)			
Balances - December 31, 2024	\$ 343,348,829	\$ 267,671,801	\$ 75,677,028			

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 6.625%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(5.625%)	(5.625%) (6.625%)		
District's Net Pension Liability	\$ 113,392,487	\$ 75,677,028	\$ 43,667,213	

#### NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### E. Net Pension Liability of the District (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resource and Deferred Inflows of Resource</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,743,607, which is recorded within the Water Utility Fund and the Governmental Activities of the District in the amounts of \$7,866,478 and \$5,877,129, respectively. At December 31, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Metropolitan District Employees' Retirement System				
	Deferred Deferred			Deferred	
	Inflows of Outflows		Outflows of		
	Res	Resources		Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual		_			
Experience	\$	-	\$	5,710,390	
Changes of Assumptions		353,482		537,811	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	22,991,418 22,921		22,921,096		
Total	\$ 23	,344,900	\$	29,169,297	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Amount
2025	\$ 5,006,329
2026	7,593,507
2027	(4,190,375)
2028	 (2,585,064)
Total	\$ 5,824,397

#### F. 457(b) and 457(f) Deferred Compensation Plan

The District offers a 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan to its employees as a voluntary savings plan, with no employer match. Participants decide how much to invest and the District deducts payments on their behalf and sends them directly to Empower who acts as the Record Keeper and Administrator. District employees currently have in excess of \$77 million in assets which grow on a tax-deferred basis. Participants can diversify their investments in more than 12 investment vehicles across a range of investment alternatives. Retirement Plan Advisors (RPA) of Chicago Illinois serves as a 3(21) fiduciary investment advisor on the Plan.

#### NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### F. 457(b) and 457(f) Deferred Compensation Plan (Continued)

The District also has a Non-Voluntary 457(f) Deferred Compensation Plan for the purpose of complying with certain limitations of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) of 1986. The purpose of the Plan is to provide certain senior District employees with retirement benefits that they are unable to receive under the employers qualified defined pension plan due to limitations of the IRC. As of December 31, 2024, there were two employees eligible to participate in the Plan. The Plan is unfunded; the District pays any benefits due in a given year under the terms of the Plan directly from District operating funds.

#### G. Combining Statement of Net Position

	Pension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund		Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,608,643	\$	649,398	\$	2,258,041
Accounts Receivable		56,060		221,132		277,192
Investments, at Fair Value:						
Mutual Funds		122,294,045		12,724,767		135,018,812
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		19,471,472		-		19,471,472
Commingled Collective Trusts		95,885,872		-		95,885,872
Real Estate		28,355,709				28,355,709
Total Assets		267,671,801		13,595,297	2	281,267,098
NET POSITION  Restricted for Pension and  OPEB Benefits	\$	267,671,801	\$	13,595,297	\$ 2	281.267.098
Of EB Bollomo	Ψ	201,011,001	Ψ	10,000,201	Ψ	201,207,000

#### NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### H. Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Pension Trust Fund		OPEB Trust Fund		Total	
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	9,038,228	\$	8,506,895	\$	17,545,123
Plan Members		2,881,763				2,881,763
Total Contributions		11,919,991		8,506,895		20,426,886
Investment Earnings:						
Net Change in Fair Value						
of Investments		30,267,748		1,959,674		32,227,422
Interest and Dividends		2,964,918		271,640		3,236,558
Total Investment Earnings		33,232,666		2,231,314		35,463,980
Less Investment Expenses:						
Investment Management Fees		1,311,081		2,643		1,313,724
Net Investment Earnings		31,921,585		2,228,671		34,150,256
Total Additions		43,841,576		10,735,566		54,577,142
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits		22,279,052		8,873,649		31,152,701
Administrative Expense		75,869		91,414		167,283
Total Deductions		22,354,921		8,965,063		31,319,984
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		21,486,655		1,770,503		23,257,158
Net Position - Beginning of Year		246,185,146		11,824,794		258,009,940
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2	267,671,801	\$	13,595,297	\$ :	281,267,098

#### NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN - RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

#### Plan Description

The Retiree Health Plan (RHP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan and provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Spouses and eligible dependents are covered on medical and dental insurance only if the retiree declares at least a 90% pension annuity. District employees eligible to participate in the plan are as follows: 65 years old or 55 years old with 10 years of service or the sum of age and service is 85. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the District and the various unions representing the employees.

#### NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

Management of the postemployment benefits plan rests with the Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee (PPI), which consists of 11 members.

Expenses for postemployment benefits were paid out of the OPEB trust fund during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

At January 1, 2024, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Retiree
	Health
	Plan
Retired Members	331
Spouses of Retired Members	338
Active Plan Members	409
Total Participants	1,078

#### **Funding Policy**

The Retirement Plan is funded from various sources, including:

- (a) Employee mandatory contribution (employees hired before October 4, 2015, contribute 5% of regular compensation, employees hired between October 4, 2015, and June 5, 2018, contribute 7% of regular compensation and new employees hired after June 5, 2018, contribute 7.5% of regular compensation);
- (b) Actuarially determined employer contribution as based upon different presumptions;
- (c) Investment returns from discretionary funds including equity, lumber and real estate assets:
- (d) Interest paid by Aetna for use of monies in financial and insurance business.

The district funds OPEB (Other Postretirement Benefits) without requiring employee contributions. An OPEB Trust was established in March of 2021, and the OPEB full actuarially determined employer contribution has been made each year. Since the early 1990s, the District has embraced "self-insurance."

Prior to June 5, 2018, the District also offered postretirement life insurance to new bargaining unit retirees. The coverage was partially funded by retiree monthly contributions and primarily by the District. Since 2015, the nonunionized group was not provided any postretirement life insurance.

Finally, the District has reimbursed the cost of Medicare Part B through the retiree's monthly pension distribution. Effective for new employees hired after June 5, 2018, the District will not reimburse this cost when the new employee ultimately retires. Reimbursement costs are covered by OPEB funds.

#### NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Funding Policy (Continued)**

For bargaining unit retirees after June 5, 2018, the District has agreements to "buy-out" the base amount (\$5,000) and the new retiree has the option of continuing any optional life insurance but at the full group rate annually adjusted. The buy-out of the base coverage is supported by operating funds.

Finally, the District has reimbursed the cost of Medicare Part B through the retiree's monthly pension distribution. Effective for new employees hired after June 5, 2018, the District will not reimburse this cost when the new employee ultimately retires. The reimbursement cost is covered through operating funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The OPEB Trust Fund's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with plan provisions. Administrative costs of the plan are expensed. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Investments

#### **Investment Policy**

The OPEB investment policy is the responsibility of the Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee (PPI). It is expected that as the Trust becomes funded PP&I will adopt an investment policy. The investment strategy is based upon the liquidity needs of the plan and thereby determines the distinct asset classes to be invested therein. The investment strategy reduces risk through prudent selection of investments and diversification of the portfolio, which can be changed over time based upon forecasted liquidity needs.

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 14.49%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### Net OPEB Liability of the District

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2024. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 141,285,826
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	13,595,297
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 127,690,529

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a
Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 9.62%

#### NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases 3.50%, including inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.625%, net of OPEB plan

investment expense

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.80% (6.00% for Post-65) – 4.20%

over 66 years

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of December 31, 2024, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Core Fixed Income	25 %	2.13 %
Large Cap U.S. Equities	40	4.09
US Mid Cap Equity	10	3.94
US Small Cap Equity	5	4.67
Foreign Developed Equity	10	5.15
US REITs	10	4.50

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.625%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Metropolitan	District	Employees'
- ·		

	Retirement System					
	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net OPEB					
	Liability	Net Position	Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)			
Balances - January 1, 2024	\$ 138,757,594	\$ 11,824,794	\$ 126,932,800			
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost	1,803,990	-	1,803,990			
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	9,019,811	-	9,019,811			
Differences Between Expected						
and Actual Experience	578,080	1,445,278	(867,198)			
Changes in Assumptions	-	-	-			
Employer Contributions	-	8,506,895	(8,506,895)			
Net Investment Gain (Loss)	-	783,393	(783,393)			
Benefit Payments, Including Refund						
of Employee Contributions	(8,873,649)	(8,873,649)	-			
Reallocation of Healthcare Costs	-	-	-			
Administrative Expenses		(91,414)	91,414			
Net Changes	2,528,232	1,770,503	757,729			
Balances - December 31, 2024	\$ 141,285,826	\$ 13,595,297	\$ 127,690,529			

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.625%)	(6.625%)	(7.625%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 145.816.256	\$ 127.690.529	\$ 112,722,779

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates of 6.80% - 4.20% over 53 years:

	Healthcare Cost		
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 109,399,864	\$ 127,690,529	\$ 150,064,803

#### NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resource and Deferred Inflows of Resource Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$45,018,911, which is recorded within the Water Utility Fund and the Governmental Activities of the District in the amounts of \$25,767,637 and \$19,251,274, respectively. At December 31, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	Metropolitan District Employees'		
	Retirement System		
	Deferred Deferred		
	Inflows of Outflows of		
	Resources Resource		
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Experience	\$ -	\$ -	
Changes of Assumptions	27,301,989	5,335,745	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			
Earning on OPEB Plan Investments	1,486,451	659,674	
Total	\$ 28,788,440	\$ 5,995,419	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2025	\$ (13,883,349)
2026	(8,428,449)
2027	(275,425)
2028	(205,798)
Total	\$ (22,793,021)

#### NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Clean Water Project

The Clean Water Project addresses approximately one billion gallons of combined wastewater and storm water released each year to area waterways prior to the commencement of the Clean Water Project. The project is in response to an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSO) federal consent decree (CD) and a Connecticut DEEP Combined Sewer Overflows (CSO) consent order (CO) to achieve Federal Clean Water Act goals. That portion of the project related to the CSO CO is detailed in a Long-Term Control Plan (the LTCP), which is periodically revised, as required by the CO, and is subject to approval by DEEP. The District's goal is to achieve compliance through efficient, cost-effective improvements to its system, while maximizing funding of the project with State and Federal grants and low-interest loans, with the remainder funded with issuance of its own bonds. Project financing is expected to be repaid with the Clean Water Project Charge added to the water bills of customers in Member Municipalities who have sewage and water services from the District.

