THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Hartford County Hartford, Connecticut

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



Year Ended December 31, 2022

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



The Metropolitan District water supply · environmental services · geographic information

May 19, 2023

District Chairman Members of the District Board Members of the Board of Finance The Metropolitan District Hartford, Connecticut

Dear Chairman DiBella, Commissioners and Citizen Members:

State law requires that every governmental unit publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements conforming to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental units, as audited by an independent firm of licensed public accountants. We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of The Metropolitan District (hereafter, "the District" or "the MDC") for fiscal year end December 31, 2022.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal controls established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed their anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP ("CLA, LLP"), licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of the District's financial statements for fiscal year end December 31, 2022. The independent accountant's report is located in the front of the financial statement section of this report.

The MDC's fiscal year 2022 audit includes an audit of all federal grants in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), which provides, in part, that state and local governments expending more than \$750,000 in federal financial assistance must have a single audit for the fiscal year. The single audit is in lieu of any financial and compliance audits required by any federal agency.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides, in narrative form, an introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal.

Description of the District

The District was created by the Connecticut General Assembly in 1929 and operates as a specially chartered municipal corporation of the State under Act No. 511 of the 1929 Special Acts of the State of Connecticut, as amended (the "MDC Charter" or the "District's Charter"). The Member Municipalities incorporated in the District are the City of Hartford and the Towns of Bloomfield, East Hartford, Newington, Rocky Hill, West Hartford, Wethersfield and Windsor (collectively, the "Member Municipalities"). The District's purpose is to provide a complete, adequate and modern system of water supply and sewage collection, treatment and disposal for its Member Municipalities. Additionally, because of a Charter amendment approved by the Connecticut General Assembly in 1979, the District is also empowered to construct, maintain, and operate hydroelectric dams. The District also provides sewage disposal facilities and supplies water, under special agreements, to all or portions of several non-member municipalities as well as various State facilities. These non-member municipalities currently include Berlin, East Granby, Farmington, Glastonbury, Manchester, New Britain, Portland, South Windsor and Windsor Locks.

The District Board

A 33-member Board of Commissioners, referred to as the District Board, governs the District. The Member Municipalities appoint seventeen of the commissioners, eight are appointed by the Governor of the State, and four are appointed by the leadership of the Connecticut State Legislature. Four non-voting commissioners are appointed from non-member municipalities, one each from the towns of Glastonbury, South Windsor, East Granby and Farmington. Appointments made by municipalities having three or more members are subject to the minority representation provisions of Section 9-167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. All commissioners serve without remuneration for a term of six years.

Powers and Responsibilities of the District Board

The District Board is authorized to establish ordinances or bylaws; organize committees and bureaus; define the powers and duties of such bodies; fix salaries and define the duties of all officers and employees; appoint deputies to any officers or agents of the District; and issue negotiable bonds, notes or other certificates of debt to meet the cost of public improvements or to raise funds in anticipation of taxes or water revenue, which debt shall be an obligation of the District and its inhabitants. The District Board has the power to levy a tax upon the Member Municipalities to finance the operational and capital budget of the General Fund.

The District Board refers a proposed budget of revenues and expenditures to the Board of Finance annually. The Board of Finance reviews the proposed budget, adjusts if desired, and refers it back to the District Board for final review, changes as necessary, and enactment. Capital project appropriations to be financed by the issuance of bonds, notes and other obligations of the District are subject to approval of the District Board upon recommendation of the Board of Finance.

Consumer Advocate

Public Act No. 17-1 established an Independent Consumer Advocate to act as an independent advocate for consumer interest in all matters which may affect District consumers, including, but not limited to, rates, water quality, water supply, and wastewater service quality. The Independent Consumer Advocate may appear and participate in District matters or any other federal or state regulatory or judicial proceeding in which consumers of the District are or may be involved. The Independent Consumer Advocate submits quarterly reports of his or her activities to the District, the Member Municipalities and the State Consumer Counsel. Such reports are available on the District's website and the Consumer Counsel's website.

Administration

Responsibility for the overall administration and management of District policy, operations and services rests with the Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer has direct responsibility for the Human Resources and Communications functions and manages the remaining functions through the Chief Operating Officer ("COO") and Chief Administrative Officer ("CAO"). The COO has responsibility for design and construction of the District's clean water project, asset management and capital planning programs, engineering, maintenance, operations, water pollution control, water treatment and supply, patrol and environment, health and safety functions of the District. The CAO has responsibility for the District's procurement, accounting, budgeting, treasury, risk management functions, information technology and customer service.

Local Economy

The Member Municipalities of the MDC are a mixture of urban and suburban communities with an aggregate population of 364,371 people and median household incomes ranging from \$37,477 to \$111,997, according to 2021 Census data. These diverse municipalities comprise a strong and stable service area as evidenced by a 10-year growth of 21.1% in the combined municipalities' grand lists from 2012 to 2022. The combined grand lists not only reflect single family residences and multifamily housing units, but also include major industries such as manufacturers of technology products, building systems and aerospace industries, hospitals, universities, utilities and several financial institutions and insurance companies.

Economic conditions generally affecting the State of Connecticut impact the District's Member Municipalities, particularly employment opportunities for area residents. Within the last decade ending 2022, the State of Connecticut has had seasonally adjusted annual unemployment rates higher than the United States in six of the ten years, with slightly lower rates in 2016, 2018, 2019, and 2020. For the District's fiscal year 2022, the State of Connecticut had an average annual unemployment rate of 4.2% compared to the United States' rate of 3.6%.

The Member Municipalities, for the most part, have retained their strong financial positions. Seven of the eight Member Municipalities have S&P ratings that are AA or higher and represent 73.8% of the 2023 ad valorem taxes due from Member Municipalities to the MDC. The outliers are West Hartford (22.7%) and Windsor (8.9%) both with AAA ratings and Hartford (26.2%) with a BBB rating with a positive outlook.

In response to a prolonged period of fiscal distress, the City of Hartford entered into a Contract Assistance Agreement with the State of Connecticut in March 2018 whereby the State agreed to make the City's \$543 million general fund debt service payments in exchange for the City's agreement to state oversight under the Municipal Accountability Review Board (MARB), established under Public Act 17-2. The City is now required to secure approvals of the State and/or the MARB of annual budgets, debt issuances, and significant contracts, as well as submit five-year financial recovery plan. In response to the Contract Assistance Agreement and increased economic activity, the City of Hartford's underlying bond rating has increased steadily to BBB with a positive outlook from S&P.

The State and the Greater Hartford region boasts strong financial/insurance, a resurging advanced manufacturing, and emerging biotech clusters. Greater Hartford has a concentration of key, high-opportunity industries, including aerospace, business services, finance, insurance, and biomedical device development, each of which could lead to an overall economic upturn and drive regional growth. The region is home to over a dozen colleges and universities, growing transit connectivity, a revitalized riverfront, and other amenities that are expected to support and attract the talent needed to spur and maintain economic growth within member towns offering diverse lifestyle options.

Fiscal Responsibility, Strategic Outlook and Long-Term Financial Planning

Consistent with MDC's adopted Strategic Plan, the MDC proactively monitors the current business and statutory and regulatory environment in which it operates, and continually evaluates its operating policies and procedures and its rate structure, as well as how the MDC interacts with its customers and key stakeholders.

On May 16, 2017, Public Act 17-1 was signed into law by the Governor. In addition to the MDC's existing powers outlined in its Charter, the new legislation provides the following:

- Authorizes the MDC to levy additional taxes on the Member Municipalities during the fiscal year if a Member Municipality was late in paying, or did not pay, its portion of Ad Valorem tax;
- Expands the MDC's ability to borrow on a short-term basis to include working capital (operational) purposes, in addition to funding for capital projects, for a term up to three years; and
- Redirects State of Connecticut PILOT payments under Section 12-18b, otherwise payable to a Member Municipality, to the MDC if the Member Municipality fails to pay Ad Valorem tax to the MDC within the MDC's fiscal year.

The MDC expects that these tools will allow it to react to a mid-year default by a Member Municipality in a timely, less disruptive and more accommodating fashion. The tools provided by Public Act 17-1 combined with MARB oversight, contract assistance and restructuring grants for Hartford, as noted in the Local Economy section, has significantly reduced the potential impact of a Member Municipality default on the MDC's finances.

Given the increased complexity and demands of the Clean Water Project, a project mandated by EPA and DEEP to upgrade our sewer infrastructure and detailed below, the MDC has developed and maintained complex and sophisticated forecasting models to plan future short- and long-term debt issuances, develop comprehensive cash flow projections, and determine impacts on future rate structures. Utilizing these tools proactively has enabled the MDC to model numerous scenarios and communicate effectively with its commissioners, customers, key stakeholders, the State and members of the investment community about the MDC's financial position, progress of the Clean Water Project and the MDC's future financing plans.

The MDC maintains a positive unassigned fund balance in its general fund (32.3% of total general fund revenues). In August 2019, the District Board adopted a formal policy which seeks to maintain an unassigned general fund balance between 30% and 35% of total general fund revenues. Through prudent planning and funding, the Metropolitan District Employee's Retirement System (MDERS), under GASB 67, has a plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability of 70.2% as of December 31, 2022. Collectively, these measurements illustrate the financial strength of the District.

The District's Charter limits the amount of general obligation debt it may issue to 5.0% of the combined grand lists of its member towns, which is \$29.3 billion for their 2022 grand lists. The current debt limitation for the District is \$1.5 billion of which the District has \$0.8 billion outstanding leaving an available balance of \$0.7 billion. The District will continue to meet its significant operational and capital obligations while maintaining one of the region's lowest water and sewer rate structures.

Major Initiative: Evolution of the Clean Water Project

As originally conceived in 2005, and as set forth in the initial LTCP, the Clean Water Project was estimated to cost approximately \$2.1 billion, and assumed to be completed in 2021, based on assumptions about, among other things, the design as originally conceived and the pace of design, construction and regulatory review and approval. The original concept relied on sewer separation projects, control of inflow and infiltration, and capacity increases and other improvements to the District's treatment plants.

An updated LTCP was submitted to DEEP in 2012 and revised through December 2014. The revised plan de-emphasized sewer separation projects (which proved expensive and unduly disruptive in downtown areas) and added a large storage and conveyance tunnel in south Hartford (the "South Tunnel"). It also featured a large storage and conveyance tunnel to the northern part of Hartford (the "North Tunnel") that connected to the South Tunnel, which was intended to both capture overflows in the northern and central part of Hartford and to eliminate overflows into the North Branch of the Park River. This resubmittal as approved in 2015 set out a completion of the project by 2029.

The LTCP was most recently revised and resubmitted to Connecticut DEEP in December 2018. Through meetings and negotiations with CT DEEP an agreement was reached, and a new Consent Order was signed in September 2022. Although no formal approval was issued, the new consent order, which will replace the existing consent order, incorporates a Phase I Implementation Plan for the years 2023-2029. The resubmitted LTCP introduces the concept of an "Integrated Plan". The Integrated Plan coordinates the District's ongoing capital improvement and maintenance program with projects reasonably necessary to comply with the CSO consent order. This plan included remedies such as replacing aged and damaged pipes and other system components, cleaning and other maintenance and rehabilitation activities, thereby increasing pipe capacity to reduce overflows.

The concept and guidelines for Integrated Planning were introduced and accepted by the EPA in 2012 for communities dealing with CSO compliance issues coupled with the ongoing obligation to maintain its existing aging infrastructure in an affordable manner. Managing this program balances new capital expenditures with maintenance expenditures, with priorities addressed to reduce, insofar as practical, costly emergency repairs of sewer collapses and other problems.

The resubmitted LTCP retains the South Tunnel (which is in construction) and related improvements (which are well underway). However, the resubmitted LTCP replaces the North Tunnel concept with a shortened downtown area tunnel and separation projects in conjunction with capacity improvements in the northern part of Hartford. The Plan contemplates a compliance effort over a longer term (i.e. 40 years) and integrated ongoing maintenance and a rehabilitation program. The Plan combines the Clean Water Project with other capital improvements that had not been considered part of Clean Water Project and continues to finance the combined effort with the Clean Water Project Charge. The Plan has a view to achieve compliance with the governmental orders efficiently within the context of the District's other capital improvements while implementing a more affordable economic model for the rate payers.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement (COA) for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the MDC for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 ACFR. The District has received this award 28 times and is confident that this current ACFR continues to meet the rigorous standards of the COA program. This prestigious award is conferred upon government entities who publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfies all GAAP and applicable legal reporting requirements and is valid for one year.

Special thanks to members of the Board of Finance and District Board for the guidance and support they provide year after year. The District's financial strength reflects their vigilance and stewardship. Also, special thanks to the employees in the Finance Department that have joined their many talents to produce this ACFR.

The District remains committed to the efficient fulfillment of its core mission of providing our customers with safe, pure drinking water, environmentally protective wastewater collection and treatment and other services that benefit its member towns.

Conclusion

We demonstrate our commitment to our customers, member towns, stakeholders, and investors by our fiscally and environmentally responsible actions. We pride ourselves in knowing that our customers enjoy the highest quality drinking water in the region at a cost that is consistently lower than any public or private water supply provider of similar size anywhere in Connecticut.

At the same time, we also take great pride in engineering and constructing the largest public works project in New England - the Clean Water Project- with the overwhelming support of our Member Municipalities and customers. Looking forward, the MDC will continue to develop sound business goals and adopt implementation plans that fulfill the performance objectives set forth in its Strategic Plan.