#### 1. Evolution of the Clean Water Project

As originally conceived in 2005, and as set forth in the initial LTCP, the Clean Water Project was estimated to cost approximately \$2.1 billion, and assumed to be completed in 2021, based on assumptions about, among other things, the design as originally conceived and the pace of design, construction and regulatory review and approval. The original concept relied on sewer separation projects, control of inflow and infiltration, and capacity increases and other improvements to the District's treatment plants.

An updated LTCP was submitted to DEEP in 2012 and revised through December 2014. The revised plan de-emphasized sewer separation projects (which proved to be schedule prohibitive, expensive, and unduly disruptive in downtown areas) and added a large storage and conveyance tunnel in south Hartford (the South Tunnel). It also featured a large storage and conveyance tunnel to the northern part of Hartford (the North Tunnel) that connected to the South Tunnel, which was intended to both capture overflows in the northern and central part of Hartford and also to eliminate overflows into the North Branch of the Park River. This updated LTCP was approved in April 2015 and set out a completion of the project by 2029.

#### NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### A. Clean Water Project (Continued)

#### 1. Evolution of the Clean Water Project (Continued)

The LTCP was most recently revised and resubmitted to Connecticut DEEP in December 2018. Through meetings and negotiations with CT DEEP an agreement was reached and a new consent order was signed in September 2022. Although no formal approval was issued, the new consent order, which replaces the original consent order, incorporates a Phase I Implementation Plan for the years 2023-2029. The resubmitted LTCP introduced the concept of an "Integrated Plan". The Integrated Plan or the "Plan", coordinates the District's ongoing capital improvement and maintenance program with projects reasonably necessary to comply with the CSO consent order. The Plan included remedies such as replacing aged and damaged pipes and other system components, cleaning, and other maintenance and rehabilitation activities, thereby increasing pipe capacity to reduce overflows. The concept and guidelines for Integrated Planning were introduced and accepted by the EPA in 2012 for communities dealing with CSO compliance issues coupled with the ongoing obligation to maintain its existing aging infrastructure in an affordable manner. Managing this program balances new capital expenditures with maintenance expenditures, with priorities addressed to reduce, insofar as practical, costly emergency repairs of sewer collapses and other problems. The resubmitted LTCP retains the South Tunnel projects (which are in construction) and related improvements. However, the resubmitted LTCP replaces the North Tunnel concept with a shortened downtown area tunnel and incorporates separation projects in conjunction with capacity improvements in the northern part of Hartford. The Plan contemplates a compliance effort over a longer term (i.e., 40 years) and integrated ongoing maintenance and a rehabilitation program. The Plan combines the Clean Water Project with other capital improvements that had not been considered part of Clean Water Project, and continues to finance the combined effort with the Clean Water Project Charge. The Plan has a view to achieve compliance with the governmental orders efficiently within the context of the District's other capital improvements while implementing a more affordable economic model for the rate payers.

Integrated Plan projects were initiated in 2023. More refinements to the consent order were contemplated and incorporated through a Consent Order modification in July 2023. These refinements included faster implementation and more projects in North Hartford to address private property issues. A new approved list of projects in the modified Consent Order included some new projects, some existing projects that need to be scheduled sooner and some projects that fell completely out of Phase I. Minor consent order modifications were signed in January 2025 which incorporated additional project schedule updates.

#### NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### A. Clean Water Project (Continued)

#### 2. Cost Estimates

Because the resubmitted LTCP incorporates an Integrated Plan, the nature of the Clean Water Project and its overall cost is not directly comparable to the LTCP as currently approved. Current estimates to complete the LTCP projected that the Clean Water Project Charge would remain flat through 2023 and then increase incrementally to approximately \$7.40 per hundred cubic feet (CCF) and remain at least at that level for a considerable period as the ongoing capital maintenance and rehabilitation program continues. The District Board sets the Clean Water Project Charge without the need for other outside approvals. The primary reasons for the increase in the Clean Water Project Charge are inflation of costs to complete the LTCP on a longer schedule and the inclusion of asset management projects, such as sewer lining, which previously were contemplated to be paid for through ad valorem taxes. As a result, the future increases to ad valorem taxes will be mitigated while the estimated total cost to the rate payers for both the Clean Water Project Charge and ad valorem taxes remain about the same on average. This assumes a continued level of Federal and State support in the form of grants and low-cost loans consistent with the support provided to date. Other options would increase the surcharge, particularly those options that accelerate work or change the sequencing, as would a change in the level of federal and state funding support. The District remains mindful of maintaining an overall level of affordability for rate payers of the District, and in particular the residents of Hartford, which may lead to future adjustment in the nature of the Clean Water Project and its cost and financing. No assurance can be given as to the final cost of the Clean Water Project or the precise composition of its funding.

#### 3. Referendum Requirements

Generally speaking, appropriations for the cost of large projects must be approved by referendum vote of the electors of the Member Municipalities. Effective October 1, 2015, Public Act No.15-114 excludes from the referendum requirement appropriations funded by Federal or State grants. An \$800 million appropriation for the Clean Water Project was approved at referendum on November 7, 2006. An appropriation for an additional \$800 million for the Clean Water Project was approved at referendum on November 6, 2012. An appropriation of \$140 million for a grant, not requiring a referendum, was approved by the District Board on October 5, 2016. Appropriations of \$18.8 million and \$67.4 million for grants not requiring a referendum were approved by the District Board on September 2, 2020 and April 26, 2023, respectively. The District expects to appropriate further funds for the Clean Water Project without a referendum for portions paid for by State grants.

#### NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### A. Clean Water Project (Continued)

#### 3. Referendum Requirements (Continued)

The District expects that the South Tunnel and related improvements will be completed within existing appropriations, assuming the ongoing South Tunnel work proceeds within contemplated cost estimates and that expected grants are received. Some portion of the Integrated Plan work in the resubmitted LTCP may be undertaken within existing appropriations if future grants are received for eligible projects. The cost of many contemplated Integrated Plan projects will be below the threshold that requires approval by referendum and appropriations for those projects are expected to be made by the District Board. Full compliance with the resubmitted LTCP may require submission of one or more further appropriations for approval by electors at referendum. The District has made no determination as to when an additional referendum will be held.

The District cannot give any assurances as to when the Clean Water Project will be completed or its total cost as it is highly dependent on the availability of grants and loans from the state, regulatory review schedules, and future LTCP submissions.

The District has issued, to date, \$369,895,000 in Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds, \$321,280,000 of which were outstanding as of December 31, 2024. The Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds are being repaid from a portion of the Clean Water Project Charge (previously the Special Sewer Service Surcharge) and are not general obligations of the District.

#### B. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; officers' and employees' liabilities; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors, and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss except those risks described in the next paragraph. The District established an internal service fund, the self-insurance fund, to account for and finance the retained risk of loss.

#### NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### B. Risk Management (Continued)

The District is self-insured for healthcare, workers' compensation claims up to \$1,000,000 for each accident, deductibles for property damage up to \$100,000 for each location, and general and automobile liability up to \$250,000 for each incident. Additionally, the District has provided for \$1 million of excess coverage for liability coverage with no limits for workers' compensation excess coverage. The District holds cyber liability insurance for claims made up to \$1,000,000. The self-insurance fund is primarily supported by contributions from the General Fund and the Water Utility Enterprise Fund. Workers' Compensation Trust administers the District's workers compensation program for which the District pays a fee. General and auto liability claims are performed in-house and through third-party administrators whose administrative fees are paid by the self-insurance fund. Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield administers the District's medical insurance plan for which the District pays a fee. The medical insurance plan provides coverage for most District employees. The District has purchased a stop loss policy for total medical claims in any one year exceeding an aggregate of 110% of expected claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no reduction in any coverage during the year from that of the prior year.