Sincerely,

Scott W. Jellison Chief Executive Officer

Robert Barron Director of Finance / Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

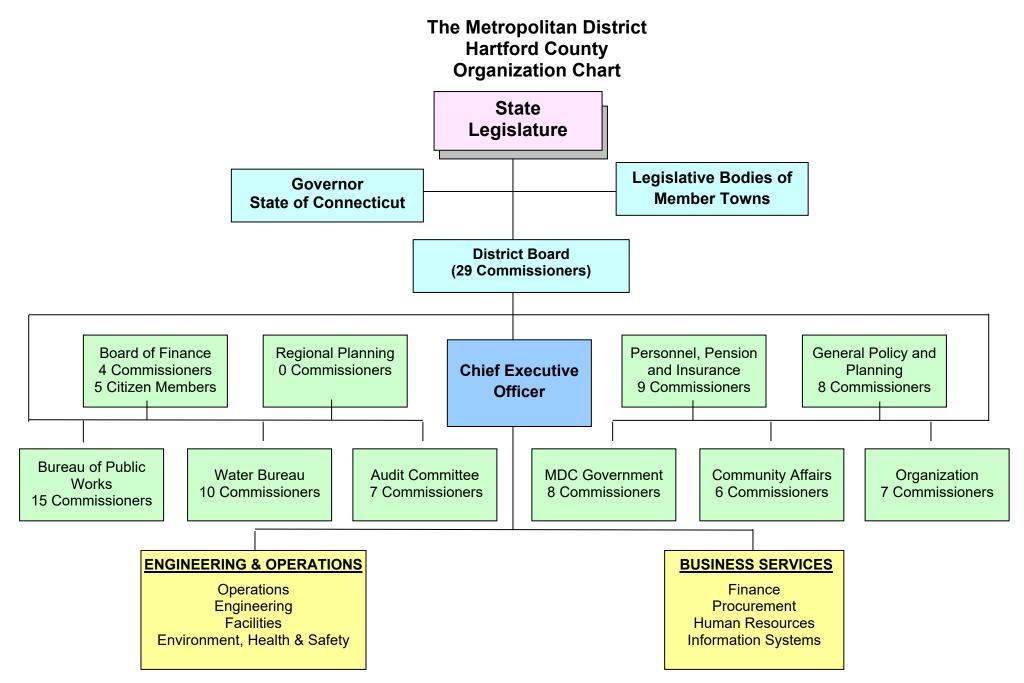
The Metropolitan District Connecticut

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT THE DISTRICT BOARD

Name	Primary Occupation	Municipality Represented	Term Expires	Bureaus, Boards, Committees
William A. DiBella, Chairman	Consultant	Hartford	12-31-2026	Ex-Officio Member of all Bureaus, Boards, Commissions and Standing Committees except Ethics Advisory Committee. Regular Member (Not Ex- Officio) of Committee on Technology
Maureen Magnan, Vice Chairman	Deputy Commission, CT Department of Consumer Protection	West Hartford	12-31-2026	Bureau of Public Works, General Policy and Planning, Committee on MDC Government, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee, Community Affairs Committee, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Investment Subcommittee
Andrew Adil	Investment Advisor	Wethersfield	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Water Bureau, Board of Finance, Strategic Planning Committee, Riverfront Recapture Subcommittee, Water Bureau Subcommittee on Customer Base
John Avedisian	Operations Manager/Aero space Metallurgical Lab	Windsor	12-31-2022	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on MDC Government, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Strategic Planning Committee
John Bazzano		Hartford	12-31-2028	
Clifford Avery Buell	Investment Advisor	Hartford	12-31-2028	Water Bureau, Committee on MDC Government, Committee on Organization, Community Affairs Committee, Water Bureau Subcommittee on Customer Base
Richard Bush	Self- Employed/ Real Estate Investment and Property Management	West Hartford	12-31-2022	Bureau of Public Works, Strategic Planning Committee
Donald Currey	Retired	East Hartford	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, General Policy & Planning, Board of Finance, Committee on Organization, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Audit Committee, Riverfront Recapture Subcommittee
Dimple Desai	Director/ Planning & Zoning	Rocky Hill	12-31-2024	

David Drake	Professional Engineer	Wethersfield	12-32-2026	Bureau of Public Works, General Policy & Planning, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Committee on Technology
John Gale	Attorney	Hartford	12-31-2026	
Peter Gardow	Engineer	Legislative Appointee	12-31-2026	Water Bureau, Committee on MDC Government, Committee on Organization, Audit Committee
Joan Gentile	Retired/Busine ss Lawyer	East Hartford	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Strategic Planning Committee, Committee on Technology, Ethics Advisory Committee (Alternate)
James Healy	Attorney	West Hartford	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Committee on MDC Government, Strategic Planning Committee
Allen Hoffman	Retired	Legislative Appointee	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Board of Finance, Committee on MDC Government, Committee on Organization, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, Riverfront Recapture Subcommittee, Ethics Advisory Committee (Alternate)
Christian Hoheb	Attorney	Farmington	12-31-2026	District Board Only
Georgiana E. Holloway	Retired	Hartford	12-31-2026	Water Bureau, General Policy and Planning, Community Affairs Committee, Committee on MDC Government
Mary LaChance	Senior Information Services Director	Glastonbury	12-31-2025	District Board Only
Byron Lester	Retired	Bloomfield	12-31-2024	Bureau of Public Works, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee
Diane Lewis	Case Manager of Jobs Funnel / Best Chance Programs	Hartford	12-31-2024	Water Bureau, Community Affairs Committee, Audit Committee, Ethics Advisory Committee
Jackie Gorsky Mandyck	Executive Director	West Hartford	12-31-2024	Water Bureau, Committee on Organization, Community Affairs Committee, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee
Michael Maniscalco	Town Manager	South Windsor	12-31-2024	District Board Only

Dominic Pane	Self-Employed / Owner	Newington	12-31-2022	Bureau of Public Works, Water Bureau, General Policy & Planning, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, Water Bureau Subcommittee on Customer Base, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Investment Subcommittee
Bhupen Patel	Retired	Newington	12-31-2026	Bureau of Public Works, General Policy & Planning, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Investment Subcommittee, Ethics Advisory Committee
Jon Petoskey		East Hartford	12-31-2020*	Water Bureau, Strategic Planning Committee
Pasquale J. Salemi	Retired	East Hartford	12-31-2028	Water Bureau, Board of Finance, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee, Riverfront Recapture Subcommittee, Committee on Technology
Alvin E. Taylor	Retired	Legislative Appointee	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Water Bureau, General Policy & Planning, Committee on MDC Government, Committee on Organization, Personnel, Pension & Insurance Committee, Community Affairs Committee, Audit Committee, Strategic Planning Committee, Personnel, Pension and Insurance Investment Subcommittee, Committee on Technology, Water Bureau Subcommittee on Customer Base
Calixto Torres	Retired	Hartford	12-31-2028	Bureau of Public Works, Strategic
James Woulfe	Insurance Executive	Hartford	12-31-2024	Planning Committee Bureau of Public Works, General Policy & Planning, Committee on Organization, Strategic Planning Committee, Ethics Advisory Committee
Michael Carrier	Attorney	Representative from New Britain	12-31-2010*	Ex-Officio Member of the Water Bureau of District Board

*Commissioners appointed by Municipalities continue to serve until a successor is selected.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

	Total	Appointed By	Appointed By	
	Commissioners	Municipality	Governor	Legislature
Hartford	8	6	2	
East Hartford	4	3	1	
West Hartford	4	3	1	
Windsor	1	1		
Bloomfield	1	1		
Wethersfield	2	1		
Newington	2	1	1	
Rocky Hill	1	1		
East Granby	0			
Farmington	1	1		
Glastonbury	1	1		
South Windsor	1	1		
Legislative				
Appointment	3			3
	29	20	55	4

HARTFORD COUNTY DISTRIBUTION OF DISTRICT BOARD MEMBERSHIP AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022*

* One Windsor Commissioner appointed by the Governor, One Hartford Commissioner appointed by the Governor, One Legislative Commissioner appointed by the House Speaker, and one East Granby Commissioner appointed by the municipality are vacant as of 12/31/2022.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

HARTFORD COUNTY BOARD OF FINANCE

	Term <u>Expires</u>
William A. DiBella (Ex-Officio)	12-31-2026
Andrew Adil	12-31-2024
Donald Currey	12-31-2024
Allen Hoffman	12-31-2024
Pasquale J. Salemi	12-31-2028
Drew Lacovazzi	12-31-2023
Linda A. King-Corbin	12-31-2023
Nick Lebron	12-31-2023
Linda Russo	12-31-2023
Awet Tsegai	12-31-2023

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Finance The Metropolitan District Hartford, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Metropolitan District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The Metropolitan District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise The Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Board of Finance The Metropolitan District

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 19, 2023 on our consideration of The Metropolitan District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of The Metropolitan District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The Metropolitan District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut May 19, 2023

This discussion and analysis of the Metropolitan District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter (beginning on page i-vi), basic financial statements (beginning on page 20), and notes to the financial statements (beginning on page 32).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide financials

- Total net position of the District at the close of fiscal year 2022 is \$1.177 billion. Of this amount, negative \$72.7 million is unrestricted. The negative unrestricted balance is due to long-term liabilities related to pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB).
- Total net position increased \$115.6 million or 10.9% over the prior fiscal year, \$76.5 million in governmental activities and \$39.1 million in business-type activities.
 - Capital assets increased \$78.6 million overall, \$54.3 million in governmental activities and \$24.3 million in business-type activities. These increases are due primarily to construction work in progress, or CIP.
 - The governmental activities CIP is driven primarily by Clean Water projects totaling \$41.5 million, and
 - The business-type activities CIP is driven primarily by Wickham Hill Area Water Main Replacement, \$5.3 million; Assessable Water Main Replacements, \$4.1 million; Newington Road Water Main Replacements, \$3.5 million; New Park Avenue Water Main Replacement, \$3.2 million; and Bishop's Corner Water Main Replacement, \$2.9 million.
 - Cash, receivables and other assets increased by \$33.0 million overall, \$21.4 in governmental activities and \$11.6 in business-type activities.
 - Current and long-term liabilities increased by \$24.8 million overall.
 - Governmental activities increased its liabilities by a net \$11.2 million. This increase was driven by increases of \$9.5 million in current and \$1.7 million in long-term liabilities.
 - Business-type activities increased its liabilities by net \$13.6 million. This increase was driven by increases of \$3.9 million in current and \$9.7 million in long-term liabilities.
 - Net deferrals increased by \$28.8 million, driven primarily by pension, as follows:
 - Pension net deferral increased by \$44.9 million, comprised of a \$17.1 million increase in deferred outflows and an \$27.8 million decrease in deferred inflows.
 - Change of refunding net deferral increased by \$0.1 million, comprised of a \$0.3 million decrease in deferred outflows, offset by a \$0.4 million decrease in deferred inflows.
 - OPEB net deferral decreased by \$16.2, comprised of a \$6.8 million decrease in deferred outflows and a \$9.4 million increase in deferred inflows.

Fund financials

- The fund balance for the total Governmental Funds at the close of fiscal year 2022 is \$140.3 million. Of this amount, \$103.7 million is committed for Clean Water and Capital projects, \$29.1 is unassigned in the General Fund, \$2.7 million is restricted for Debt Service and \$4.7 million is non-spendable inventory and pre-paid items in the General Fund.
- The \$29.1 million unassigned fund balance in the General fund is 32.3% of the \$90.1 million total General fund revenues. The District's fund balance policy targets a range of 30-35% for this ratio.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three major components along with other supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (pages 20-21). The government-wide financial statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to that used by private-sector companies.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the current year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

These two statements report the District's net position and the change in net position. Net position is the residual of assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. These statements separate District activities as follows:

Governmental activities - Include general government, operations, plants and maintenance, and Interest on long-term debt, and in particular include its wastewater operations which are principally supported by taxes, charges for services, operating grants and contributions, capital grants and contributions.

Business-type activities - Include Water and Hydroelectricity facilities and are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges and capital grants and contributions.

Fund Financial Statements (pages 22-31). Is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds -- The District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Clean Water Project Fund and the Capital Project Fund, which are designated major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary funds -- The District maintains three proprietary type funds, major and non-major enterprise funds and an internal service fund. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its water and hydroelectricity operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for water operations considered a major fund of the District, and hydroelectricity operations, which is nonmajor.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets held on behalf of participants in its pension and other post-employment benefits plans. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The District maintains fiduciary funds for its Pension and OPEB Trusts.

Notes to the Financial Statements (pages 32-78). The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report requires inclusion of two other sections with specific requirements.

Required supplementary information (RSI) (pages 80-88). General Fund budget to actual schedules are not part of the basic financial statement. Information about the District's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits and other post- employment benefits to its employees.

Combining Statements and Schedules ((pages 90-93). This section includes information on the Assessable Sewer Construction capital projects fund along with combining statements of fiduciary net position for pension and OPEB trust funds.

Statistical Section (pages 96-108). This section includes financial trends; revenue and debt capacity analyses; demographic, economic and operating information.

FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following paragraphs provide an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations.

Financial Position

Net position, over time, is a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to provide services in the future. In 2022 the District's assets exceeded liabilities by a total \$1.177 billion, \$938 million from Governmental Activities and \$239 million from Business-Type Activities.

The following table shows a summary of the Statement of Net Position for the past two years. The District's net position increased by \$115.6 million overall during the fiscal year or 10.9%.

Statement of Net Position as of December 31st

		2022			2021	
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net of	\$ 198,827,787	\$ 124,303,441	\$ 323,131,228	\$ 177,461,348	\$ 112,688,483	\$ 290,149,831
Accumulated Depreciation	2,091,607,357	704,430,969	2,796,038,326	2,037,295,563	680,083,154	2,717,378,717
Total Assets	2,290,435,144	828,734,410	3,119,169,554	2,214,756,911	792,771,637	3,007,528,548
Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,381,255	35,728,325	63,109,580	23,040,774	30,101,961	53,142,735
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities	44,271,534	18,484,941	62,756,475	34,747,343	14,560,520	49,307,863
Outstanding	1,269,660,200	522,683,827	1,792,344,027	1,267,981,027	512,978,513	1,780,959,540
Total Liabilities	1,313,931,734	541,168,768	1,855,100,502	1,302,728,370	527,539,033	1,830,267,403
Deferred Inflows of Resources	65,816,562	84,751,599	150,568,161	73,496,973	95,870,745	169,367,718
Net Position: Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	924,116,642	322,397,283	1,246,513,925	884,236,060	307,558,127	1,191,794,187
Restricted	2.747.931	-	2,747,931	5,200,545		5,200,545
Unrestricted	11,203,530	(83,854,915)	(72,651,385)	(27,864,263)	(108,094,307)	(135,958,570)
Total Net Position	\$ 938,068,103	\$ 238,542,368	\$ 1,176,610,471	\$ 861,572,342	\$ 199,463,820	\$ 1,061,036,162

See the Statement of Net Position (page 20) for more detailed information.

By far, the largest portion of the District's assets in 2022 is its \$2.8 billion investment in capital assets (land, infrastructure, plants, machinery and equipment). Resources required to repay debt must be provided from other than the District's investment in capital assets, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total Net Posi 2022 - \$1.177 (millions of dollar:	ion)		
\$1,300.0			
\$1,200.0			
\$1,100.0		et investment in capital	
\$1,000.0		assets, \$1,246.5,106%	
\$900.0		assets, 91,240.3,10070	
\$800.0			
\$700.0	 		
\$600.0	 		
\$500.0	[
\$400.0	 	Restricted for Debt	
\$300.0		service, \$2.7 , 0%	
\$200.0	 		Unrestricted,
\$100.0			\$(72.7), -6%
\$-			
\$(100.0)			

Governmental Activities. The net position of governmental activities increased \$76.5 million or 8.9% from the prior year. The Statement of Net Position shows increases of \$54.3 in capital assets, \$6.2 million in cash and receivables, a net \$15.2 million in other assets, and \$12.0 million in net deferrals offset by a net increase of \$11.2 million in current and long-term liabilities.

Business-Type Activities. The net position of business-type activities increased \$39.1 million or 19.6% from the prior year. The Statement of Net Position shows increases of \$24.4 in capital assets, \$24.5 million in cash and receivables, and \$16.7 million increase in net deferrals, offset by a \$12.9 million decrease in other assets and a \$13.6 million net increase in current and long-term liabilities.

Unrestricted Net Position. The unrestricted net position balance measures the well-being of the District and its governmental and business-type activities. It is the residual amount of the net position not included in the net investment in capital assets or the restricted net position.

Results of Operations

In addition to the analysis of net position provided earlier, it is important to analyze the financial operations that took place during the year. The following table provides a summary of the Statement of Activities, which also presents the changes in net position.

		2022		2021					
		Business-			Business-				
	Governmental	Туре		Governmental	Туре	-			
DEVENUES	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total			
REVENUES Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$ 89.065.815	\$ 106,384,553	\$ 195.450.368	\$ 82.889.800	\$ 102,216,273	\$ 185.106.073			
Operating Grants and	φ 03,003,013	φ 100,004,000	φ 130,400,000	φ 02,003,000	ψ 102,210,275	φ 105,100,075			
Contributions	10,560,612		10,560,612	12,406,369	-	12,406,369			
Capital Grants and	,		,,	,,		,,			
Contributions	19,011,971	5,761,906	24,773,877	24,472,158	5,828,453	30,300,611			
General Revenues:									
Sewer Taxation - Member									
Municipalities	53,076,600		53,076,600	51,475,700	-	51,475,700			
Unrestricted Investment									
Earnings	1,777,656	1,808,784	3,586,440	125,549	66,139	191,688			
Miscellaneous Income	217,408	1,435,520	1,652,928	-	1,149,683	1,149,683			
Total Revenues	173,710,062	115,390,763	289,100,825	171,369,576	109,260,548	280,630,124			
EXPENSES									
General Government	6,992,276	-	6,992,276	9,274,700	-	9,274,700			
Operations	17,847,612	-	17,847,612	20,309,768	-	20,309,768			
Plants and Maintenance	43,551,515	-	43,551,515	49,002,317	-	49,002,317			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	28,822,898	-	28,822,898	23,827,057	-	23,827,057			
Water	-	76,055,085	76,055,085	-	60,552,012	60,552,012			
Hydroelectricity	-	257,130	257,130	-	289,595	289,595			
Total Expenses	97,214,301	76,312,215	173,526,516	102,413,842	60,841,607	163,255,449			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES BEFORE									
TRANSFERS	76,495,761	39,078,548	115,574,309	68,955,734	48,418,941	117,374,675			
	, ,	, ,			, ,				
TRANSFERS		-		-					
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	76,495,761	39,078,548	115,574,309	68,955,734	48,418,941	117,374,675			
Net Position - Beginning of Year	861,572,342	199,463,820	1,061,036,162	792,616,608	151,044,879	943,661,487			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 938,068,103	\$ 238,542,368	\$ 1,176,610,471	\$ 861,572,342	\$ 199,463,820	\$ 1,061,036,162			

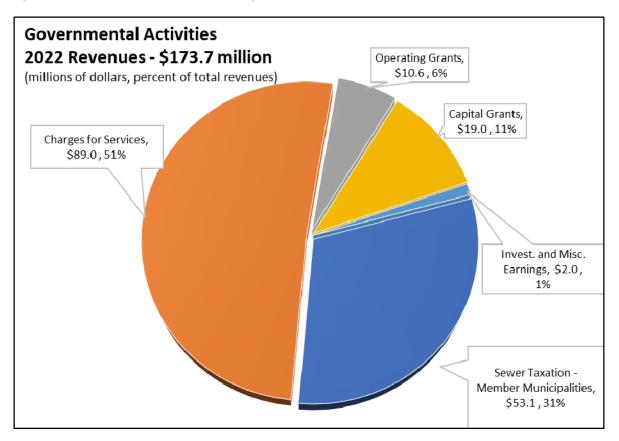
Statement of Activities as of December 31st

See the Statement of Activities (page 21) for more detailed information.

Governmental Activities

Revenues – increasing by \$2.3 million or 1.4% from \$171.4 million to \$173.7 million:

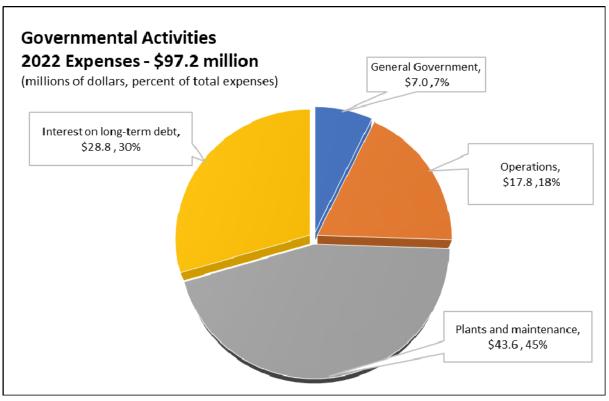
- An increase of \$6.1 million for Charges for Services due to an additional \$4.1 million in increased sewer user fees and \$2.0 million in Clean Water Project Charge (CWPC) revenue. The CWPC rate did not increase in 2022, remaining at \$4.10/CCF; however, billed consumption increased a half a million CCFs.
- An increase of \$1.9 million due to increases of \$1.7 million of unrestricted investment earnings and \$0.2 million in other miscellaneous income. Higher average daily balances and interest rates drove the higher investment earnings, as follows: 2022 averaged a daily interest rate of 1.22% and daily balance of \$146.1 million, whereas, 2021 averaged a daily interest rate of 0.10% and daily balance of \$130.8 million.
- An increase of \$1.6 million of Sewer Taxation to member municipalities or 3.1%. This tax levied on member towns represented 30.6% of the total governmental activity revenues in 2022, up slightly from 30.0% in 2021.
- A decrease of \$7.3 million in operating and capital grants due to \$1.8 million less operating grants and \$5.5 million less capital grants received in 2022 than in 2021.



Expenses – decreased \$5.2 million or 5.1% from \$102.4 million to \$97.2 million:

- Plants and Maintenance decreased by \$5.4 million due to a \$6.3 million allocation of surplus from the Internal Service fund decreasing expenses. This decrease was offset by an expenditure increase of \$0.9 million from Water Pollution Control.
- Operations decreased by \$2.5 million due to \$3.5 million of expense allocation from the Internal Service fund decreasing expenses. This decrease was offset by an expenditure increase of \$1.0 million due to Customer Service expense being moved from General Government to Operations function.
- General Government decreased by \$2.3 million due to a \$4.8 million allocation of surplus from the Internal Service Fund decreasing expenses. This decrease was offset by a net expenditure increases of \$2.5 million several expense categories including the above transfer of Customer Service expense to Operations.
- Interest on long-term debt increased by \$5.0 million in 2022, due primarily to the accounting change of amortizing bond discounts and premiums from the Straight-line to the Effective Interest method last year.

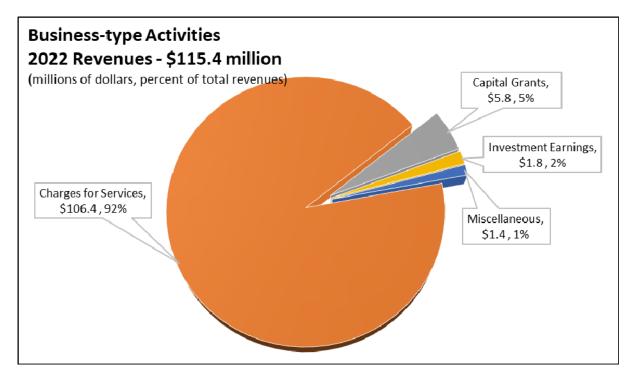
Note - A total of \$14.6 million worth of Internal Service fund surpluses (Business-type Activities) have been allocated to Governmental Activities decreasing expenses in General Government, Operations, and Plants and Maintenance functional areas. Without this adjustment, the expenses for Governmental Activities would have totaled \$111.8 million (\$97.2 million + \$14.6 million) a \$9.4 million or 9.1% increase over 2021's expense total of \$102.4 million.



Business-Type Activities

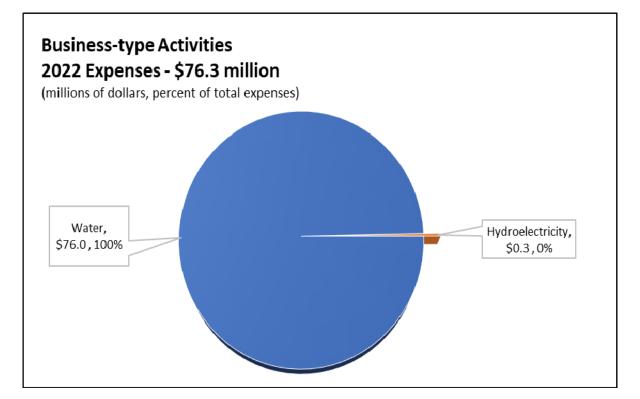
Revenues - increased by \$6.1 million or 5.6% from \$109.3 million to \$115.4 million:

- \$4.2 million or 4.1% increase in charges for services due to \$3.7 million increase in water sales and unbilled sales accrual and \$0.5 million in miscellaneous other revenue,
- \$1.7 million increase in investment earnings due to higher earnings on deposited funds,
- \$0.3 million or 24.9% increase in miscellaneous revenue, offset by
- \$0.1 million or 1.4% decrease in capital grants.



Expenses – increased by \$15.5 million or 25.4% from \$60.8 million to \$76.3 million:

- The total increase in Business-type expenditures was driven by the Water Utility fund as the Hydroelectricity fund remained relatively flat. These increases included:
 - \$7.3 million increase in operating expenses due to a net \$4.0 million increase in operating expenses driven primarily by increased OPEB and pension contributions and plan liabilites, \$2.2 million in additional depreciation expense, and \$1.1 million in a first year contribution to fund severance payments to retiring employees.
 - \$4.5 million increase in interest and fiscal charges due to \$3.3 million change in year-over-year amortization of bond premium, \$1.8 million increase in bond interest, offset by a \$0.6 million decrease in net other expenses.
 - \$4.1 million increase due to a change in year-over-year transfer of Internal Service fund surplus.
 - o \$0.1 million increase in miscellaneous water expenses, offset by a



o \$0.5 million decrease in loss on disposal of assets

Fund Financial Statement Analysis

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements. The following is an analysis of the District's major governmental and proprietary funds. The financial statements of governmental funds show more detail than governmental activities in the government-wide statements, and focus on near-term inflows, outflows, and ending balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. The statements of proprietary funds show detail for each enterprise included in business-type activities, with the same focus used in government-wide reporting.

Governmental Funds

As of the end of 2022, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$140.3 million, an increase of \$2.8 million over the prior year. This combined fund balance is comprised of \$103.7 million *Committed* for future debt service expenditures in the Clean Water Project and Capital Project funds, \$29.1 million is *Unassigned* in the General Fund, \$2.8 million is *Restricted* in the Debt Service Fund and \$4.7 million is *Non-spendable* for inventory and prepaid items in the General Fund.

The General Fund is the wastewater (sewer) operating fund for the District. At the end of 2022, the General Fund total fund balance was \$33.8 million, of which \$29.1 million is unassigned and spendable and \$4.7 million is nonspendable supplies and prepaid assets. This represents a fund balance increase of \$4.1 million or 13.8% over the prior year.

The Debt Service Fund's restricted fund balance of \$2.7 million is due to budgeted transfers from other funds greater than actual debt service paid during the year. This balance will be eliminated in 2023 as the budgeted transfers from other funds will be reduced to amounts less than anticipated debt service payments in 2023.

The Clean Water Project Fund committed fund balance of \$64.9 million decreased by \$5.8 million or 8.2% over the prior year due to a \$4.4 million increase in liabilities and a \$1.4 million decrease in assets. The liability increase was driven by an increase in accounts payable and accrued items offset by lower deferred revenue.

The Capital Project Fund committed fund balance of \$38.8 million represents unspent bonded funds raised current and future projects.

Proprietary Funds

The total net position for the Water Utility and Hydroelectric Development funds Fund at the end of 2022 was \$238.5 million, a \$39.1 million or 19.6% increase over the prior year. This increase was driven by:

- \$30.8 million increase in assets
- \$16.7 million increase in net deferrals
- \$ 4.7 million share of Internal Service fund net position, offset by a
- \$13.1 million increase in liabilities

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the 2022 budget year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$4.7 million. Total revenues and other financing sources were below budget by \$3.6 million or 3.6% which were offset by expenditures being \$8.3 million or 8.3% less than budget.

The District's revenue budget included a \$4.7 million use of fund balance (surplus), comprised of:

- A transfers-in from fund balance of \$2.0 million to cover the groundwater remediation receivable which was offset by a \$2.0 million contingency expenditure line item designed to have no budget impact. The receipt of this payment would have reduced the member town's ad valorem billing during 2022 for the amount received. However, no payment was received by the District for this receivable during the calendar year.
- An additional \$2.7 million was a budgeted use of fund balance, none of which was necessary because revenues exceed expenditures in 2022.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2022, the District had invested \$2.8 billion in capital assets, as summarized in the following table. This represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$78.7 million or 2.9%, from the prior year. Governmental capital assets increased \$54.3 million, primarily for projects' construction-in-progress and the Business-type capital assets increased \$24.4 million due to a \$50.1 million increase in infrastructure, \$10.2 million increase in machinery and equipment, and \$5.4 million increase in buildings. These increases were offset by a \$41.3 million decrease in Construction in Progress (CIP). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and sewer and water pipes.

	2022							2021					
	Governmental Activities					Total		Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total	
Land Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Construction in Progress	\$	10,248,534 285,617,362 55,320,365 720,401,261 1,020,019,835	\$	10,847,885 102,269,040 39,453,895 384,165,478 167,694,671	\$	21,096,419 387,886,402 94,774,260 1,104,566,739 1,187,714,506	\$	10,326,860 294,342,724 47,208,059 700,290,027 985,127,893	\$	10,847,885 96,902,760 29,292,977 334,027,972 209,011,560	\$	21,174,745 391,245,484 76,501,036 1,034,317,999 1,194,139,453	
Total	\$	2,091,607,357	\$	704,430,969	\$	2,796,038,326	\$	2,037,295,563	\$	680,083,154	\$	2,717,378,717	

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) As of December 31st

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3D on pages 48-50 of this report.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Long-Term Debt

At the end of 2022, the District had \$1.8 billion in outstanding debt driven primarily by \$1.1 billion in general obligation and revenue bonded debt. The general obligation bonds are backed by a full faith and credit pledge of the District's member towns and the revenue bonds are backed by a special sewer service surcharge (a.k.a. Clean Water Project Charge). An additional \$0.5 billion of Clean Water and Drinking Water loans and \$0.2 billion of other miscellaneous debt driven primarily by pension and OPEB net liability make up the balance of the outstanding debt.