The claims liability of \$7,417,323 for the self-insurance fund reported at December 31, 2024, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. The District's policy is to have an actuarial study performed annually.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that has been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example for salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Changes in the claims liability for the past two years are as follows:

	Accrued	Current Year		Accrued
	Liability	Claims and		Liability
	Beginning of	Changes in	Claim	End of
	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year
2023	\$ 6,813,945	\$ 21,568,816	\$ 21,688,547	\$ 6,694,214
2024	6,694,214	20,758,860	20,035,751	7,417,323

#### NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Contingent Liabilities

#### 1. Arbitrage

The District may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### 2. Other

The Metropolitan District is engaged in the advancement of an ambitious capital improvement project known as the Clean Water Project (CWP). One component of the CWP is the construction of the South Hartford Conveyance and Storage Tunnel, a 4.1-mile long subterranean tunnel, which runs from Talcott Road in West Hartford to the MDC wastewater treatment plant located in the South Meadows of Hartford. The contractor constructing the project, including various drop shafts along the tunnel route, is Kenny/Obayashi IV, A Joint Venture (KOJV). On June 30, 2016, the MDC and KOJV executed Contract No. 2 (2015 B-27) (the Contract) for the lump-sum price of \$279,400,000 for the project known as the South Hartford Conveyance and Storage Tunnel, Tunnel and Shaft Construction (the Project). The Project is funded by the MDC (55% loan) and the state of Connecticut (45% grant). It was anticipated that the Project would achieve substantial completion in the summer of 2023.

In the course of constructing the tunnel and the retrieval shaft, KOJV alleged that it encountered differing site conditions, which resulted in additional costs entitling KOJV to payment of approximately \$87M exclusive of interest and claims for attorney fees and costs. KOJV submitted proposed change orders totaling this approximate amount. The MDC disputed KOJV's entitlement to any claim for additional compensation. In April 2021, pursuant to the terms of the Contract relating to disputed change orders, a two-day hearing was held before a three- member Dispute Resolution Board (DRB) appointed jointly by the parties. Due to the resignation of one of the three members shortly after the hearing, the DRB did not issue any findings or recommendations, and was not reconstituted. In the meantime, KOJV filed a civil action in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut seeking damages for extra work as alleged in its proposed change orders. As with the DRB proceeding, the MDC disputed KOJV's claim and not only defended the action but also pursued counterclaims as noted below. The parties engaged in both court-annexed mediation and private mediation in a good faith effort to resolve their differences short of what would undoubtedly prove to be a complicated and extremely technical proceeding at any trial. These efforts were unsuccessful, and the matter was set to proceed in federal court, with a "trial ready" date in July of 2025.

#### NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Contingent Liabilities

#### 2. Other (Continued)

In December of 2024, the parties participated in a third round of non-binding mediation, which resulted in a proposed resolution of KOJV's change orders in the total amount of \$51M. The resolution was in the form of various approved change orders and change work directives, all of which were submitted to and approved by the State of Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) in March of 2025. Upon that approval, the change orders were executed, KOJV was paid the entire outstanding balance owed under the contract terms and the change order resolution, and the litigation was withdrawn, with prejudice. The District is awaiting the grant and loan reimbursement from DEEP for the resulting change orders. The exact timing of DEEP's funding of the grant and loan is unknown, but we are cautiously optimistic of a summer of 2025 issuance.

#### NOTE 7 RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

#### A. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective January 1, 2024, the Entity implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updated the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and associated salary-related payments and amended certain previously required disclosures. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the compensated absences liability as of January 1, 2024 was understated by \$2.3 million in the governmental activities and \$2.8 million in the business-type activities and Water Utility Fund. The effect of the implementation of this standard is shown in the table below.

#### B. Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances

During 2024, changes in accounting principle for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 resulted in restatements of beginning net position and fund net position, as follows:

	December 31, 2023, As Previously Reported		Change in Accounting Principle		January 1, 2024, As Restated	
Government-Wide:						
Governmental Activities	\$	1,011,074,464	\$	(2,335,873)	\$	1,008,738,591
Business-Type Activities		269,690,799		(2,852,246)		266,838,553
Total Primary Government	\$	1,280,765,263	\$	(5,188,119)	\$	1,275,577,144
Proprietary Funds: Water Utility Fund	\$	249,914,215	\$	(2,852,246)	\$	247,061,969
Total Proprietary Funds	\$	249,914,215	\$	(2,852,246)	\$	247,061,969

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted	I Amo	ounts			Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	 Original Final				Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES	 						<u>-</u>
Taxation:							
Hartford	\$ 13,826,795	\$	13,826,795	\$	13,826,795	\$	-
East Hartford	6,178,995		6,178,995		6,178,995		-
Newington	4,767,023		4,767,023		4,767,023		-
Wethersfield	4,270,903		4,270,903		4,270,903		-
Windsor	4,751,783		4,751,783		4,751,783		-
Bloomfield	3,869,023		3,869,023		3,869,023		-
Rocky Hill	3,352,445		3,352,445		3,352,445		-
West Hartford	12,059,633		12,059,633		12,059,633		-
Total Taxation	53,076,600		53,076,600		53,076,600		-
Sewer User Fees:							
Bradley Airport - Hamilton - East Granby	1,280,800		1,280,800		2,282,061		1,001,261
Customer Service Charge	10,400,300		10,400,300		9,733,885		(666,415)
Nonmunicipal - Tax Exempt	6,363,028		6,363,028		6,663,729		300,701
Hi-Flow Charges	1,700,000		1,700,000		3,770,847		2,070,847
Hi-Strength	600,000		600,000		717,893		117,893
Manchester	180,000		180,000		184,658		4,658
South Windsor	17,700		17,700		19,352		1,652
Farmington	184,700		184,700		150,938		(33,762)
Cromwell	11,700		11,700		9,898		(1,802)
Total Sewer User Fees	20,738,228		20,738,228		23,533,261		2,795,033
Intergovernmental:							
Sludge Handling	12,400,000		12,400,000		15,694,269		3,294,269
Household Hazardous Waste	31,000		31,000		39,254		8,254
Total Intergovernmental	12,431,000		12,431,000		15,733,523		3,302,523
Investment Income	856,000		856,000		1,588,860		732,860

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Budgeted	l Amc	ounts			Fin	iriance with nal Budget - Positive
		Original	Final		Actual		(	Negative)
REVENUES (CONTINUED)								
Other Revenues:								
Bill Jobs	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	76,082	\$	56,082
FOG Charges		236,000		236,000		233,222		(2,778)
Payroll Additives and Indirect Costs		96,500		96,500		344,314		247,814
Late Payment Charges		1,724,138		1,724,138		3,058,353		1,334,215
Labor Additives and Overhead		28,827		28,827		18,449		(10,378)
Property Rents		153,800		153,800		229,223		75,423
Sale of Materials/Equipment		175,000		175,000		240,009		65,009
Septage/Glycol Discharge Fees		975,000		975,000		1,444,309		469,309
Rebates and Reimbursements		150,000		150,000		503,628		353,628
Vendor Discount Revenue		250		250		205		(45)
Miscellaneous		150,000		150,000		387,992		237,992
Total Other Revenues		3,709,515		3,709,515		6,535,786		2,826,271
Total Revenues		90,811,343		90,811,343		100,468,030		9,656,687
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers In		11,854,802		11,854,802		9,874,802		(1,980,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		11,854,802		11,854,802		9,874,802		(1,980,000)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	1	02,666,145		102,666,145		110,342,832		7,676,687
EXPENDITURES								
General Government:								
District Board		270,516		270,516		220,445		50,071
Executive Office		1,582,418		1,582,418		1,419,240		163,178
Legal		782,334		782,334		650,089		132,245
Customer Service		982,765		999,425		988,625		10,800
Information Systems		3,123,657		3,123,657		3,000,572		123,085
Finance		2,562,503		2,545,843		2,353,104		192,739
Total General Government		9,304,193		9,304,193		8,632,075		672,118
Engineering and Planning		414,352		414,352		366,685		47,667
Operations:								
Environmental Health and Safety		505,630		505,630		475,553		30,077
Command Center		2,250,227		2,250,227		2,143,190		107,037
Chief Operating Office		251,537		251,537		248,187		3,350
Operations		3,846,349		3,846,349		3,756,988		89,361
Total Operations		6,853,743		6,853,743		6,623,918		229,825

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Variance with Final Budget -						
			Positive					
	Ori	ginal	Final		Actual			(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)								
Plants and Maintenance:								
Water Pollution Control	\$ 20	,373,122	\$	20,373,122	\$	19,449,812	\$	923,310
Laboratory Services		756,733		756,733		741,722		15,011
Maintenance		,417,523		6,417,523		5,892,805		524,718
Special Agreements and Programs		,050,517		2,050,517		1,716,596		333,921
Total Plants and Maintenance	29	,597,895		29,597,895		27,800,935		1,796,960
Employee Benefits and Other:								
Employee Benefits  Employee Benefits	11	,617,633		11,617,633		11,412,713		204,920
General Insurance		978,494		978,494		929,642		48,852
Total Employee Benefits and Other		,596,127		12,596,127		12,342,355		253,772
Total Employee Bellents and Other	12	,550,127		12,550,127		12,042,000		255,112
Contingency	1	,980,000		1,980,000				1,980,000
Debt Service:								
Principal	25	,341,886		25,341,886		25,341,886		-
Interest	15	,974,336		15,974,336		15,974,336		-
Interest Expense IFO/PLO		528,613		528,613		15,211		513,402
Legal Services		75,000		75,000		64,757		10,243
Total Debt Service	41	,919,835		41,919,835		41,396,190		523,645
Total Expenditures	102	,666,145		102,666,145		97,162,158		5,503,987
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>		13,180,674	\$	13,180,674
Budgetary Expenditures are Different than GAAP Expenditu Expenditures not Included in the Budget, Consisting Prima The District does not Budget for Sewer Rebates		ıse:				(52,429)		
The District does not Budget for Sales Accruals						57,118		
The District does not Budget for Certain Miscellaneous	Revenue					(8,415,154)		
The District does not Budget for Billable or Developer P						(33,624)		
The District does not Budget for Certain Nonfunded Par						(17,681)		
The District does not Budget for Year-End Payroll Accre						(170,322)		
The District does not Budget for Bad Debts						(1,326,925)		
The District does not Budget for Year-End Expense Acc	cruals					(459,782)		
The District does not Budget for Deferred Inflow of Res						95,928		
The District does not Budget for the Lateral Installation						(3,632)		
The District does not Budget for Liquid Waste Discharg		S				(2,127,433)		
Net Change in Fund Balance as Reported on the Statement								
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governme	ntal Fund	S			\$	726,738		