			As of D)ec	ember 31st	t			
			2022					2021	
	G	Governmental Activities	 Business- Type Activities		Total		Governmental Activities	 Business- Type Activities	 Total
General Obligation/ Revenue bonds Clean/Drinking Water Loans Compensated absences Claims and Judgments Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	\$	741,319,368 433,151,230 - 41,809,131 53,380,471	\$ 332,568,572 55,810,939 - 6,813,945 55,996,259 71,494,112	\$	1,073,887,940 488,962,169 - 6,813,945 97,805,390 124,874,583	\$	736,192,628 435,416,291 2,734,721 - 18,129,351 75,508,036	\$ 319,358,871 56,789,941 3,600,622 6,391,325 24,557,350 102,280,404	\$ 1,055,551,499 492,206,232 6,335,343 6,391,325 42,686,701 177,788,440
Total	\$	1,269,660,200	\$ 522,683,827	\$	1,792,344,027	\$	1,267,981,027	\$ 512,978,513	\$ 1,780,959,540

Long-term Outstanding Debt As of December 31st

In August of 2022, S&P Global Ratings raised its rating on MDC's outstanding clean water project revenue and revenue refunding bonds to 'AA' from 'AA-' and affirmed its 'AA' rating on MDC's outstanding and upcoming general obligation bonds while maintaining its stable outlook for all rated debt. Also, in August of 2022 Moody's Investor Service reaffirmed its 'Aa2' rating on outstanding clean water project revenue and its 'Aa3' rating on MDC's outstanding and upcoming general obligation bonds while maintaining its stable outlook for all rated debt.

The District Charter limits the amount of general obligation debt it may issue to 5.0% of the combined Grand List of its member towns. The current debt limitation for the District is \$1.5 billion of which the District has \$0.8 billion outstanding leaving an available balance of \$0.7 billion.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E on pages 51-58 of this report.

Economic Factors

- The District strives to minimize the increases in ad valorem taxes that it levies on its member municipalities by identifying structural efficiencies and pursuing cost reduction activities within its organization to minimize expenditures.
- Inflationary trends in the region have had a negative budgetary impact on General Fund expenditures, particularly in energy and supply expenditures.
- Water consumption has returned to pre-Covid levels of approximately 18 million CCFs per year.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's 2023 year budget.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, The Metropolitan District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 143,045,023	\$ 113,450,973	\$ 256,495,996
Receivables, Net of Allowance			
for Uncollectibles	36,477,327	18,844,713	55,322,040
Due to Fiduciary Funds	-	564,136	564,136
Internal Balances	14,566,488	(14,566,488)	-
Supplies	4,142,113	4,970,054	9,112,167
Prepaid Items	596,836	1,040,053	1,636,889
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	1,030,268,369	178,542,556	1,208,810,925
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated			
Depreciation	1,061,338,988	525,888,413	1,587,227,401
Total Assets	2,290,435,144	828,734,410	3,119,169,554
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows - Pension	16,822,672	22,531,123	39,353,795
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	9,408,843	12,601,553	22,010,396
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,149,740	595,649	1,745,389
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,381,255	35,728,325	63,109,580
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Items	40,817,137	14,375,489	55,192,626
Customer Advances for Construction	1,089,243	1,131,424	2,220,667
Compensated Absences	2,365,154	2,978,028	5,343,182
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	80,247,383	33,200,309	113,447,692
Due in More Than One Year	1,189,412,817	489,483,518	1,678,896,335
Total Liabilities	1,313,931,734	541,168,768	1,855,100,502
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows - Pension	339,984	455,350	795,334
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	61,583,417	82,480,572	144,063,989
Deferred Charge on Refunding	3,893,161	1,815,677	5,708,838
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	65,816,562	84,751,599	150,568,161
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	924,116,642	322,397,283	1,246,513,925
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	2,747,931	-	2,747,931
Unrestricted	11,203,530	(83,854,915)	(72,651,385)
Total Net Position	\$ 938,068,103	\$ 238,542,368	\$ 1,176,610,471

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

						Expense) Revenue	
			Program Revenues		Ch	anges in Net Posit	ion
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	TOLAI
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 6,992,276	\$-	\$ 10,052,027	\$-	\$ 3,059,751	\$-	\$ 3,059,751
Operations	17,847,612	\$3.574.020	-	-	65,726,408	-	65,726,408
Plants and Maintenance	43,551,515	5,491,795	508,585	19,011,971	(18,539,164)	-	(18,539,164)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	28,822,898			-	(28,822,898)		(28,822,898)
Total Governmental							
Activities	97,214,301	89,065,815	10,560,612	19,011,971	21,424,097		21,424,097
Business-Type Activities:							
Water	76,055,085	105,309,807	-	5,761,906	-	35,016,628	35,016,628
Hydroelectricity	257,130	1,074,746		-		817,616	817,616
Total Business-Type	70 040 045			5 704 000		05 004 044	05 004 044
Activities	76,312,215	106,384,553		5,761,906		35,834,244	35,834,244
Total	<u>\$ 173,526,516</u>	\$ 195,450,368	\$ 10,560,612	\$ 24,773,877	21,424,097	35,834,244	57,258,341
	GENERAL REVE						
		- Member Municip	alities		53,076,600	-	53,076,600
	Miscellaneous				217,408	1,435,520	1,652,928
		estment Earnings			1,777,656	1,808,784	3,586,440
	Total Gen	eral Revenues			55,071,664	3,244,304	58,315,968
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			76,495,761	39,078,548	115,574,309
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year			861,572,342	199,463,820	1,061,036,162
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 938,068,103	\$ 238,542,368	\$ 1,176,610,471

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General	Debt Service	Clean Water Project	Capital Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net of Allowance for	\$ 29,214,376	\$ 2,747,931	\$ 63,556,016	\$ 47,526,700	\$ 143,045,023
Uncollectibles	6,191,192	-	27,755,795	2,530,340	36,477,327
Supplies	4,142,113	-	-	-	4,142,113
Prepaid Items	596,836				596,836
Total Assets	\$ 40,144,517	\$ 2,747,931	\$ 91,311,811	\$ 50,057,040	\$ 184,261,299
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Items	\$ 2,069,681	\$-	\$ 20,182,278	\$ 9,277,874	\$ 31,529,833
Customer Advances for Construction	1,089,243		-	-	1,089,243
Total Liabilities	3,158,924	-	20,182,278	9,277,874	32,619,076
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Special Assessments	73,858	-	-	1,960,782	2,034,640
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer User Fees	3,104,216		6,199,648		9,303,864
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,178,074	-	6,199,648	1,960,782	11,338,504
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	4,738,949	-	-	-	4,738,949
Restricted	-	2,747,931	-	-	2,747,931
Committed	-	-	64,929,885	38,818,384	103,748,269
Unassigned	29,068,570				29,068,570
Total Fund Balances	33,807,519	2,747,931	64,929,885	38,818,384	140,303,719
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 40,144,517	\$ 2,747,931	\$ 91,311,811	\$ 50,057,040	\$ 184,261,299
	÷ 10,111,011	÷ 2,717,001	÷ 01,011,011	÷ 00,001,040	÷ 101,201,200

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit III)	\$ 140,303,719
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental Capital Assets	2,555,354,175
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(463,746,818)
Net Capital Assets	2,091,607,357
The internal service fund is used by management to charge costs of risk management	
to individual funds. An allocation of the internal service fund is reported with	44 500 400
governmental activities in the statement of net position.	14,566,488
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,	
therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:	
Sewer Assessment Receivables	2,034,640
Sewer Use Receivables	9,303,863
Deferred Outflows Related to Refunding	1,149,740
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	16,822,672
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	9,408,843
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds Payable	(670,298,438)
Premiums	(71,020,930)
Notes Payable	(433,151,230)
Interest Payable on Long-Term Debt	(9,287,303)
Compensated Absences	(2,365,154)
Net Pension Liability	(41,809,131)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	(339,984)
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	(61,583,417)
Deferred Inflows Related to Refunding	(3,893,161)
Net OPEB Liability	(53,380,471)
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement	
of Net Position (Exhibit I)	\$ 938,068,103

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES	General	Debt Service	Clean Water Project	Capital Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Taxation - Member Municipalities	\$ 53,076,600	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 53,076,600
Assessments	\$ 53,076,600	φ -	φ -	ъ 2,459,266	\$ 53,078,600 2,459,266
User Fees	21,914,777	_	61,659,243	2,409,200	83,574,020
Intergovernmental Revenues	10,052,027	_	19,261,663	508,585	29,822,275
Investment Income	513,679	_	1,263,977		1,777,656
Other Local Revenues	4,545,071	-	1,200,077	-	4,545,071
Total Revenues	90,102,154		82,184,883	2,967,851	175,254,888
	00,102,101		02,101,000	2,001,001	110,201,000
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	11,223,405	-	-	-	11,223,405
Operations	10,114,533	-	-	-	10,114,533
Plants and Maintenance	30,926,380	-	-	-	30,926,380
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	64,529,819	-	-	64,529,819
Interest	18,882	32,326,883	354,397	-	32,700,162
Capital Outlay			51,266,040	47,015,551	98,281,591
Total Expenditures	52,283,200	96,856,702	51,620,437	47,015,551	247,775,890
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	37,818,954	(96,856,702)	30,564,446	(44,047,700)	(72,521,002)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				40 440 050	40,440,050
Issuance of Bonds	-	-	-	43,118,950	43,118,950
Premiums on Issuance of Bonds	-	346,738	-	6,851,860	7,198,598
Clean Water Fund Loans Issued	-	-	22,955,242	2,034,339	24,989,581
Transfers In	1,000,469	94,057,350	-	-	95,057,819
Transfers Out	(34,721,729) (33,721,260)	94,404,088	(59,335,621) (36,380,379)	(1,000,469) 51,004,680	(95,057,819)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(33,721,200)	94,404,000	(30,360,379)	51,004,060	75,307,129
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,097,694	(2,452,614)	(5,815,933)	6,956,980	2,786,127
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	29,709,825	5,200,545	70,745,818	31,861,404	137,517,592
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 33,807,519	\$ 2,747,931	\$ 64,929,885	\$ 38,818,384	\$ 140,303,719

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)	\$	2,786,127
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital Outlays, Net Depreciation Expense		90,930,706 (34,443,479)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position. In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net		
position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.		(2,175,433)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		14,566,488
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources		
are not reported as revenues in the funds: Sewer Assessment Revenue		(30,245)
Sewer Use Revenue		(1,264,889)
Grant Revenue Change in Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		(249,692) 7,360,874
Change in Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		(2,815,487)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Proceeds from Clean Water Fund Loan Obligations		(24,989,581)
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds		(43,118,950)
Premiums on Issuance of Bonds Premiums on Issuance of Refunding Bonds		(7,198,598)
Bond Payments		37,275,176
Amortization of Bond Premium		7,915,632
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding Clean Water Fund Loan Payments		81,654 27,254,642
Change in Accrued Interest		(1,600,387)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in Compensated Absences Change in Net Pension Liability		369,567 (23,679,780)
Change in Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		11,800,822
Change in Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		(4,406,971)
Change in Net OPEB Liability		22,127,565
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement	¢	70 405 704
of Activities (Exhibit II)	Φ	76,495,761

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	 Major		Nonmajor			Business-Type	
			ydroelectric				Activities -
	Water	De	evelopment			Inte	ernal Service
	 Utility		Project		Total		Fund
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 70,115,544	\$	4,281,517	\$	74,397,061	\$	39,053,912
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance							
for Uncollectibles	18,667,617		146,183		18,813,800		30,913
Due from Other Funds	-		-		-		564,136
Supplies	4,727,338		242,716		4,970,054		-
Prepaid Items	 1,040,053		-		1,040,053		-
Total Current Assets	94,550,552		4,670,416		99,220,968		39,648,961
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	178,383,913		158,643		178,542,556		
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	521,614,369		4,274,044		525,888,413		-
Total Noncurrent Assets	 699,998,282		4,432,687		704,430,969		
Total Noncurrent Assets	 099,990,202		4,432,007		704,430,909		-
Total Assets	794,548,834		9,103,103		803,651,937		39,648,961
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Outflows - Pension	22,531,123		-		22,531,123		-
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	12,601,553		-		12,601,553		-
Deferred Charge on Refunding	595,649		-		595,649		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	35,728,325		-		35,728,325		-
Current Liabilities:	44.040.000		7 500		44.050.007		440 500
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	14,249,309		7,588		14,256,897		118,592
Customer Advances for Construction	1,131,424		-		1,131,424		-
Current Portion of Claims Incurred but Not Reported	-		-		-		1,254,087
Compensated Absences	2,978,028		-		2,978,028		-
Current Portion of Bonds and Loans Payable	 31,946,222		-		31,946,222		-
Total Current Liabilities	50,304,983		7,588		50,312,571		1,372,679
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Bonds and Loans Payable After One Year	356,433,289		-		356,433,289		-
Claims Incurred but Not Reported	-		-		-		5,559,858
Net Pension Liability	55,996,259		-		55,996,259		-
Net OPEB Liability	71,494,112		-		71,494,112		-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	483,923,660		-		483,923,660		5,559,858
Total Liabilities	534,228,643		7,588		534,236,231		6,932,537
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	455.050				455.050		
Deferred Inflows - Pension	455,350		-		455,350		-
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	82,480,572		-		82,480,572		-
Deferred Charge on Refunding	 1,815,677		-		1,815,677		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 84,751,599		-		84,751,599		-
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	317,964,859		4,432,424		322,397,283		-
Unrestricted	 (106,667,942)		4,663,091		(102,004,851)		32,716,424
Total Net Position	\$ 211,296,917	\$	9,095,515		220,392,432	\$	32,716,424
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds					18,149,936		
Net Position of Business-Type Activities				\$	238,542,368		

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Ty	rprise Funds			
	Major	Nonmajor		Business-Type	
	Water Utility	Hydroelectric Development Project	Total	Activities Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES Water Sales	\$ 97,188,550	\$-	\$ 97,188,550	\$ -	
Energy Sales	φ 97,100,550 -	φ - 1,074,746	1,074,746	φ -	
Operating Contributions	-	-	-	25,423,054	
Other Operating	8,121,257	-	8,121,257	-	
Total Operating Revenues	105,309,807	1,074,746	106,384,553	25,423,054	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
General Government	10,174,825	-	10,174,825	-	
Operations	13,773,595	-	13,773,595	13,449,915	
Plants and Maintenance	16,498,129	-	16,498,129	-	
Employee Benefits and Other	11,839,065	-	11,839,065	-	
Source of Supply Depreciation Expense	- 18,469,561	124,198 132,932	124,198 18,602,493	-	
Total Operating Expenses	70,755,175	257,130	71,012,305	13,449,915	
	10,100,110	201,100	11,012,000	10,440,010	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	34,554,632	817,616	35,372,248	11,973,139	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment Income	1,808,784	-	1,808,784	-	
Miscellaneous Revenue	1,435,520	-	1,435,520	7,264,235	
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	(208,578)	-	(208,578)	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(9,762,218)		(9,762,218)	-	
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(6,726,492)		(6,726,492)	7,264,235	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS,					
AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	27,828,140	817,616	28,645,756	19,237,374	
Capital Grants	469,683	-	469,683	-	
Capital Contributions	5,292,223		5,292,223		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	33,590,046	817,616	34,407,662	19,237,374	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	177,706,871	8,277,899	-	13,479,050	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 211,296,917	\$ 9,095,515	-	\$ 32,716,424	
Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds			4,670,886		
Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities			\$ 39,078,548		