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MDERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and	\$ 5,030,010 21,704,156	\$ 4,859,913 21,372,867	\$ 4,845,109 21,353,126	\$ 4,684,449 21,004,988	\$ 4,679,208 19,624,655 21,260	\$ 4,201,054 19,227,865 350	\$ 4,088,615 18,306,742	\$ 3,989,674 18,000,653 258,130	\$ 4,121,036 17,634,276	\$ 3,977,923 17,230,210
Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions	5,352,933 -	782,358 -	2,677,228 (1,016,260)	1,429,146 4,123,207	1,826,376 18,425,798	2,768,238 6,966,524	8,180,799 -	(605,374)	159,570 -	(348,426) 7,992,450
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of										
Member Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	<u>(22,279,052)</u> 9,808,047	(22,093,261) 4,921,877	(21,130,550) 6,728,653	(20,055,043) 11,186,747	(18,776,033) 25,801,264	(18,226,458) 14,937,573	(17,748,776) 12,827,380	<u>(17,299,291)</u> 4,343,792	(15,950,213) 5,964,669	(15,844,541) 13,007,616
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	333,540,782	328,618,905	321,890,252	310,703,505	284,902,241	269,964,668	257,137,288	252,793,496	246,828,827	233,821,211
Total Pension Liability - Ending	343,348,829	333,540,782	328,618,905	321,890,252	310,703,505	284,902,241	269,964,668	257,137,288	252,793,496	246,828,827
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income (Loss) Other Income	9,038,228 2,881,763 31,921,585	8,664,627 2,645,173 26,222,522	9,141,064 2,447,478 (38,787,017)	9,133,600 2,453,012 34,407,695	8,650,763 2,385,458 34,378,938	5,688,000 2,430,709 35,293,532	6,500,000 2,280,859 (9,180,721)	6,300,000 2,343,416 36,679,882	6,361,424 2,247,072 13,824,703	6,000,000 2,255,825 3,637,492
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense Special Item	(22,279,052) (75,869)	(22,093,261) (67,430)	(21,130,550) (61,011)	(20,055,043) (82,006)	(18,776,033) (79,174)	(18,226,458) (103,926)	(17,748,776) (67,530)	(17,299,291) (119,313) (9,271,439)	(15,950,213) (109,687)	(15,844,541) (35,213)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	21,486,655	15,371,631	(48,390,036)	25,857,258	26,559,952	25,081,857	(18,216,168)	18,633,255	6,373,299	(3,986,437)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	246,185,146	230,813,515	279,203,551	253,346,293	226,786,341	201,704,484	219,920,652	201,287,397	194,914,098	198,900,535
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	267,671,801	246,185,146	230,813,515	279,203,551	253,346,293	226,786,341	201,704,484	219,920,652	201,287,397	194,914,098
District's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 75,677,028	\$ 87,355,636	\$ 97,805,390	\$ 42,686,701	\$ 57,357,212	\$ 58,115,900	\$ 68,260,184	\$ 37,216,636	\$ 51,506,099	\$ 51,914,729
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.96%	73.81%	70.24%	86.74%	81.54%	79.60%	74.72%	85.53%	79.63%	78.97%
Covered Payroll	\$ 43,894,742	\$ 44,206,618	\$ 44,109,088	\$ 47,184,831	\$ 44,912,213	\$ 44,912,213	\$ 42,779,907	\$ 42,096,151	\$ 43,972,101	\$ 42,655,811
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	172.41%	197.61%	221.74%	90.47%	127.71%	129.40%	159.56%	88.41%	117.13%	121.71%

Notes to Schedule:

No changes to significant methods and assumptions.

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MDERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016	 2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	9,038,228	\$ 8,664,627	\$ 9,141,064	\$ 9,133,515	\$ 6,756,345	\$ 6,756,345	\$ 5,647,479	\$ 5,376,378	\$ 6,361,424	\$ 5,805,223
Determined Contribution	_	9,038,228	 8,664,627	9,141,064	9,133,600	8,650,763	 5,688,000	6,500,000	 6,300,000	 6,361,424	6,000,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ (85)	\$ (1,894,418)	\$ 1,068,345	\$ (852,521)	\$ (923,622)	\$ 	\$ (194,777)
Covered Payroll	\$	43,894,742	\$ 44,206,618	\$ 44,109,088	\$ 47,184,831	\$ 44,912,213	\$ 44,912,213	\$ 42,779,907	\$ 42,096,151	\$ 43,972,101	\$ 42,655,811
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		20.59%	19.60%	20.72%	19.36%	19.26%	12.66%	15.19%	14.97%	14.47%	14.07%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: January 1, 2024

Measurement Date: December 31, 2024

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to

Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percent, Closed; 3.50% growth rate

Remaining Amortization Period 15 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Years, Nonasymptotic

Inflation2.44%Salary Increases3.50%Investment Rate of Return6.625%

Retirement Age Aged Based Rates
Turnover Aged Based Rates

Mortality Pub-2010 Mortality (using a 75%/25% blend of Public Safety and General rates) with generational projection per MP-2021 Ultimate Scale

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS MDERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of										
Return, Net of Investment Expense	13.00%	11.45%	(13.95%)	13.72%	15.43%	17.79%	(4.22%)	13.80%	7.48%	1.58%

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual	\$ 1,803,990 9,019,811		\$ 1,831,765 13,169,283	\$ 2,842,666 12,595,575	\$ 8,810,535 10,444,711 (41,393)	\$ 6,698,208 12,024,959	\$ 8,531,854 11,015,391	\$ 7,730,316 10,961,483
Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	578,080 (8,873,649 2,528,232	(8,437,996)	(78,493,217) 14,033,945 (8,135,353) (57,593,577)	(4,096,791) 11,341,450	(72,440,991) (134,145,298) (5,226,394) (192,598,830)	72,422,368 (5,465,311) 85,680,224	14,146,966 (53,399,384) (5,313,360) (25,018,533)	16,177,425 (5,564,433) 29,304,791
,	, ,	, ,	, , , ,	, ,	, , , ,	, ,	, , , , ,	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	138,757,594	136,127,930	193,721,507	182,380,057	374,978,887	289,298,663	314,317,196	285,012,405
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	141,285,826	138,757,594	136,127,930	193,721,507	182,380,057	374,978,887	289,298,663	314,317,196
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income (Loss) Reimbursements Benefit Payments Administrative Expense Reallocation of Healthcare Costs Special Item Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	8,506,895 2,228,671 (8,873,649 (91,414	5,336 1,272,706 - 0) (8,437,996) (136,005)	10,701,005 441,693 (328,525) - (8,135,353) (94,305) (7,264,235) - (4,679,720)	10,448,800 443,518 102,507 - (4,096,791) (83,120) - - 6,814,914	10,349,000 1,477,112 2,531 - (6,244,093) - - 5,584,550	9,146,000 1,155,677 - 179,878 (6,341,967) (5,589) - 4,133,999	5,000,000 869,481 - 241,355 (6,185,680) - - (74,844)	5,000,000 804,712 - 451,135 (6,595,450) - (26,346,000) (26,685,603)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	11,824,794	11,253,347	15,933,067	9,118,153	3,533,603	(600,396)	(525,552)	26,160,051
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	13,595,297	11,824,794	11,253,347	15,933,067	9,118,153	3,533,603	(600,396)	(525,552)
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 127,690,529	\$ 126,932,800	\$ 124,874,583	\$ 177,788,440	\$ 173,261,904	\$ 371,445,284	\$ 289,899,059	\$ 314,842,748
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	9.62%	8.52%	8.27%	8.22%	5.00%	0.94%	-0.21%	-0.17%
Covered Payroll	\$ 47,253,189	\$ 43,388,927	\$ 46,502,237	\$ 46,502,237	\$ 43,143,678	\$ 43,143,678	\$ 43,535,483	\$ 43,535,483
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	270.23%	292.55%	268.53%	382.32%	401.59%	860.95%	665.89%	723.19%

<sup>\*</sup>Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT **SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	 2023	2022	 2021	2020	_	2019	 2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution (1) Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 8,506,895	\$ 7,453,960	\$ 12,003,097	\$ 11,673,290	\$ 13,846,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	18,458,692	\$	15,855,000	\$	14,765,820
Determined Contribution	 8,506,895	 7,867,406	 10,701,005	10,448,800	10,349,000		9,146,000	 5,000,000	_	5,000,000		5,000,000	_	5,000,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ (413,446)	\$ 1,302,092	\$ 1,224,490	\$ 3,497,000	\$	(9,146,000)	\$ (5,000,000)	\$	13,458,692	\$	10,855,000	\$	9,765,820
Covered Payroll	\$ 47,253,189	\$ 43,388,927	\$ 46,502,237	\$ 46,502,237	\$ 43,143,578	\$	43,143,678	\$ 43,535,483	\$	43,535,483	\$	41,000,000	\$	41,000,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	18.00%	18.13%	23.01%	22.47%	23.99%		21.20%	11.48%		11.48%		12.20%		12.20%

<sup>(1)</sup> Actuarially determined contributions prior to fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: January 1, 2024

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine

Contribution Rates: Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method

Entry Age Normal Level Percent, Closed Market Value

Asset Valuation Method Inflation

2.75%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

6.80% (6.00% for Post-65) - 4.20% Over 53 Years

Salary Increases

3.5%, Average, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return

Retirement Age

Mortality

Expected retirement rates for employees begin at 2% for employees aged 50-61, up to 100% at age 70. Pub-2010 mortality table (using a 75%/25% blend of the Public Safety and General rates) with generational projection

per the Ultimate MP-2021 ultimate scale.

Other Information:

The Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Increased from 6.50% (6.00% for Post-65) - 4.20% over 53 years to 6.80% (6.00% for Post-65) - 4.20% over 66 years

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return,								
Net of Investment Expense	14.49%	8.91%	(1.82%)	0.98%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE CONNECTION CHARGE PROJECTS ASSESSABLE SEWER CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Year	Total Assessments Billed	Assessments Receivable January 1, 2024	Assessments Billed	Assessment Collections	Assessment Adjustments	Assessments Receivable December 31, 2024	Interest Collected
2002	\$ 1,349,465	\$ 8,200	\$ -	\$ 7,872	\$ 328	\$ -	\$ 18,812
2003	1,843,321	1,146	-	-	-	1,146	-
2004	1,155,681	-	-	-	-	-	2,291
2005	804,622	-	-	-	-	-	6,445
2009	568,934	4,266	-	3,476	56	734	276
2010	895,500	74,212	-	36,025	-	38,187	6,203
2011	333,050	33,230	-	1,371	-	31,859	262
2012	139,933	18,231	-	4,144	101	13,986	1,207
2014	991,496	24,541	-	4,787	-	19,754	2,566
2015	892,511	70,162	-	8,035	-	62,127	4,483
2016	2,138,838	106,437	-	13,383	-	93,054	8,507
2017	1,158,191	16,321	-	1,068	11,660	3,593	4,763
2018	164,855	6,202	-	471	-	5,731	384
2019	263,001	18,035	-	1,205	-	16,830	1,082
2020	821,355	696,215	-	26,289	-	669,926	26,038
2021	188,418	51,313	-	4,578	5	46,730	3,148
2022	930,802	86,988	-	6,299	27	80,662	5,855
2023	738,913	369,693	-	10,175	20	359,498	6,941
2024			1,338,956	1,322,266		16,690	227
Total	\$ 15,378,886	\$ 1,585,192	\$ 1,338,956	\$ 1,451,445	\$ 12,196	\$ 1,460,507	\$ 99,488

# THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE FLAT RATE PROJECTS ASSESSABLE SEWER CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Year	Total Assessments Billed	Assessments Receivable January 1, 2024	Assessments Billed	Assessment Collections	Assessment Adjustments	Assessments Receivable December 31, 2024	Interest Collected
2000	\$ 597,575	\$ 20,375	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,202	\$ 13,173	\$ -
2003	684,750	11,937	-	-	-	11,937	-
2004	714,634	17,076	-	570	-	16,506	2,181
2007	677,398	17,364	-	-	1,819	15,545	-
2008	113,301	6,017	-	-	-	6,017	492
2010	219,724	4,873	-	3,118	18	1,737	443
2011	97,616	318	-	100	-	218	25
2014	380,405	43,682	-	3,982	23	39,677	4,044
2015	198,421	16,902	-	1,026	14	15,862	600
2018	26,131	11,533	-	872	22	10,639	761
2020	80,097	46,722	-	690	-	46,032	4,047
2021	310,101	41,873	-	12,176	20,087	9,610	2,611
2022	89,923	14,529	-	377	30	14,122	4,423
2023	15,035	14,909	-	732	10	14,167	-
2024			59,762	22,283		37,479	
Total	\$ 4,205,111	\$ 268,110	\$ 59,762	\$ 45,926	\$ 29,225	\$ 252,721	\$ 19,627

## THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Pension	OPEB	
	Trust Fund	Trust Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,608,643	\$ 649,398	\$ 2,258,041
Accounts Receivable	56,060	221,132	277,192
Investments, at Fair Value:			
Mutual Funds	122,294,045	12,724,767	135,018,812
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	19,471,472	-	19,471,472
Commingled Collective Trusts	95,885,872	-	95,885,872
Real Estate	28,355,709		28,355,709
Total Assets	267,671,801	13,595,297	281,267,098
NET POSITION			
Restricted for Pension and OPEB Benefits	\$ 267,671,801	\$ 13,595,297	\$ 281,267,098

## THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Pension	OPEB	
	Trust Fund	Trust Fund	Total
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 9,038,228	\$ 8,506,895	\$ 17,545,123
Plan Members	2,881,763		2,881,763
Total Contributions	11,919,991	8,506,895	20,426,886
Investment Earnings:			
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	30,267,748	1,959,674	32,227,422
Interest and Dividends	2,964,918	271,640	3,236,558
Total Investment Earnings	33,232,666	2,231,314	35,463,980
Less Investment Expenses:			
Investment Management Fees	1,311,081	2,643	1,313,724
Net Investment Earnings	31,921,585	2,228,671	34,150,256
Total Additions	43,841,576	10,735,566	54,577,142
DEDUCTIONS:			
Benefits	22,279,052	8,873,649	31,152,701
Administrative Expense	75,869	91,414	167,283
Total Deductions	22,354,921	8,965,063	31,319,984
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	21,486,655	1,770,503	23,257,158
Net Position - Beginning of Year	246,185,146	11,824,794	258,009,940
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 267,671,801	\$ 13,595,297	\$ 281,267,098

### STATISTICAL SECTION

#### STATISTICAL INFORMATION

This part of the District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents		Page
Financial	Trends	99-103
	schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the s financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue	Capacity	104
	hedule contains information to help the reader assess the District's most ant local revenue source, taxation of member municipalities.	
Debt Cap	acity	105-107
District's	schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the scurrent levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional the future.	
Demogra	ohic and Economic Information	108
	chedule offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader and the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	
Operating	Information	109-111
how the	chedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District and the activities it performs.	

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year												
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
Governmental Activities:													
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,059,734,668	\$ 1,001,688,388	\$ 924,116,642	\$ 884,236,060	\$ 846,161,504	\$ 809,558,713	\$ 738,962,237	\$ 628,338,124	\$ 586,568,408	\$ 484,901,567			
Restricted	784,196	82,460	2,747,931	5,200,545	2,744,874	2,744,874	2,744,874	-	-	-			
Unrestricted	42,617,000	6,967,743	11,203,530	(27,864,263)	(56,289,770)	(57,460,793)	(41,062,433)	(37,710,011)	79,129,891	97,312,929			
Total Governmental													
Activities Net Position	\$ 1,103,135,864	\$ 1,008,738,591	\$ 938,068,103	\$ 861,572,342	\$ 792,616,608	\$ 754,842,794	\$ 700,644,678	\$ 590,628,113	\$ 665,698,299	\$ 582,214,496			
Business-Type Activities:													
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 332,526,794	\$ 331,697,982	\$ 322,397,283	\$ 307,558,127	\$ 281,225,011	\$ 271,278,589	\$ 282,865,698	\$ 279,492,616	\$ 259,143,790	\$ 264,913,659			
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Unrestricted	(17,814,016)	(64,859,429)	(83,854,915)	(108,094,307)	(130,180,132)	(180,975,146)	(166,847,582)	(123,821,368)	(35,082,158)	(14,191,842)			
Total Business-Type													
Activities Net Position	\$ 314,712,778	\$ 266,838,553	\$ 238,542,368	\$ 199,463,820	\$ 151,044,879	\$ 90,303,443	\$ 116,018,116	\$ 155,671,248	\$ 224,061,632	\$ 250,721,817			
Primary Government:													
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,392,261,462	\$ 1,333,386,370	\$ 1,246,513,925	\$ 1,191,794,187	\$ 1,127,386,515	\$ 1,080,837,302	\$ 1,021,827,935	\$ 907,830,740	\$ 848,611,463	\$ 749,815,226			
Restricted	784,196	82,460	2,747,931	5,200,545	2,744,874	2,744,874	2,744,874	-	-	-			
Unrestricted	24,802,984	(57,891,686)	(72,651,385)	(135,958,570)	(186,469,902)	(238,435,939)	(207,910,015)	(161,531,379)	41,148,468	83,121,087			
Total Primary Government													
Net Position	\$ 1,417,848,642	* \$ 1,275,577,144	\$ 1,176,610,471	\$ 1,061,036,162	\$ 943,661,487	\$ 845,146,237	\$ 816,662,794	\$ 746,299,361	\$ 889,759,931	\$ 832,936,313			
	/ / /1	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	. , .,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	, ., .,	,,	,,,,,,	, , , ,	, ,			