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	 Major		Nonmajor				isiness-Type
	Water		lydroelectric evelopment				Activities - Internal
	Utility	5	Project		Total	S	ervice Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from Customers, Users, and Others	\$ 104,285,166	\$	1,031,678	\$	105,316,844	\$	25,392,141
Payments for Interfund Services Provided	-		-		-		(564,136)
Payments to Suppliers	(39,629,641)		(193,646)		(39,823,287)		(12,952,264)
Payments to Employees	(28,525,160)		-		(28,525,160)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	36,130,365		838,032		36,968,397		11,875,741
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Payments for Interfund Services Provided	-		-		-		7,264,235
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Purchase of Capital Assets/Utility Plant	(40,216,077)		(64,653)		(40,280,730)		-
Proceeds from Bonds	31,261,050		-		31,261,050		-
Proceeds from Bond Premiums	5,219,552		-		5,219,552		-
Proceeds from Drinking Water Loans	2,583,250		-		2,583,250		-
Proceeds from Capital Grant Principal Payments on Bonds	469,683 (19,049,825)		-		469,683 (19,049,825)		-
Principal Payments on Drinking Water Loans	(19,049,825) (3,562,252)		-		(19,049,825) (3,562,252)		-
Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes	(14,012,686)		-		(14,012,686)		-
Proceeds on Sale of Assets	2,414,071		-		2,414,071		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and	 2,414,071		_		2,414,071		_
Related Financing Activities	(34,893,234)		(64,653)		(34,957,887)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest on Investments	 1,808,784		-		1,808,784		-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND							
CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,045,915		773,379		3,819,294		19,139,976
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 67,069,629		3,508,138		70,577,767		19,913,936
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 70,115,544	\$	4,281,517	\$	74,397,061	\$	39,053,912

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Major		Nonmajor			Bu	isiness-Type
		Water Utility		ydroelectric evelopment Project	Total			Activities - Internal ervice Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)							-	
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	34,554,632	\$	817,616	\$	35,372,248	\$	11,973,139
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)								
to Activities:								
Depreciation		18,469,561		132,932		18,602,493		-
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		1,435,520		-		1,435,520		-
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of								
Resources, and Liabilities:								
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(1,446,546)		(43,068)		(1,489,614)		(30,913)
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		22,736		-		22,736		(564,136)
(Increase) Decrease in Supplies		(1,279,954)		(5,826)		(1,285,780)		-
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		125,528		-		125,528		-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows								
of Resources Related to Pensions		(9,714,519)		-		(9,714,519)		-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of								
Resources Related to OPEB		3,963,170		-		3,963,170		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable								
and Accrued Expenses		535,814		(63,622)		472,192		75,031
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Advances								
for Construction		399,169		-		399,169		-
Increase (Decrease) in Claims and Judgements		-		-		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(622,594)		-		(622,594)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		-		-		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Liability		(30,786,292)		-		(30,786,292)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		31,438,909		-		31,438,909		-
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		-		-		-		422,620
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of								
Resources Related to Pensions		(15,990,138)		-		(15,990,138)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of								
Resources Related to OPEB		5,025,369		-		5,025,369		-
Total Adjustments		1,575,733		20,416		1,596,149		(97,398)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	36,130,365	\$	838,032	\$	36,968,397	\$	11,875,741
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Capital Assets Contributed by Developers	\$	5,292,223	\$	-	\$	5,292,223	\$	-
	- 	-,,20				-,,0	<u> </u>	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,224,896
Accounts Receivable	129,867
Investments, at Fair Value:	
Mutual Funds	29,917,834
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	19,642,259
Land	7,457,948
Commingled Collective Trusts	152,780,653
Real Estate	24,493,221
Total Assets	242,646,678
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	15,680
Due to Other Funds	564,136
Total Liabilities	579,816
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pension Benefits	230,813,515
Restricted for OPEB Benefits	11,253,347
Total Net Position	\$ 242,066,862

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS:		
Contributions:	40.040.000	
Employer \$ Plan Members	19,842,069	
Total Contributions	2,889,171	
Total Contributions	22,731,240	
Investment Income (Loss):		
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	(40,993,111)	
Interest and Dividends	2,895,529	
Total Investment Income (Loss)	(38,097,582)	
Less Investment Expenses:		
Investment Management Fees	1,017,960	
Net Investment Income (Loss)	(39,115,542)	
Total Additions	(16,384,302)	
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits	29,265,903	
Administrative Expense	155,316	
Transfers Out	7,264,235	
Total Deductions	36,685,454	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(53,069,756)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	295,136,618	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	242,066,862	

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General

The Metropolitan District (the District) was empowered in 1929 by the General Assembly of Connecticut. The District provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: design, construction and maintenance of sewage, hydroelectric and water systems and plants, stream and watercourse controls, the sale and delivery of water and hydroelectric power, and resources recovery.

The financial statements include all of the funds of the District that meet the criteria for inclusion as set forth in Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 14 issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) require that the reporting entity include the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations which by the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component units as detailed below.

Fiduciary Component Units

The Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plans were established to provide retirement benefits and postretirement health care benefits primarily to employees and their beneficiaries.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and are reported as Pension and OPEB Trust Funds in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the requirements of statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District's primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or benefit directly from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, including fiduciary component units, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Sewer taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues, including sewer assessments, to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period.

Taxes on member municipalities, sewer assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenues (grants and entitlements), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. Revenues are recognized when the eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Clean Water Project Fund

The Clean Water Project Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the Clean Water Project. The appropriations for the cost of the Clean Water Project were approved by referendum votes which were held on November 7, 2006 and November 6, 2012. The first phase of the Clean Water Project features projects to control inflow and infiltration, sewer separation projects, projects to increase interceptors, and upgrades to the two treatment plants. The second phase of the Clean Water Project features wet weather capacity improvements at the District's treatment plants and construction of a large storage and conveyance tunnel in the south of the District to hold wastewater for ultimate release and treatment at the Hartford water pollution control facility.

Capital Project Fund

The Capital Project Fund is used for projects of greater than one year's duration. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds and current tax revenues.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water Utility Fund

The Water Utility Fund is the District's fund used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (<u>Continued</u>) Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the District's self-insurance program for property casualty, workers compensation, and health insurance coverage of employees as well as natural disaster and liability claims for the District.

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds are used to account for the activities of the District's defined benefit plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees, and to account for the activities of the District's postemployment welfare benefits (including retiree medical, dental, and life insurance benefits) to the current and former eligible employees of the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking, money market accounts (including the State Treasurer's sponsored pooled investment, STIF) and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than 90 days from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

D. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

E. Supplies and Prepaid Items

All supplies are valued at cost. Supplies in the governmental and enterprise funds is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are presented net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Compensated Absences

All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets such as water and sewer mains, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recognized at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their lives are expensed currently.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50 to 75 Years
Machinery and Equipment	6 to 20 Years
Infrastructure	50 to 150 Years

I. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources expenditure until then. The District reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and statement of net position - proprietary funds. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs, contributions made to the plan after the measurement date, and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees) except for differences between projected and actual earnings which is over a closed five-year period. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. The District reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and statement of net position - proprietary funds. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees) except for differences between projected and actual earnings which is over a closed five-year period. The District reports unavailable revenue for governmental funds which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts, and losses on bond refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and unamortized losses on bond refundings. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

M. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

N. Fund Equity

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance – This balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (District Board). Amounts remain committed until action is taken by the District Board (resolution) to remove or revise the limitations.

Assigned Fund Balance – This balance includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the District Board that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This balance represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Fund Equity (Continued)

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category represents all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.

Restricted Net Position – This category represents amounts restricted to use by outside parties.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents the net position of the District not restricted for use.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The Entity adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2022. There was no material impact on the entity's net position and changes in net position as a result of adoption of this standard.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

During the last quarter of the year, the ensuing year's proposed operating budget, including proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them, is compiled by the Finance Department based upon estimates submitted by the various departments.

The proposed operating budget is then published in line item format in one or more local newspapers servicing the District for a period of three consecutive days, excluding holidays and Sundays. Prior to January 1 of the new year, the published budget is submitted to the District Board for acceptance and adoption.

Annual operating budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund and the Water Utility Enterprise Fund. A fund budget was adopted for the Hydroelectric Development Project. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for these funds. The unencumbered balance of appropriations in the General Fund lapses at year-end. Except for encumbrance accounting, the General Fund budget is prepared on a modified accrual basis. Budgetary and actual data in this report have been presented on a budgetary basis. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP, the reconciliation of resultant basis, timing and perspective differences appear at the bottom of the actual vs. budget schedule. The legal level of budgetary control is at the functional level. Any revisions that alter total appropriations at the level of control must have the prior approval of the Board of Finance and the District Board. The amendments were made in the legally permissible manner described above. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, there were no supplemental budgetary appropriations.

Budgetary integration is employed on a continuing (project length) basis for Capital Projects Funds, in which appropriations do not lapse at year-end, but rather at the completion of the construction relating to a specific improvement project. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the Debt Service Fund because budgetary control is alternatively achieved through the capital budgeting processes for both CIP (general obligation) and the Clean Water Project.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year, whereas, on a GAAP basis, encumbrances are recorded as either restricted, committed or assigned fund balance depending on the level of restriction.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). STIF is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. The investment pool is under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and is regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

1. Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposit will not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its principal place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

1. Deposits (Continued)

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$136,422,632 of the District's bank balance of \$136,672,632 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 122,755,369
Uninsured and Collateral Held by the Pledging Bank's	
Trust Department, Not in the District's Name	13,667,263
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 136,422,632

2. Cash Equivalents

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash equivalents amounted to \$128,032,095. The following table provides a summary of the District's cash equivalents as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pool has maturities of less than one year.

State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) U.S. Bank

Standard and Poor's AAA *

* Not Rated

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

3. Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

	D	ecember 31,	Fair Value Measurements Usi			sing	
	2022		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments by Fair Value							
Level:							
Mutual Funds	\$	29,917,834	\$ 29,917,834	\$	-	\$	-
Guaranteed Investment							
Contracts		19,642,259	-		4,381,518		15,260,741
Real Estate		7,457,948					7,457,948
Total Investments							
by Fair Value Level		57,018,041	\$ 29,917,834	\$	4,381,518	\$	22,718,689
Investments Measured at							
Net Asset Value (NAV):							
Commingled Collective							
Trusts		152,780,653					
Timberland Investments		10,626,680					
Cornerstone Real Estate		77,400					
Intercontinental U.S. REIF		13,789,141					
Total Investments							
Measured at NAV		177,273,874					
Total Investments							
Measured at							
Fair Value	\$	234,291,915					

The above investments have no rating or maturity.

Mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Guaranteed investment contracts classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Land and guaranteed investment contracts classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

3. Investments (Continued)

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table:

	 Fair Value	Unfunded	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Commingled Collective Trusts Timberland Investments	\$ 152,780,653 10,626,680	\$ - 549,776	Up to Monthly Hold to Maturity	Up to 10 Days Hold to Maturity
Cornerstone Real Estate	77,400	1,336,013	Hold to Maturity	(15 to 18 Years Total) Hold to Maturity (7 to 9 Years Total)
Intercontinental U.S. REIF Total Investments	 13,789,141	-	Quarterly	30-60 days
Measured at NAV	\$ 177,273,874			

Fixed Income Commingled Funds: The Conning-Goodwin Capital Core Plus Bond CIF invests mostly investment grade corporate bonds and agency MBS. The fund has an average maturity of 8.4 years and average duration of 6.7 years, as of December 31, 2022. This fund does not have a commitment period.

Equity Commingled Funds: Wellington Research Equity and Small Cap 2000 funds are invested in U.S. publicly traded stocks. Research Equity invests in large capitalization companies, while Small Cap 2000 invests in a broad swath of small capitalization companies. Rhumbline S&P 400 Pooled Index mirrors the S&P 400 Index, which are mid-capitalization U.S. publicly traded stocks. Lazard and Johnston are invested in international developed markets stocks. All the above have no commitment period.

Real Estate Funds: The Intercontinental U.S. REIF is an open-ended real estate fund that invests in mostly office and multifamily properties situated primarily in the Western and Eastern U.S., but also with representation in the South and Mid-West. Since the fund is open-ended, there is no commitment period. Cornerstone is a closed-end private REIT with a value-add strategy. Investments are in multifamily, Industrial, office, and retail. The fund maturity is in 2022 and is subject to two one-year extensions. FIA is a closed-end fund that invests in forestland in the Pacific Northwest, the South, and the East U.S. Income is produced through timber sales. This fund must be held to maturity, which could be 15 years.