<sup>\*</sup> Restated

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year																			
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
EXPENSES																				
Governmental Activities: General Government Engineering and Planning	\$	5,825,761	\$	9,811,731	\$	6,992,276	\$	9,274,700	\$	12,632,933	\$	22,503,242	\$	3,478,751	\$	12,782,032	\$	13,683,241	\$	12,337,881
Operations		27,073,673		31.272.891		17.847.612		20,309,768		19,918,024		32,724,856		11,612,676		15,004,934		25,441,446		6,151,830
Plants and Maintenance		43,345,066		52,752,230		43,551,515		49,002,317		49,634,121		71,412,175		32,932,419		43,573,609		46,577,522		29,189,681
Interest on Long-Term Debt		26,928,528		26,241,767		28,822,898		23,827,057	_	30,987,059	_	28,064,892		30,746,675		26,066,412		24,217,631		19,489,920
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		103,173,028		120,078,619		97,214,301		102,413,842		113,172,137		154,705,165		78,770,521		97,426,987		109,919,840		67,169,312
Business-Type Activities:																				
Water		71,870,996		75,754,916 297,900		76,055,085 257,130		60,552,012 289,595		73,551,706		107,583,098		124,328,800		91,573,513		84,025,204		84,404,787
Hydroelectricity Mid-Connecticut Proiect		354,244		297,900		257,130		289,595		2,037,099		2,116,807		247,281		702,704		827,100 1,793,246		479,326 761,311
Total Business-Type							_		_				_				-			
Activities Expenses	_	72,225,240		76,052,816	_	76,312,215	_	60,841,607	_	75,588,805		109,699,905	_	124,576,081	_	92,276,217		86,645,550		85,645,424
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	175,398,268	\$	196,131,435	\$	173,526,516	\$	163,255,449	\$	188,760,942	\$	264,405,070	\$	203,346,602	\$	189,703,204	\$	196,565,390	\$	152,814,736
							=						_							
PROGRAM REVENUES																				
Governmental Activities: Charges for Services	\$	91,753,508	\$	94,278,825	\$	89,065,815	\$	82,889,800	\$	86,709,779	\$	86,222,994	\$	73,018,310	\$	72,013,708	\$	70,629,736	\$	61.592.665
Operating Grants and	•		*		•		Ť		Ť		•	,,	•	, ,	•	, ,	Ť	,,.	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Contributions Capital Grants and		20,879,786		11,939,689		10,560,612		12,406,369		10,111,198		-		-		-		-		3,992,310
Contributions Total Governmental		23,926,160		19,338,014		19,011,971	_	24,472,158	_	23,423,241		53,379,335		49,836,293		64,775,491		51,301,142		32,768,216
Activities Program																				
Revenues		136,559,454		125,556,528		118,638,398		119,768,327		120,244,218		139,602,329		122,854,603		136,789,199		121,930,878		98,353,191
Business-Type Activities:																				
Charges for Services		99,481,420		98,182,557		106,384,553		102,216,273		106,176,291		92,873,907		79,715,461		82,836,604		75,606,571		74,198,011
Capital Grants and Contributions		13,065,709		5,186,542		5,761,906		5,828,453		6,651,401		4,949,099		17,337,818		20,596,616		12,285,315		4,827,274
Total Business-Type																				
Activities Program Revenues		112,547,129		103,369,099		112,146,459		108,044,726		112,827,692		97,823,006		97,053,279		103,433,220		87,891,886		79,025,285
Tatal Britanam Community																				
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	249,106,583	\$	228,925,627	\$	230,784,857	\$	227,813,053	\$	233,071,910	\$	237,425,335	\$	219,907,882	\$	240,222,419	\$	209,822,764	\$	177,378,476
NET REVENUES (EXPENSES)																				
Governmental Activities	\$	33,386,426	\$	5,477,909	\$	21,424,097	\$	17,354,485	\$	7,072,081	\$	(15,102,836)	\$	44,084,082	\$	39,362,212	\$	12,011,038	\$	31,183,879
Business-Type Activities	_	40,321,889		27,316,283	_	35,834,244	_	47,203,119	_	37,238,887		(11,876,899)	_	(27,522,802)		11,157,003		1,246,336		(6,620,139)
Total Primary Government																				
Net (Revenue) Expense	\$	73,708,315	\$	32,794,192	\$	57,258,341	\$	64,557,604	\$	44,310,968	\$	(26,979,735)	\$	16,561,280	\$	50,519,215	\$	13,257,374	\$	24,563,740

## THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year 2022 2022 2024 2020 2040 2040 2047 2045																			
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities: Sewer Taxation - Member																				
Municipalities	\$	53,076,600	\$	53,076,600	\$	53,076,600	\$	51,475,700	\$	51,475,700	\$	48,153,100	\$	45,004,000	\$	41,670,400	\$	38,944,300	\$	37,446,400
Miscellaneous	·	-		-		217,408		-	•	-	•	3,466,043	·	5,501,247	·	2,813,918		1,864,076	•	116,577
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		7,144,069		5,863,150		1,777,656		125,549		1,029,927		3,573,305		3,060,821		1,689,115		586,401		272,361
Transfers		790,178		6,252,829		-		-		(21,803,894)		14,108,504		12,366,415		(17,707,978)		-		-
Special Item																(31,414,007)		28,760,431		
Total Governmental																				
Activities		61,010,847		65,192,579		55,071,664		51,601,249		30,701,733		69,300,952		65,932,483		(2,948,552)		70,155,208		37,835,338
Business-Type Activities:																				
Miscellaneous		2,911,592		591,736		1,435,520		1,149,683		1,620,957		-		-		1,906,736		2,130,684		2,204,726
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		5,430,922		6,640,995		1,808,784		66,139		77,698		270,730		236,085		201,900		40,783		15,338
Transfers		(790,178)		(6,252,829)		-		-		21,803,894		(14,108,504)		(12,366,415)		-		(28,760,431)		-
Special Item														_		32,809,473				
Total Business-Type Activities		7,552,336		070.000		3,244,304		1,215,822		23,502,549		(13,837,774)		(42,420,220)		24 040 400		(26 500 064)		2 220 064
Activities	_	7,552,556		979,902		3,244,304	_	1,215,622		23,502,549		(13,037,774)		(12,130,330)	_	34,918,109		(26,588,964)		2,220,064
Total Primary Government	\$	68,563,183	\$	66,172,481	\$	58,315,968	\$	52,817,071	\$	54,204,282	\$	55,463,178	\$	53,802,153	\$	31,969,557	\$	43,566,244	\$	40,055,402
CHANGE IN NET POSITION																				
Governmental Activities	\$	94.397.273	\$	70.670.488	\$	76,495,761	\$	68.955.734	\$	37.773.814	\$	54,198,116	\$	110.016.565	\$	36.413.660	\$	82.166.246	\$	69,019,217
Business-Type Activities		47,874,225		28,296,185	_	39,078,548	_	48,418,941	_	60,741,436	_	(25,714,673)	_	(39,653,132)	_	46,075,112	_	(25,342,628)		(4,400,075)
Total Primary Government	\$	142,271,498	\$	98,966,673	\$	115,574,309	\$	117,374,675	\$	98,515,250	\$	28,483,443	\$	70,363,433	\$	82,488,772	\$	56,823,618	\$	64,619,142

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fiscal	Yea	r						
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	$\overline{}$	2019	2018	=	2017	$\equiv$	2016	2015
General Fund: Nonspendable Unassigned	\$ 6,346,056 38,341,356	\$ 5,605,368 38,355,306	\$ 4,738,949 29,068,570	\$ 4,119,875 25,589,950	\$ 3,715,448 28,491,582 *	\$	3,403,852 24,699,867	\$ 3,065,322 23,226,621	\$	2,851,003 16,743,975	\$	3,047,848 14,498,170	\$ 2,987,472 14,501,695
Total General Fund	\$ 44,687,412	\$ 43,960,674	\$ 33,807,519	\$ 29,709,825	\$ 32,207,030	\$	28,103,719	\$ 26,291,943	\$	19,594,978	\$	17,546,018	\$ 17,489,167
All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	\$ 35,357 23,465,343 - 6,398,986	\$ 43,869,488 47,753,498 (5,715,113)	\$ 2,747,931 103,748,269	\$ 5,200,545 102,607,222	\$ 2,744,874 65,115,865 * (31,175,587)	\$	2,744,874 100,487,052	\$ 100,879,288 9,827,026 (6,272,630)		53,957 120,176,898 76,741,076 (130,243,360)	\$	183,283 129,078,070 50,808,229 (76,526,304)	\$ 319,960 155,110,707 2,637,663 (102,328,055)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 29,899,686	\$ 85,907,873	\$ 106,496,200	\$ 107,807,767	\$ 36,685,152	\$	103,231,926	\$ 104,433,684	\$	66,728,571	\$	103,543,278	\$ 55,740,275