Timberland Funds: FIA is a closed-end fund that invests in forestland in the Pacific Northwest, the South, and the East U.S. Income is produced through timber sales. This fund must be held to maturity, which could be about 15 years.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

3. Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. To the extent possible, the District attempts to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk – Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of the District. The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the District's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the District or that sells investments to or buys them for the District), the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2022, the District did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the District's name.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the District's individual major funds, nonmajor business-type activities, internal service fund, and trust funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible amounts, are as follows:

	General	Clean Water Project	Capital Projects Funds	Water Utility	Hydroelectric Development Project	Internal Service Fund	Trust Funds	Total
Sewer Use								
Charges	\$ 13,817,633	\$ 12,091,125	\$-	\$ 455,663	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 26,364,421
Customers and								
Employees	9,204,387	252,831	-	19,449,007	-	-	-	28,906,225
Assessments	73,604	-	1,698,928	780,148	-	-	-	2,552,680
Accrued Interest	254	-	265,389	161,348	-	-	-	426,991
Intergovernmental	-	17,125,415	566,023	-	-	-	-	17,691,438
Other	419,824	-	-	-	146,183	30,913	129,867	726,787
Gross								
Receivables	23.515.702	29.469.371	2.530.340	20.846.166	146.183	30.913	129.867	76.668.542
Less: Allowance for			, ,		-,	/		- / / -
Uncollectibles	17.324.510	1.713.576	-	2.178.549	-	-	-	21,216,635
Net Total								
Receivables	\$ 6,191,192	\$ 27,755,795	\$ 2,530,340	\$ 18,667,617	\$ 146,183	\$ 30,913	\$ 129,867	\$ 55,451,907

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

During the course of operations, transactions are processed through one fund on behalf of another fund. The General Fund and Water Utility Fund provide working capital advances to/from other funds.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Internal Service Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	\$ 564,136

Interfund transfers are generally used to supplement revenues of other funds. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

		Transfers In				Total
	General Fund		Debt Service Fund			Transfers Out
Transfers Out:						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	34,721,729	\$	34,721,729
Clean Water Fund		-		59,335,621		59,335,621
Capital Projects Fund		1,000,469		-		1,000,469
Total Transfers In	\$	1,000,469	\$	94,057,350	\$	95,057,819

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$ 10,326,860 985,127,893	\$- 90,724,440	\$	\$
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	995,454,753	90,724,440	55,910,824	1,030,268,369
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets	509,228,528 75,471,430 911,691,133	9,602,488 14,184,070 32,330,532	20,154,201 6,472,933 795,241	498,676,815 83,182,567 943,226,424
Being Depreciated	1,496,391,091	56,117,090	27,422,375	1,525,085,806
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated	214,885,804 28,263,371 211,401,106	18,007,268 5,006,929 11,429,282	19,833,619 5,408,098 5,225	213,059,453 27,862,202 222,825,163
Depreciation	454,550,281	34,443,479	25,246,942	463,746,818
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	1,041,840,810	21,673,611	2,175,433	1,061,338,988
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,037,295,563	\$ 112,398,051	\$ 58,086,257	\$ 2,091,607,357
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$	\$	\$- 83,135,998	\$
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	219,859,445	41,819,109	83,135,998	178,542,556
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	165,738,245 47,611,849 486,432,065	9,638,963 15,558,465 61,692,419	416,768 8,672,843 727,020	174,960,440 54,497,471 547,397,464
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	699,782,159	86,889,847	9,816,631	776,855,375
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	68,835,485 18,318,872 152,404,093	4,030,547 3,588,708 10,983,238	174,632 6,864,004 155,345	72,691,400 15,043,576 163,231,986
Depreciation Total Capital Assets Being	239,558,450	18,602,493	7,193,981	250,966,962
Depreciated, Net	460,223,709	68,287,354	2,622,650	525,888,413
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 680,083,154	\$ 110,106,463	\$ 85,758,648	\$ 704,430,969

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 2,333,580
Operations	12,169,631
Plant and Maintenance	 19,940,268
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 34,443,479
Business-Type Activities: Water Hydroelectricity	\$ 18,469,561 132,932
Water	\$ 18,469,561

Construction Commitments

The District has active construction projects as of December 31, 2022. At year-end, the District's commitments with contractors for governmental activities are as follows:

	Remaining
Project Name	Commitment
2015 SHCST Pump Station - Clean Water II 2015 SHCST Construction - Clean Water II	\$ 104,109,097
	14,668,271
2021 East Hartford WPCF - Aeration, DO Control & SCADA Upgrades	9,862,142
2015 SHCST - Clean Water II	2,580,655
2018 Sewer Rehabilitation Program	1,315,514
2019 Oakwood Avenue Area Sewer Replacement - Phase 1	763,170
2020 WPCF Infrastructure Rehabilitation, Upgrades & Replacements	464,210
2015 Hartford WPCF DAFT 1&2 (SPB Solids)	420,997
2020 Various Sewer Pipe Replacement & Rehabilitation	226,247
2020 Hartford Sewershed Large Diameter Sewer	175,266
2017 WPC Equipment & Facilities Improvements	148,174
2021 Northern Interceptor Sewer Rehabilitation	144,603
2015 General Purpose Sewer	75,822
2021 Large Diameter Sewer Cleaning Program	67,136
2022 Private Property Inflow Disconnect Program	51,630
2014 Hartford WPCF Sludge Mixing Tank, Sludge Screening, GT & RSRF Upg.	50,498
2017 WPC Plant Infrastructure Renewal and Replacement	25,989
2014 Various Sewer Pipe Replacement/Rehab - District Wide	25,957
2017 HWPCF Air Permit Compliance	20,130
2021 WPC Infrastructure Rehabilitation, Upgrades & Replacement	18,981
2017 General Purpose Sewer	18,000
2012 HWPCF Solids Handling	10,168
2020 Levee Protection System, East Hartford and Hartford	5,000
2021 Various Sewer Pipe Replacement/Rehabilitation Program	4,174
2011 WPC Electronic Development	257
2011 WPC Renewal & Replace	84
Total	\$ 135,252,172

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments (Continued)

The District's commitments with contractors for construction in process for business-type activities are as follow:

Project Name		Remaining ommitment
2022 Farmington 11 / Sisson Ave. Area Main Replacement Water Work	\$	2,457,492
2019 Water Main Replacement Program	Ψ	1,150,075
2021 Wickham Hill Area Water Main Replacement		1,103,603
AWMR -Contract #4		840,241
2022 Capitol Ave. Area Water Main Replacement		826,905
2018 Buckingham Street Area Water Main Replacement		736,022
2021 General Purpose Water		589,316
2020 Webster Hill Area Water Main Replacement, West Hartford		535,721
2020 Webster Him Area Water Main Replacement, West Hartford		532,079
2019 Oakwood Ave Water Main Replacement 1&2		512,009
2019 Cakwood Ave Water Main Replacement Program		409,587
2020 Saybrooke and Bonner St 2018B-17		392,953
•		
2021 Newington Road Water Main Replacement Program		362,908
2021 New Park Avenue Water Main Replacement		246,915
2015 Water Supply Improvements		209,338
2020 General Purpose Water Program		205,471
2022 Boulevard & Garfield Rd Water Main Replacements (Accelerated Plus)		110,753
2020 WPS Upgrades, Equipment, Water Tank Replacements		52,522
2020 District Wide Water Main Replacement Program		43,823
2018 Water Main Replacement Program		42,480
2020 Administrative Facilities and Equipment Improvements		30,944
2020 Church St and Nott St Water Main Replacement 2019B-02		29,236
2018 WT Facilities Infrastructure Rehabilitation, Upgrades & Repl.		15,000
Total	\$	11,435,393

The commitments are being financed with general obligation bonds and state and federal grants.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	5			Ending Decreases Balance		Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities:							-			
General Obligation Bonds	\$	339,049,664	\$	43,118,950	\$	21,325,176	\$	360,843,438	\$	21,838,569
Revenue Bonds		325,405,000		-	·	15,950,000		309,455,000		12,700,000
Premiums		71.737.964		7,198,598		7,915,632		71,020,930		-
Total Bonds Payable	-	736,192,628		50.317.548	-	45,190,808	-	741.319.368		34,538,569
Clean Water Fund Loans		435,416,291		24,989,581		27,254,642		433,151,230		45,708,814
Compensated Absences*		2,734,721		-		2,734,721		-		-
Net Pension Liability		18,129,351		23,679,780		-		41,809,131		-
Net OPEB Liability		75,508,036		-		22,127,565		53,380,471		-
Total Governmental			-		-				-	
Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	1,267,981,027	\$	98,986,909	\$	97,307,736	\$	1,269,660,200	\$	80,247,383
			-							
Business-Type Activities:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	283,805,337	\$	31,261,050	\$	19,049,825	\$	296,016,562	\$	19,826,431
Premiums		35,553,534		5,219,552		4,221,076		36,552,010		-
Total Bonds Payable		319,358,871		36,480,602	-	23,270,901		332,568,572	-	19,826,431
Drinking Water Fund Loans		56,789,941		2,583,250		3,562,252		55,810,939		12,119,791
Compensated Absences*		3,600,622		-		3,600,622		-		-
Claims and Judgments		6,391,325		13,449,915		13,027,295		6,813,945		1,254,087
Net Pension Liability		24,557,350		31,438,909		-		55,996,259		-
Net OPEB Liability		102,280,404		-		30,786,292		71,494,112		-
Total Business-Type		· · · · ·			-			i		
Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	512,978,513	\$	83,952,676	\$	74,247,362	\$	522,683,827	\$	33,200,309
	_		-		_		_		_	

* Compensated absences are all considered current for the year ended December 31, 2022 and have been removed from the table above.

For the governmental activities, pension liability, OPEB liability, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the District for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on member towns and other operating revenues. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental Activities	Various	\$ 360,843,438
Business-Type Activities	Various	296,016,562
Total		\$ 656,860,000

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Governmental Activities							
			Interest		Principal		
		Date of Original		Date of			
Description	Issue	Amount	Rate	Maturity	12/31/2022		
2014 GO Series A Sewer	8/6/2014	\$ 19,914,230	2.86	2035	\$ 11,939,779		
2014 Refunding B Sewer	8/6/2014	9,197,066	1.48	2024	594,897		
2015 GO Series A Sewer	3/19/2015	33,973,310	2.85	2035	22,138,137		
2015 GO Series B Sewer	11/3/2015	5,097,470	2.66	2035	3,312,400		
2016 GO Series A Sewer	2/18/2016	17,431,020	2.30	2036	12,204,500		
2016 Refunding B Sewer	4/28/2016	18,301,300	1.64	2028	8,680,780		
2016 GO Series C Sewer	12/1/2016	67,900,630	3.86	2034	47,938,800		
2018 GO Series A Sewer	7/31/2018	62,591,950	3.31	2038	50,072,995		
2019 GO Series A Sewer	8/8/2019	38,395,250	2.55	2039	32,635,160		
2019 Refunding B Sewer	8/8/2019	26,533,410	2.05	2035	21,472,420		
2019 Refunding C Sewer	8/8/2019	32,070,000	2.74	2040	29,130,000		
2021 GO Series A Sewer	8/31/2021	74,356,690	2.00	2041	71,961,030		
2021 Refunding B Sewer	8/31/2021	6,183,180	1.24	2033	5,643,590		
2022 GO Series A Sewer	8/30/2022	43,118,950	5.00	2042	43,118,950		
Total General							
Obligation Bonds					360,843,438		
2020 Revenue Refunding A Sewer	8/25/2020	55,010,000	2.48	2045	46,725,000		
2020 Revenue Refunding B Sewer	8/25/2020	76,065,000	2.37	2039	71,910,000		
2021 Revenue Bond B Sewer	11/3/2021	66,030,000	1.55	2041	60,850,000		
2021 Revenue Refunding B Sewer	11/3/2021	135,410,000	2.61	2042	129,970,000		
Total Revenue Bonds					309,455,000		
Total					\$ 670,298,438		

Business-Type A	Activities
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	Dusiness-Type Activities								
	Date of	Original	Interest	Date of	Principal				
					Outstanding				
Description	Issue	Amount	Amount Rate Maturity		12/31/2022				
2010 Refunding Water	6/1/2010	\$ 2,338,504	2.56 %	2022					
2014 GO Series A Water	8/6/2014	27,820,770	2.86	2035	\$ 16,680,221				
2014 Refunding B Water	8/6/2014	5,647,933	1.48	2024	750,103				
2015 GO Series A Water	3/19/2015	32,766,691	2.85	2035	21,351,864				
2015 GO Series B Water	11/3/2015	31,117,530	2.66	2035	20,217,600				
2016 GO Series A Water	2/18/2016	15,593,980	2.30	2036	10,895,500				
2016 Refunding B Water	4/28/2016	29,733,700	1.64	2028	14,104,220				
2016 GO Series C Water	12/1/2016	40,414,370	3.86	2034	28,501,200				
2018 GO Series A Water	7/31/2018	48,178,050	3.31	2038	38,542,004				
2019 GO Series A Water	8/8/2019	38,104,750	2.55	2039	32,389,840				
2019 Refunding B Water	8/8/2019	22,771,590	2.05	2035	18,427,580				
2021 GO Series A Water	8/31/2021	56,453,310	2.00	2041	54,633,970				
2021 Refunding B Water	8/31/2021	9,051,820	1.24	2033	8,261,410				
2022 GO Series A Water	8/30/2022	31,261,050	5.00	2042	31,261,050				
Total					\$ 296,016,562				

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities		
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$ 21,838,569	\$ 15,827,760	\$ 19,826,431	\$ 12,652,404		
2024	21,669,851	14,957,282	19,830,149	11,823,250		
2025	22,454,724	13,986,389	20,245,276	10,928,486		
2026	22,729,274	12,932,364	20,420,726	9,979,661		
2027	22,920,024	11,916,335	20,509,976	9,095,115		
2028-2032	110,501,526	44,353,053	93,353,474	33,097,319		
2033-2037	89,994,779	20,783,490	69,425,221	14,519,404		
2038-2042	48,734,691	5,249,955	32,405,309	3,555,420		
Total	\$ 360,843,438	\$ 140,006,628	\$ 296,016,562	\$ 105,651,059		

Authorized but Unissued Bonds

The total of authorized but unissued bonds at December 31, 2022, is \$551,861,788. In most cases, interim financing is obtained through bond anticipation notes or other short-term borrowings until the issuance of long-term debt.

Unspent Bond Proceeds

As of December 31, 2022, the District reported unspent bond proceeds of \$39,132,621 and \$15,004,570 in governmental and business-type activities, respectively. These amounts were included as a component of net investment in capital assets in the statement of net position.

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are special obligations of the District and are issued pursuant to the District's Charter and Chapter 103 of the Connecticut General Statutes as amended, the Special Obligation Indenture of Trust by and between the District and U.S. Bank National Association (the Trustee) for the purpose of providing funds for the Clean Water Project. The revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of and payable from the Trust Estate which includes pledged revenues, which are special revenues to be received by the District from a Special Sewer Service Surcharge (aka: Clean Water Project Charge), together with the revenues or other receipts, funds, or moneys held in or set aside in the Trust Estate. The revenue bonds are not a general obligation of the District. Revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental Activities	Various	\$ 309,455,000

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Year Ending December 31,		Principal			Interest
2023	\$	12,700,000	-	\$	9,801,913
2024		12,855,000			9,408,470
2025		13,045,000			8,987,633
2026		15,850,000			8,533,212
2027		16,145,000			8,009,731
2028-2032		92,155,000			31,125,652
2033-2037		82,740,000			16,509,020
2038-2042		61,005,000			5,500,536
2043-2045		2,960,000	_		300,750
Total	\$	309,455,000	_	\$	98,176,917

Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans

The District participates in the state of Connecticut's Clean and Drinking Water programs, which provide low-interest loans bearing 2% interest for eligible wastewater and 2% interest for eligible drinking water projects. Projects are financed by interim loan obligations until project completion, at which time interim loan obligations are replaced by permanent loan obligations. In the case of certain large projects, permanent loan obligations may be issued annually.