<sup>\*</sup> Restated

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
REVENUES										
Taxation - Member Municipalities	\$ 53,076,600	\$ 53,076,600	\$ 53,076,600	\$ 51,475,700	\$ 51,475,700	\$ 48,153,100	\$ 45,004,000	\$ 41,670,400	\$ 38,944,300	\$ 37,446,400
Assessments	2,500,603	3,855,459	2,459,266	3,257,067	1,071,240	696,265	458,413	1,519,217	2,312,965	1,332,938
Sewer User Fees	87,000,930	84,441,743	83,574,020	77,362,758	83,717,134	77,482,872	63,888,022	62,678,046	60,242,461	54,093,916
Intergovernmental Revenues	44,805,946	31,277,703	29,822,275	39,557,271	33,534,439	30,203,841	53,890,725	69,199,739	55,232,126	39,706,369
Investment Income	7,144,069	5,863,150	1,777,656	125,549	1,029,927	3,573,305	3,060,820	1,689,115	586,401	272,361
Other Local Revenues	2,126,591	4,723,126	4,545,071	2,750,512	1,363,443	5,945,349	8,385,615	6,063,916	4,022,343	2,473,789
Total Revenues	196,654,739	183,237,781	175,254,888	174,528,857	172,191,883	166,054,732	174,687,595	182,820,433	161,340,596	135,325,773
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	10,949,053	11,293,913	11,223,405	5,002,410	4,446,417	4,548,043	4,762,419	3,436,145	3,918,725	5,471,054
Engineering and Planning		-	-							
Operations	10,975,860	10,455,986	10,114,533	4,463,088	3,573,467	3,745,528	3,918,542	2,313,810	6,343,886	1,447,931
Plants And Maintenance	34,286,598	32,486,519	30,926,380	20,753,614	19,643,333	18,150,755	15,144,347	20,148,645	17,673,827	17,002,752
Employee Benefits and Other	-	-	-	18,298,717	16,194,956	15,335,071	11,162,192	10,881,861	11,034,670	7,196,385
Debt Service: Principal Retirement	64.400.465	62,182,958	64,529,819	58,903,168	58.091.086	61,289,866	45,242,984	36,642,960	32.141.853	28,706,882
Interest	34.848.416	33,309,631	32,700,162	34,316,367	32.379.979	32,347,160	31,071,486	28,182,268	25.398.643	22.011.825
Legal Services	34,040,410	33,303,031	52,700,102	54,510,507	939,475	32,347,100	51,071,400	20,102,200	23,330,043	22,011,025
Capital Outlay	194,565,121	111,701,535	98,281,591	109,999,550	114,163,376	148,118,412	185,211,071	243,634,827	228,529,877	160.991.417
Total Expenditures	350,025,513	261,430,542	247,775,890	251,736,914	249,432,089	283,534,835	296,513,041	345,240,516	325,041,481	242,828,246
•	000,020,010	201,400,042	241,110,000	201,700,014	240,402,000	200,004,000	200,010,041	040,240,010	020,041,401	242,020,240
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES	(153,370,774)	(78,192,761)	(72,521,002)	(77,208,057)	(77,240,206)	(117,480,103)	(121,825,446)	(162,420,083)	(163,700,885)	(107,502,473)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Bond Proceeds	49.160.170	35.306.400	43,118,950	275.796.690	55.010.000	38.395.250	62.591.950	_	85.331.650	39,070,781
Refunding Bond Proceeds	8,883,913	-	-	6,183,180	76,065,000	58,603,410	-	_	18,301,300	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(9,955,792)	-	-	(7,458,978)	(76,935,985)	(68,712,098)	-	-	(21,140,765)	-
Loan Obligation Proceeds	44,166,548	21,812,570	24,989,581	39,913,700	30,267,733	46,067,106	79,135,454	127,654,336	91,409,817	66,766,625
Bond Premium	5,044,308	4,385,790	7,198,598	30,787,114	15,448,049	7,049,505	7,411,503	· · · · -	5,933,457	3,352,904
Payment for Clean Water Loan Escrow Agent	_	-	· · · · -	(200,711,137)	(49,825,431)	· · · -	· · · · -	-	· · · · -	· · ·
Premium on Refunding Bonds	-	-	-	1,322,898	-	10,539,988	-	-	2,964,849	-
Transfers In	108,394,830	99,122,738	95,057,819	94,234,053	91,788,595	119,345,479	91,667,990	62,444,100	80,984,336	52,502,525
Transfers Out	(107,604,652)	(92,869,909)	(95,057,819)	(94,234,053)	(113,592,489)	(93,198,519)	(74,579,373)	(62,444,100)	(52,223,905)	(52,502,525)
Total Other Financing Sources	98,089,325	67,757,589	75,307,129	145,833,467	28,225,472	118,090,121	166,227,524	127,654,336	211,560,739	109,190,310
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(55,281,449)	(10,435,172)	2,786,127	68,625,410	(49,014,734)	610,018	44,402,078	(34,765,747)	47,859,854	1,687,837
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	129,868,547	140,303,719	137,517,592	68,892,182	* 131,335,645	130,725,627	86,323,549	121,089,296	73,229,442	71,541,605
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 74,587,098	\$ 129,868,547	\$ 140,303,719	\$ 137,517,592	\$ 82,320,911	\$ 131,335,645	\$ 130,725,627	\$ 86,323,549	\$ 121,089,296	\$ 73,229,442
Debt Service as a Percentage to Noncapital Expenditures	64.72 %	63.22 %	61.99 %	61.53 %	60.72 %	62.53 %	61.39 %	53.78 %	49.22 %	63.02 %
Total Debt Service	\$ 99.248.881	\$ 95,492,589	\$ 97.229.981	\$ 93.219.535	\$ 91.410.540	\$ 93.637.026	\$ 76.314.470	\$ 64.825.228	\$ 57.540.496	\$ 50.718.707
Capitalized Capital Outlay	(196,669,488)	(110,373,207)	(90,930,706)	(100,222,938)	(98,882,354)	(133,794,027)	(172,201,352)	(224,712,443)	(208,127,036)	(162,349,655)
Noncapital Expenditures	153,356,025	151,057,335	156,845,184	151,513,976	150,549,735	149,740,808	124,311,689	120,528,073	116,914,445	80,478,591
Horioapital Expolatation	100,000,020	101,007,000	100,040,104	101,010,070	100,040,700	140,740,000	124,511,005	120,020,070	110,014,440	55,475,551

\*Restated

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DISTRIBUTION OF ANNUAL TAX LEVY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Hartford	East rtford Hartford No		Newington Wethersfield		Bloomfield	Rocky Hill	West <u>Hartford</u>	Total Tax Levy	
2024	26.05% \$ 13,826,794	11.64% \$ 6,178,994	8.98% \$ 4,767,022	8.05% \$ 4,270,904	8.95% \$ 4,751,784	7.29% \$ 3,869,024	6.32% \$ 3,352,446	22.72% \$ 12,059,632	\$ 53,076,600	
2023	26.23 13,923,310	11.73 6,227,300	9.00 4,776,720	8.04 4,266,270	8.88 4,712,920	7.22 3,831,630	6.21 3,294,640	22.69 12,043,810	53,076,600	
2022	26.50 14,067,500	11.80 6,264,400	9.04 4,799,100	8.01 4,252,500	8.85 4,698,600	7.29 3,868,400	6.04 3,206,800	22.46 11,919,300	53,076,600	
2021	25.58 13,169,100	11.69 6,015,200	9.09 4,681,000	8.19 4,214,100	8.84 4,551,500	7.40 3,808,100	6.16 3,171,200	23.05 11,865,500	51,475,700	
2020	25.32 13,035,400	11.83 6,089,300	8.98 4,623,100	8.24 4,240,800	8.96 4,611,600	7.54 3,879,300	6.11 3,144,100	23.02 11,852,100	51,475,700	
2019	25.70 12,372,000	11.99 5,775,200	8.97 4,318,900	8.26 3,979,400	8.88 4,274,900	7.24 3,488,600	6.04 2,909,600	22.92 11,034,500	48,153,100	
2018	25.67 11,550,400	12.19 5,486,600	9.16 4,120,900	8.24 3,707,800	8.89 4,001,500	7.24 3,256,200	6.03 2,712,500	22.59 10,168,100	45,004,000	
2017	26.31 10,963,200	12.14 5,059,400	9.01 3,752,900	8.18 3,408,200	8.78 3,656,900	7.36 3,067,100	5.94 2,475,800	22.28 9,286,900	41,670,400	
2016	26.13 10,174,900	12.23 4,762,000	9.01 3,508,400	8.24 3,207,700	8.74 3,404,700	7.54 2,936,000	5.75 2,239,700	22.36 8,710,900	38,944,300	
2015	27.50 10,298,600	11.99 4,490,100	8.78 3,287,300	8.07 3,022,000	8.61 3,222,600	7.34 2,752,400	5.75 2,153,700	21.95 8,219,700	37,446,400	

Source: Tax warrants served on member towns.

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities													
		General		OI 14/ 1						General Obligation	Drinking Water Fund			_		Total	Percentage of Personal	Outot	Total	
Ye	ar		Obligation Bonds		Clean Water Fund Loans	_	Revenue Bonds		Premiums	_	Bonds		Loans		Premiums	O	utstanding Debt	Income		anding Debt er Capita
202	24	\$	362,245,824	\$	442,720,200	\$	321,280,000	\$	63,173,419	\$	359,429,176	\$	61,931,977	\$	38,149,607	\$	1,648,930,203	10.89 %	\$	4,529
202	23		374,311,269		427,319,411		296,755,000		66,946,012		316,613,731		54,165,354		37,193,262		1,573,304,039	10.86		4,310
202	22		360,843,438		433,151,230		309,455,000		71,020,930		296,016,562		55,810,939		36,552,010		1,562,850,109	11.16		4,294
202	21		339,049,664		435,416,291		325,405,000		71,737,964		283,805,337		56,789,941		35,553,534		1,547,757,731	10.61		3,798
202	20		301,040,982		476,391,446		252,350,000		68,379,540		246,359,019		49,861,600		28,687,419		1,423,070,006	10.00		3,492
20	19		321,971,912		527,219,298		197,740,000		61,527,071		263,903,089		51,989,586		30,738,850		1,455,089,806	11.07		3,523
20	18		313,429,633		510,928,231		209,180,000		49,069,482		245,900,361		53,100,633		22,838,290		1,404,446,630	10.69		3,356
20	17		267,601,331		456,402,106		213,050,000		44,213,815		211,468,661		53,391,540		17,889,117		1,264,016,570	10.17		3,088
20	16		280,392,899		348,839,161		216,810,000		46,665,336		222,847,089		52,742,532		19,159,532		1,187,456,549	9.87		3,009
20	15		208,159,425		274,299,755		220,490,000		39,827,550		179,515,564		40,354,348		11,533,978		974,180,620	8.83		2,658

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year											
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
Debt Limit	\$ 1,573,325,243	\$ 1,525,374,136	\$ 1,466,255,224	\$ 1,366,406,598	\$ 1,317,246,191	\$ 1,298,953,045	\$ 1,277,811,488	\$ 1,260,243,294	\$ 1,243,899,020	\$ 1,211,556,756		
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	849,290,808	869,124,263	808,219,741	802,420,538	897,446,518	923,986,894	945,046,541	946,055,259	907,121,892	721,360,548		
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 724.034.435	\$ 656.249.873	\$ 658.035.483	\$ 563,986,060	\$ 419.799.673	\$ 374.966.151	\$ 332.764.947	\$ 314.188.035	\$ 336.777.128	\$ 490.196.208		
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	53.98 %	56.98 %	55.12 %	58.72 %	68.13 %	71.13 %	73.96 %	75.07 %	72.93 %	59.54 %		

Note: The State of Connect The State of Connecticut General Statutes require that in no event shall the total debt of the District exceed 5% of the combined § 5% of the combined grand list of District member municipalities.

The calculation of the 2024 debt limit can be found on Table 8 of this report.

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2024

Combined 2024 Grand List of Member Municipalities of the District	\$ 31,466,504,856
Debt Limit, 5% Thereof	1,573,325,243
Total Outstanding Debt, December 31, 2024:	
Water General Obligation Bonds	264,782,451
DWSRF Project Loan Obligations	50,573,533
Sewer General Obligation Bonds	244,325,736
CWF Project Loan Obligations	29,211,190
Clean Water Project General Obligation Bonds (b)	26,985,000
Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds (b)	321,280,000
Clean Water Project CWF Project Loan Obligations (b)	338,113,355
Combined General Obligation Bonds	185,581,813
Total Direct-Long-Term Indebtedness	1,460,853,078
Outstanding Bonds and Notes:	
DWSRF Interim Funding Obligation	119,720,439
CWF Interim Funding Obligation (b)	15,683,309
Total Direct Short-Term Indebtedness	135,403,748
Total Direct Indebtedness	1,596,256,826
Less: Outstanding Debt Not Subject to Debt Limitation:	
Water Bonds (a)	264,782,451
DWSRF Project Loan Obligations	50,573,533
DWSRF Interim Funding Obligations	15,683,309
Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds (b)	321,280,000
Water's Share of Combined General Obligation Bonds	94,646,725
Total Outstanding Debt Not Subject to Debt Limitation	746,966,018
Total Debt Subject to Debt Limitation	849,290,808
Excess of Charter Debt Limitation Over Outstanding Debt	\$ 724,034,435

- (a) The District's Charter does not limit its borrowing capacity for water purposes, but limits its capacity for nonwater purposes to 5% of the combined grand lists of its member municipalities. The nature of this limitation requires the aggregation of obligations which normally appear in separate account groups.
- (b) It is expected that these obligations issued pursuant to authorizations totaling \$1.826 billion for the District's Clean Water Project will be supported by a Special Sewer Service Surcharge levied annually and added to customers' water bills.

Note: In the above schedule, Interim Funding Obligations are considered short-term indebtedness. For GAAP purposes, these are included as long-term indebtedness.

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population		Personal on Income		Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate	
2024	*	364,058	\$	15,140,549,614	\$ 41,588	38.9	47,168	4.24 %	
2023		365,075		14,490,463,203	39,692	38.9	48,896	4.74	
2022		363,988		14,007,077,856	38,482	39.4	47,693	5.06	
2021		364,263		13,034,465,340	35,783	38.9	48,826	8.92	
2020		362,937		12,667,977,702	34,904	38.6	50,732	9.88	
2019		364,173		11,595,158,185	31,840	38.4	51,765	6.08	
2018		364,869		11,456,046,993	31,398	38.5	52,245	5.18	
2017		364,393		11,070,762,172	30,381	38.3	52,921	6.14	
2016		365,289		11,143,038,584	30,505	38.2	55,234	6.84	
2015		366,470		11,026,722,853	30,089	38.1	53,358	7.64	

Sources: Town ACFRs

Any information not contained in ACFRs was taken from the U.S. Census Bureau

or the Department of Labor.

<sup>\*</sup>Bloomfield's 2024 ACFR data was not available, 2023 data was used to estimate.

### THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Officials/Administrators	32	34	30	30	28	36	31	32	34	32
Other Administrative	29	30	25	30	32	33	31	30	32	33
Professional/Technical	142	140	148	162	162	160	164	166	170	174
Protective Service	2	2	7	6	12	10	8	8	8	8
Skilled Craft, Service/Maintenance	230	240	228	234	227	240	240	246	265	275
Total	435	446	438	462	461	479	474	482	509	522

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 1,950 or 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 1,950 or 2,080.

Source: Budget analysis from data provided by Human Resources.

## THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT WATER OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Water Operations:										
Miles of Water Mains Added	4.94	(0.04)	0.14	0.63	0.12	3.04	3.71	0.77	1.56	2.10
Total Miles of Water Mains	1,577	1,578	1,579	1,579	1,562	1,562	1,557	1,554	1,553	1,551
Water Connections Made	102,135	102,018	101,879	101,816	101,731	102,184	102,051	101,836	101,599	101,446
Average Daily Consumption (Millions of Gallons)	45.15	44.15	46.38	45.98	47.63	45.80	37.34	39.30	39.59	40.07
,										
Maximum Consumption (Millions of Gallons Daily)	64.78	57.74	65.3	65.46	69.89	63.65	68.80	61.70	71.94	70.09
Minimum Consumption										
(Millions of Gallons Daily)	36.81	36.73	37.45	38.62	38.15	38.94	37.84	39.20	39.9	37.57
Number of Hydrants	10,243	10,225	10,203	10,189	10,216	10,166	10,720	10,329	10,197	11,238
Number of Meters	100,984	100,929	100,814	100,608	100,452	98,250	99,946	98,239	102,987	101,400
Plant Capacity										
(Millions of Gallons)	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126

Source: MDC Budgets

## THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SEWER OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Sewer Operations:										
Miles of Sewer Mains Added	1.51	0.58	0.44	0.92	2.43	0.81	1.20	(0.34)	1.57	2.89
Total Miles of Sanitary Sewers	1,097.08	1,096.84	1,096.70	1,095.61	1,092.67	1,090.24	1,089.43	1,088.23	1,088.57	1,087.47
Miles of Combined Sewers	149	149	149	149	159	159	159	159	159	159
Miles of Storm Sewers	105	105	105	105	79	79	79	78	79	79
Sewer Connections Made	92,071	91,970	91,843	91,506	91,376	91,208	91,037	91,011	90,728	90,566
Average Daily Flow										
(Millions of Gallons)	80.61	87.96	67.71	80.35	72.30	79.42	80.70	65.20	56.70	60.50
Estimated Sewer Connections	0	0	0	0	0	0	91,011	91,011	90,728	90,566
Plant Capacity										
(Millions of Gallons)	85	85	85	85	105	105	105	105	105	105

Source: MDC Budgets