Clean Water Fund loans finance the sewer infrastructure and facility improvements (governmental activities) and will be repaid from future taxation, special sewer service surcharge, and user fees.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans (Continued)

	Governr	nental Activities		
				Principal
	Date of	Original	Interest	Outstanding
Description	Issue	Amount	Rate	12/31/2022
CSL142	9/4/08	\$ 6,200,000	2.00 %	\$ 1,601,667
CSL149	3/31/09	12,710,000	2.00	3,654,125
CWF160C	12/27/07	1,888,557	2.00	424,925
166-CSL1	3/31/12	21,907,709	2.00	9,177,554
214-CSL	12/30/15	14,198,442	2.00	8,874,026
CWF451C	12/17/04	3,987,010	2.00	283,658
CWF508C	4/30/08	1,232,078	2.00	297,752
CWF520C	3/31/09	4,547,580	2.00	1,307,429
CWF521C	9/30/08	4,240,340	2.00	1,113,089
CWF578C	12/19/08	2,042,741	2.00	472,038
578-CD1	1/31/11	2,619,263	2.00	1,047,705
619-D1	3/31/12	12,600,000	2.00	5,278,378
626-C	1/29/13	22,160,848	2.00	10,064,719
652-C	1/31/16	25,528,771	2.00	16,700,071
652-C1	1/31/17	27,234,976	2.00	19,177,962
657-C	7/31/16	33,352,916	2.00	22,652,189
657-C1	7/31/17	40,852,371	2.00	29,788,188
692-C	1/31/18	46,785,354	2.00	35,283,954
657-C2	7/31/18	52,655,657	2.00	41,027,533
CWF 215-C	11/30/18	10,306,693	2.00	8,202,410
CWF 692-C1	1/31/19	31,761,844	2.00	25,541,816
CWF 652-C2	4/30/19	21,862,088	2.00	17,469,705
CWF 657-C3	6/30/19	17,782,244	2.00	14,225,795
CWF 697-DC (CIP)	2/28/20	15,019,750	2.00	12,078,382
CWF 692-C2	4/30/20	33,394,334	2.00	28,518,170
CWF 691-C	5/31/20	190,810	2.00	165,532
CWF 221-CSL	7/31/20	2,091,106	2.00	1,831,952
CWF 692-C3	1/31/21	17,875,420	2.00	16,162,359
CWF 657-C4	6/30/21	5,408,501	2.00	4,566,388
CWF 219-CSL	6/30/21	27,333,273	2.00	25,230,714
CWF 692-C4	5/31/22	24,949,781	2.00	24,222,079
Total Permanent				
Loan Obligations				386,442,264
CWF #692-C	Various	6,414,147		6,414,147
CWF #729-C	Various	22,506,857		22,506,857
CWF #719-C	Various	10,947,772		10,947,772
CWF #683-D	Various	730,606		730,606
CWF #728-C	Various	6,109,584		6,109,584
Total Interim		- /		· · · · ·
Loan Obligations				46,708,966
Total				\$ 433,151,230
				, , ,

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans (Continued)

Drinking Water Fund loans finance the water infrastructure and facility improvements (business-type activities) and will be financed by user charges.

Business-Type Activities							
				Principal			
	Date of	Original	Interest	Outstanding			
Description	Issue	Amount	Rate	12/31/2022			
DWSRF200105C	12/11/03	\$ 2,343,735	2.00 %	\$ 68,359			
DWSRF 2010 8008	8/31/11	2,579,412	2.00	988,774			
DWSRF 2010 8009	2/29/12	772,079	2.00	295,963			
DWSRF 2010 8009-1	1/29/13	193,644	2.00	84,433			
DWSRF 2013-7012	7/15/14	2,780,620	2.00	1,471,411			
DWSRF 2013-7013	6/1/15	2,713,243	2.00	1,532,982			
DWSRF 2013-7014	9/30/15	4,691,464	2.00	2,873,521			
DWSRF 2013-7015	5/31/16	5,635,824	2.00	3,406,831			
DWSRF 2013-7017	6/30/15	2,013,468	2.00	1,174,523			
DWSRF 2013-7018	9/30/14	398,083	2.00	213,970			
DWSRF 2013-7019	6/30/15	1,539,774	2.00	885,370			
DWSRF 2014-7021	4/30/16	3,809,525	2.00	2,253,969			
DWSRF 2014-7026	3/31/15	1,691,379	2.00	993,685			
DWSRF 2014-7029	3/31/16	3,173,899	2.00	1,891,598			
DWSRF 2014-7030	7/31/16	1,892,813	2.00	1,190,895			
DWSRF 2014-7031	5/31/16	3,626,881	2.00	2,192,434			
DWSRF 2014-7032	12/31/16	3,162,716	2.00	2,189,573			
DWSRF 2014-7033	8/31/16	1,501,320	2.00	1,000,880			
DWSRF 2016-7035	8/31/16	2,203,262	2.00	1,468,841			
DWSRF 2016-7042	8/31/16	825,335	2.00	550,224			
DWSRF 2016-7043	2/28/17	1,129,379	2.00	788,162			
DWSRF 2016-7044	4/30/17	2,754,227	2.00	1,905,007			
DWSRF 2016-7045	7/31/17	2,445,859	2.00	1,722,292			
DWSRF 2016-7047	2/28/17	3,004,951	2.00	2,097,072			
DWSRF 2016-7046	6/29/18	3,051,182	2.00	2,288,387			
DWSRF 2018-7061	3/30/19	1,892,634	2.00	1,528,666			
DWSRF 2017-7055	4/30/19	1,691,022	2.00	1,373,052			
DWSRF 2018-7062	7/31/19	1,814,906	2.00	1,496,909			
DWSRF 2019-7074	8/31/20	2,046,805	2.00	1,801,888			
DWSRF 2020-7086	1/31/21	1,334,309	2.00	1,205,363			
DWSRF 2020-7088	1/31/22	2,274,924	2.00	2,167,985			
Total Permanent							
Loan Obligations				45,103,019			
DWSRF#2021-7092	Various	3,071,879		3,071,879			
DWSRF#2021-7093	Various	5,524,765		5,524,765			
DWSRF#2022-7102	Various	2,111,276		2,111,276			
Total Interim							
Loan Obligations				10,707,920			
Total				\$ 55,810,939			

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans (Continued)

Permanent loan obligations mature as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$ 27,616,289	\$ 7,475,696	
2024	27,499,489	6,923,954	
2025	27,416,060	6,375,216	
2026	27,416,060	5,826,895	
2027	27,306,130	5,278,997	
2028-2032	124,128,490	18,618,573	
2033-2037	104,147,434	7,068,075	
2038-2042	20,912,312	563,824	
Total	\$ 386,442,264	\$ 58,131,230	
	Business-Type Activities		
<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$ 3,523,146	\$ 869,818	
2024	3,454,786	800,335	
2025	3,454,786	731,332	
2026	3,454,786	662,328	
2027	3,454,786	593,324	
2028-2032	16,857,228	1,941,219	
2033-2037	9,815,928	471,795	
2038-2042	1,087,573	28,777	
Total	\$ 45,103,019	\$ 6,098,928	

Interim loan obligations mature and convert to permanent loan obligations as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$ 18,092,525	\$ 196,853		
2024	28,616,441	541,287		
Total	\$ 46,708,966	\$ 738,140		
	Business-Typ	e Activities		
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$ 8,596,645	\$ 247,890		
2024	2,111,275	5,896		
Total	\$ 10,707,920	\$ 253,786		

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Clean and Drinking Water Fund Loans (Continued)

The state may terminate the obligation to make the Project Loan, with 60 days written notice, if the state determines that such termination is in the best interest of the state and the Municipality fails to perform its obligations under the agreement. After giving notice, the state has discretion not to terminate the Project Loan if the Municipality performs its obligations to the satisfaction of the state.

General Obligation Bonds - New Issuances

On August 16, 2022, the District issued \$74,380,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Issue of 2022, with an interest rate of 5.00%, maturing on August 1, 2042.

Debt Limitation

The District's debt indebtedness does not exceed the debt limitations required by its Charter as reflected in the following schedule:

	Net	
Debt Limit	Indebtedness	Balance
\$ 1,466,255,224	\$ 808,219,741	\$ 658,035,483

F. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service	Clean Water Project	Capital Projects	Total
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaids	\$ 596,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 596,836
Supplies	4,142,113	-	-	-	4,142,113
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	-	2,747,931	-	-	2,747,931
Committed to:					
Capital Projects	-	-	64,929,885	38,818,384	103,748,269
Unassigned	 29,068,570	 -	 -	 -	 29,068,570
Total Fund		 			
Balances	\$ 33,807,519	\$ 2,747,931	\$ 64,929,885	\$ 38,818,384	\$ 140,303,719

There were no outstanding encumbrances at December 31, 2022.

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District has an employee retirement system with a pension plan that was adopted January 1, 1944, and amended January 1, 1997. The Aetna Insurance Company is the administrator of the Metropolitan District Employees' Retirement System (MDERS), which is a defined benefit, single employer retirement system. The MDERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Management of the plan rests with the Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee (PPI), which consists of 11 members.

The pension plan is included in the District's financial reporting entity and accounted for in the pension trust fund. The MDERS does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

At January 1, 2022, membership consisted of:

Retirees, Disabled and Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	646
Terminated Members Entitled to But	
Not Yet Receiving Benefits	55
Current Active Members	418
Total Members	1,119

Participation in the plan is immediate upon employment for all full-time employees. Vesting in benefits occurs after ten years of service. Termination of employment before that time results in forfeiture of the District's portion of the accrued benefit.

The District's Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee, as provided by the District's general ordinances, establishes the benefit provisions and the employer's and employees' obligations. Any bargaining or nonbargaining unit employee who becomes totally and permanently disabled and has completed 10 years of service will receive 100% of the pension that the employee would have been entitled to. Annual pension payments are determined at 2% times years of service times final average earnings subject to a maximum of 32 years.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The Pension Trust Fund's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with plan provisions. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price.

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

C. Funding Policy

Employees hired prior to October 4, 2015, are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary, employees hired between October 4, 2015, and June 5, 2018, are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary, and employees hired after June 5, 2018, are required to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary.

D. Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short-time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2022.

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Core Fixed Income	10.00 %
Global Funds	12.50
Large Cap U.S. Equities	30.00
Mid Cap U.S. Equities	10.00
Small Cap U.S. Equities	10.00
Developed Foreign Equities	12.50
Real Estate (REITS)	10.00
Commodities	5.00
Real Estate (REITS)	10.00

Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was (13.95%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

E. Net Pension Liability of the District

The components of the net pension liability of the District at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 328,618,905
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 230,813,515
Net Pension Liability	\$ 97,805,390
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.24%

The net pension liability is recorded in the Water Utility Fund (Proprietary Fund), and the Governmental Activities of the District.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.50%, average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.625%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Mortality Rates	Pub-2010 Mortality (using a 75%/25% blend of Public Safety and General Rates) with generational projections per MP-2021 Ultimate Scale
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

E. Net Pension Liability of the District (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Rate
Asset Class	of Return
Core Fixed Income	1.39%
Large Cap U.S. Equities	4.94
Mid Cap U.S. Equities	5.56
Small Cap U.S. Equities	6.73
Developed Foreign Equities	6.27
Real Estate (REITS)	5.60
Commodities	4.76

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.625%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The discount rate at December 31, 2022, decreased 0.075% to 6.675% from 6.75% at December 31, 2021.

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

E. Net Pension Liability of the District (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Metropolitan District Employees' Retirement System			
	I	ncrease (Decrease	e)	
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	
Balances - January 1, 2022	\$ 321,890,252	\$ 279,203,551	\$ 42,686,701	
Changes for the Year:				
Service Cost	4,845,109	-	4,845,109	
Interest on Total Pension Liability	21,353,126	-	21,353,126	
Differences Between Expected				
and Actual Experience	2,677,228	-	2,677,228	
Changes in Assumptions	(1,016,260)	-	(1,016,260)	
Employer Contributions	-	9,141,064	(9,141,064)	
Member Contributions	-	2,447,478	(2,447,478)	
Net Investment Gain (Loss)	-	(38,787,017)	38,787,017	
Benefit Payments, Including Refund				
of Employee Contributions	(21,130,550)	(21,130,550)	-	
Administrative Expenses		(61,011)	61,011	
Net Changes	6,728,653	(48,390,036)	55,118,689	
Relances December 31, 2022	¢ 328 618 005	¢ 220 812 515	¢ 07 805 300	
Balances - December 31, 2022	<u>\$328,618,905</u>	\$ 230,813,515	\$ 97,805,390	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 6.625%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.625%)	(6.625%)	(7.625%)
District's Net Pension Liability	\$ 134,133,772	\$ 97,805,390	\$ 66,865,067

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

E. Net Pension Liability of the District (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resource and Deferred Inflows of Resource Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$19,393,400, which is recorded within the Water Utility Fund and the Governmental Activities of the District in the amounts of \$8,290,148 and \$11,103,252, respectively. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Metropolitan District Employees' Retirement System			
	Deferred		Deferred	
	Inflows of		Outflows of	
	Resources			Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Experience	\$	-	\$	4,501,841
Changes of Assumptions		795,334		11,094,131
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		23,757,823
Total	\$	795,334	\$	39,353,795

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	_	Amount
2023		\$ 7,922,574
2024		9,868,675
2025		9,090,017
2026		11,677,195
Total	_	\$ 38,558,461

F. 457(b) and 457(f) Deferred Compensation Plan

The District offers a 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan to its employees as a voluntary savings plan, with no employer match. Participants decide how much to invest and the District deducts payments on their behalf and sends them directly to MassMutual who acts as the Record Keeper & Administrator. District employees currently have in excess of \$60 million in assets which grow on a tax-deferred basis. MassMutual was recently acquired by Empower. Participants can diversify their investments in more than 12 investment vehicles across a range of investment alternatives. Retirement Plan Advisors (RPA) of Chicago Illinois serves as a 3(21) fiduciary investment advisor on the Plan.

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

F. 457(b) and 457(f) Deferred Compensation Plan (Continued)

The District also has a Non-Voluntary 457(f) Deferred Compensation Plan for the purpose of complying with certain limitations of the IRS Code of 1986. The purpose of the Plan is to provide certain senior District employees with retirement benefits that they are unable to receive under the employers qualified defined pension plan due to limitations of the Internal Revenue Code. As of December 31, 2022, there were two employees eligible to participate in the Plan. The Plan is unfunded; the District pays any benefits due in a given year under the terms of the Plan directly from District operating funds.

G. Combining Statement of Net Position

	Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,491,913	\$ 5,732,983	\$ 8,224,896
Accounts Receivable	47,964	81,903	129,867
Investments, at Fair Value:			
Mutual Funds	23,899,557	6,018,277	29,917,834
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	19,642,259	-	19,642,259
Land	7,457,948	-	7,457,948
Commingled Collective Trusts	152,780,653	-	152,780,653
Real Estate	24,493,221		24,493,221
Total Assets	230,813,515	11,833,163	242,646,678
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	-	15,680	15,680
Due to Other Funds		564,136	564,136
Total Liabilities		579,816	579,816
NET POSITION Restricted for Pension and			
OPEB Benefits	\$ 230,813,515	\$ 11,253,347	\$ 242,066,862

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

H. Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Pension	OPEB	
	Trust Fund	Trust Fund	Total
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:	• • • • • • • • • •	* 40 7 04 005	*
Employer	\$ 9,141,064	\$ 10,701,005	\$ 19,842,069
Plan Members	2,447,478	441,693	2,889,171
Total Contributions	11,588,542	11,142,698	22,731,240
Investment Earnings:			
Net Change in Fair Value			
of Investments	(40,993,111)	-	(40,993,111)
Interest and Dividends	3,221,549	(326,020)	2,895,529
Total Investment Earnings (Loss)	(37,771,562)	(326,020)	(38,097,582)
Less Investment Expenses:	,		
Investment Management Fees	1,015,455	2,505	1,017,960
Net Investment Earnings (Loss)	(38,787,017)	(328,525)	(39,115,542)
Total Additions (Reductions)	(27,198,475)	10,814,173	(16,384,302)
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	21,130,550	8,135,353	29,265,903
Administrative Expense	61,011	94,305	155,316
Other	-	7,264,235	7,264,235
Total Deductions	21,191,561	15,493,893	36,685,454
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(48,390,036)	(4,679,720)	(53,069,756)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	279,203,551	15,933,067	295,136,618
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 230,813,515	\$ 11,253,347	\$ 242,066,862

NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Plan (RHP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan and provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Spouses and eligible dependents are covered on medical and dental insurance only if the retiree declares at least a 90% pension annuity. District employees eligible to participate in the plan are as follows: 65 years old or 55 years old with 10 years of service or the sum of age and service is 85. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the District and the various unions representing the employees.

NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

Management of the postemployment benefits plan rests with the Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee (PPI), which consists of 11 members.

Expenses for postemployment benefits were paid out of the OPEB trust fund during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

At January 1, 2022, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Retiree	
	Health	
	Plan	
Retired Members	493	
Spouses of Retired Members	324	
Active Plan Members	412	
Beneficiaries	186	
Total Participants	1,415	

Funding Policy

The Retirement Plan is funded from various sources, including:

- (a) Employee mandatory contribution (employees hired before October 4, 2015, contribute 5% of regular compensation, employees hired between October 4, 2015, and June 5, 2018, contribute 7% of regular compensation and new employees hired after June 5, 2018, contribute 7.5% of regular compensation);
- (b) Actuarially determined employer contribution as based upon different presumptions (ranged from \$5 million to \$6 million per annum);
- (c) Investment returns from discretionary funds including equity, lumber and real estate assets;
- (d) Interest paid by Aetna for use of monies in financial and insurance business.

As of January 1, 2019, all employees also contribute 1.0% of regular compensation into an OPEB (Other Postretirement Benefits) fund. This fund is typically depleted by the end of the calendar year and is used to support medical costs. Since the early 1990s, the District has embraced "self-insurance."

Prior to June 5, 2018, the District also offered postretirement life insurance to new bargaining unit retirees. The coverage was partially funded by retiree monthly contributions and primarily by the District. Since 2015, the nonunionized group was not provided any postretirement life insurance.

NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy (Continued)

For bargaining unit retirees after June 5, 2018, the District has agreements to "buy-out" the base amount (\$5,000) and the new retiree has the option of continuing any optional life insurance but at the full group rate annually adjusted. The buy-out of the base coverage is supported by operating funds.

Finally, the District has reimbursed the cost of Medicare Part B through the retiree's monthly pension distribution. Effective for new employees hired after June 5, 2018, the District will not reimburse this cost when the new employee ultimately retires. The reimbursement cost is covered through operating funds.

Basis of Accounting

The OPEB Trust Fund's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Employees and employer contributions are recognized in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with plan provisions. Administrative costs of the plan are expensed. Investments are reported at fair value.

Investments

Investment Policy

The OPEB investment policy is the responsibility of the Personnel, Pension and Insurance Committee (PPI). It is expected that as the Trust becomes funded PP&I will adopt an investment policy. The investment strategy is based upon the liquidity needs of the plan and thereby determines the distinct asset classes to be invested therein. The investment strategy reduces risk through prudent selection of investments and diversification of the portfolio, which can be changed over time based upon forecasted liquidity needs.

Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was (1.82%). The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability of the District

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 136,127,930
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	11,253,347
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 124,874,583
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a	
Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	8.27%

NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.50%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.625%, net of OPEB plan investment expense
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.50% (6.30% for Post-65) – 4.30% over 53 years

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of December 31, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

-

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Core Fixed Income	20 %	1.39 %
Large Cap U.S. Equities	80	4.94

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.625%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The discount rate at December 31, 2022, decreased 0.125% to 6.625% from 6.75% at December 31, 2021.

NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Metropolitan District Employees' Retirement System								
	Increase (Decrease)								
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)						
Balances - January 1, 2022		\$ 15,933,067							
Changes for the Year:	<i>ii</i>								
Service Cost	1,831,765	-	1,831,765						
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	13,169,283	-	13,169,283						
Differences Between Expected									
and Actual Experience	(78,493,217)	-	(78,493,217)						
Changes in Assumptions	14,033,945	-	14,033,945						
Employer Contributions	-	10,701,005	(10,701,005)						
Member Contributions	-	441,693	(441,693)						
Net Investment Gain (Loss)	-	(328,525)	328,525						
Benefit Payments, Including Refund									
of Employee Contributions	(8,135,353)	(8,135,353)	-						
Reallocation of Healthcare Costs	-	(7,264,235)	7,264,235						
Administrative Expenses	-	(94,305)	94,305						
Net Changes	(57,593,577)	(4,679,720)	(52,913,857)						
-			<u>.</u>						
Balances - December 31, 2022	\$ 136,127,930	\$ 11,253,347	\$ 124,874,583						

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.625%)	(6.625%)	(7.625%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 141,693,458	\$ 124,874,583	\$ 110,879,007

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates of 6.50% (6.30% for Post-65) - 4.30% over 53 years:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 107,166,495	\$ 124,874,583	\$ 146,567,203

NOTE 5 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN – RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resource and Deferred Inflows of Resource Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$33,266,090, which is recorded within the Water Utility Fund and the Governmental Activities of the District in the amounts of \$14,220,344 and \$19,045,746, respectively. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	ſ	Metropolitan District Employees' Retirement System						
		Deferred		Deferred				
		Inflows of	Outflows of					
		Resources	Resources					
Differences Between Expected and Actual								
Experience	\$	90,405,871	\$	-				
Changes of Assumptions		53,658,118		20,429,483				
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual								
Earning on OPEB Plan Investments				1,580,913				
Total	\$	144,063,989	\$	22,010,396				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2023	\$ (45,417,342)
2024	(54,875,308)
2025	(13,607,921)
2026	(8,153,022)
Total	\$ (122,053,593)

During 2022, the District performed a thorough reconciliation of invoices of its third-party health insurance administrator and found a discrepancy in the amount billed for active and retired employees. The District charges its Internal Service Fund for active employee expenses and its OPEB fund for its retiree expenses. The District identified \$7,264,235 paid for by the Internal Service Fund for retirees for the period January 2019 through December 2021, and transferred that amount from the OPEB Fund to the Internal Service Fund to reimburse it for those expenses. The division of expenses was corrected in 2022 and beginning in 2023 the administrator is producing two invoices, one for active employees and one for retired employees.

NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Clean Water Project

The Clean Water Project addresses approximately one billion gallons of combined wastewater and storm water released each year to area waterways prior to the commencement of the Clean Water Project. The project is in response to an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSO) federal consent decree (CD) and a Connecticut DEEP Combined Sewer Overflows (CSO) consent order (CO) to achieve Federal Clean Water Act goals. That portion of the project related to the CSO CO is detailed in a Long-Term Control Plan (the LTCP), which is periodically revised, as required by the CO, and is subject to approval by DEEP. The District's goal is to achieve compliance through efficient, cost-effective improvements to its system, while maximizing funding of the project with State and Federal grants and low-interest loans, with the remainder funded with issuance of its own bonds. Project financing is expected to be repaid with the Clean Water Project Charge added to the water bills of customers in Member Municipalities who have sewage and water services from the District.

1. Evolution of the Clean Water Project

As originally conceived in 2005, and as set forth in the initial LTCP, the Clean Water Project was estimated to cost approximately \$2.1 billion, and assumed to be completed in 2021, based on assumptions about, among other things, the design as originally conceived and the pace of design, construction and regulatory review and approval. The original concept relied on sewer separation projects, control of inflow and infiltration, and capacity increases and other improvements to the District's treatment plants.

An updated LTCP was submitted to DEEP in 2012 and revised through December 2014. The revised plan de-emphasized sewer separation projects (which proved to be schedule prohibitive, expensive and unduly disruptive in downtown areas) and added a large storage and conveyance tunnel in south Hartford (the "South Tunnel"). It also featured a large storage and conveyance tunnel to the northern part of Hartford (the "North Tunnel") that connected to the South Tunnel, which was intended to both capture overflows in the northern and central part of Hartford and also to eliminate overflows into the North Branch of the Park River. This updated LTCP was approved in April 2015 and set out a completion of the project by 2029.

NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Clean Water Project (Continued)

1. Evolution of the Clean Water Project (Continued)

The LTCP was most recently revised and resubmitted to Connecticut DEEP in December 2018. Meetings with CT DEEP have generated resubmittals, and the District submitted its most recent submittal of a Phase I Implementation Plan in February 2021. CT DEEP and the District have executed a new CO in September 2022, which supersedes the original CO and incorporates the Phase I Implementation Plan as an achievement goal. The resubmitted LTCP introduces the concept of an "Integrated Plan". The Integrated Plan coordinates the District's ongoing capital improvement and maintenance and CD required Capacity Management Operations Maintenance (CMOM) program with projects reasonably necessary to comply with the CSO CO. This plan included remedies such as replacing aged and damaged pipes and other system components, cleaning and other maintenance and rehabilitation activities, thereby increasing pipe capacity to reduce overflows. The concept and guidelines for Integrated Planning were introduced and accepted by the EPA in 2012 for communities dealing with CSO compliance issues coupled with the ongoing obligation to maintain its existing aging infrastructure in an affordable manner. Managing this program balances new capital expenditures with maintenance expenditures, with priorities addressed to reduce, insofar as practical, costly emergency repairs of sewer collapses and other problems. The resubmitted LTCP retains the South Tunnel (which is in construction) and related improvements (which are well underway). However, the resubmitted LTCP replaces the North Tunnel concept with a shortened downtown area tunnel and separation projects in conjunction with capacity improvements in the northern part of Hartford. The Plan contemplates a compliance effort over a longer term (i.e., 40 years) and integrated ongoing maintenance and a rehabilitation program. The Plan combines the Clean Water Project with other capital improvements that had not been considered part of Clean Water Project, such as the District's CMOM program, and continues to finance the combined effort with the Clean Water Project Charge. The Plan has a view to achieve compliance with the governmental orders efficiently within the context of the District's other capital improvements while implementing a more affordable economic model for the rate payers.

The resubmitted LTCP sets out several compliance options, which incorporate timing and sequencing alternatives. The option preferred by the District achieves incremental improvements in the coming years and full compliance in 40 years. Other options would have achieved compliance earlier, but would not provide the same immediate benefits to the District's customers as it would have deferred the replacement and or rehabilitation of aging infrastructure.

NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Clean Water Project (Continued)

2. Cost Estimates

Because the resubmitted LTCP incorporates an Integrated Plan, the nature of the Clean Water Project and its overall cost is not directly comparable to the LTCP as currently approved. Current estimates to complete the LTCP are that the Clean Water Project Charge is \$4.25 in 2023 and then increases incrementally to approximately \$7.25 per hundred cubic feet (ccf) and thereafter remain at least at that level for a considerable period as the ongoing capital maintenance and rehabilitation program continues. The District Board sets the Clean Water Project Charge without the need for other approvals. The primary reasons for the increase in the Clean Water Project Charge are due to inflation of costs to complete the LTCP on a longer schedule and the inclusion of asset management projects, such as sewer lining, which previously were contemplated to be paid for through ad valorem taxes assessed against the Member Municipalities. As a result, the future increases to ad valorem taxes will be mitigated while the estimated total cost to the rate payers for both the Clean Water Project Charge and ad valorem taxes remain, on average, about the same. This assumes a continued level of Federal and State support in the form of grants and low-interest loans consistent with the support provided to date. Other options, such as accelerating work or changes in sequencing of the work, would increase the surcharge, as would a change in the level of Federal and State funding support. The District remains mindful of maintaining an overall level of affordability for rate payers of the District, which may lead to future adjustment in the nature of the Clean Water Project and its cost and financing. No assurance can be given as to the final cost of the Clean Water Project or the precise composition of its funding. In accordance with the CO, the LTCP will be updated on a 5-year schedule, thus allowing the District to update Program Cost Estimates and budgets on a routine basis.

3. Referendum Requirements

Generally speaking, appropriations for the cost of large projects must be approved by referendum vote of the electors of the Member Municipalities. Effective October 1, 2015, Public Act No.15-114 excludes from the referendum requirement that portion of any appropriations funded by Federal or State grants. An \$800 million appropriation for the Clean Water Project was approved by referendum on November 7, 2006. An appropriation for an additional \$800 million for the Clean Water Project was approved by referendum on November 6, 2012. An appropriation of \$140 million for a grant, not requiring a referendum, was approved by the District Board on October 5, 2016. Another appropriation of \$18.8 million for a grant not requiring a referendum was approved by the District Board on September 2, 2020. The District expects to appropriate further funds for the Clean Water Project without a referendum for portions paid for by State grants.

NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A. Clean Water Project (Continued)

3. Referendum Requirements (Continued)

The District expects that the South Tunnel and related improvements will be completed within existing appropriations, assuming the ongoing South Tunnel work proceeds within contemplated cost estimates and that expected grants are received. Some portion of the Integrated Plan work in the resubmitted LTCP may be undertaken within existing appropriations if future grants are received for eligible projects. The cost of many contemplated Integrated Plan projects will be below the threshold that requires approval by referendum and appropriations for those projects are expected to be made by the District Board. Full compliance with the resubmitted LTCP may require submission of one or more further appropriations for approval by electors at referendum. The District has made no determination as to when an additional referendum will be held.

The District cannot give any assurances as to when the Clean Water Project will be completed or its total cost as it is highly dependent on the availability of grants and loans from the State, regulatory review schedules, and future LTCP submissions.

The District has issued, to date, \$332,515,000 in Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds, \$309,455,000 of which were outstanding as of December 31, 2021. The Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds are being repaid from a portion of the Clean Water Project Charge (previously the Special Sewer Service Surcharge) and are not general obligations of the District.

B. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; officers' and employees' liabilities; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss except those risks described in the next paragraph. The District established an internal service fund, the self-insurance fund, to account for and finance the retained risk of loss.

NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

B. Risk Management (Continued)

The District is self-insured for healthcare, workers' compensation claims up to \$1,000,000 for each accident, deductibles for property damage up to \$100,000 for each location, and general and automobile liability up to \$250,000 for each incident. Additionally, the District has provided for \$1 million of excess coverage for liability coverage with no limits for workers' compensation excess coverage. The District holds cyber liability insurance for claims made up to \$1,000,000. The self-insurance fund is primarily supported by contributions from the General Fund and the Water Utility Enterprise Fund. Workers' Compensation Trust administers the District's workers compensation program for which the District pays a fee. General and auto liability claims are performed in-house and through third-party administrators whose administrative fees are paid by the self-insurance fund. Blue Cross and Blue Shield administer the District's medical insurance plan for which the District pays a fee. The medical insurance plan provides coverage for most District employees. The District has purchased a stop loss policy for total medical claims in any one year exceeding an aggregate of 110% of expected claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no reduction in any coverage during the year from that of the prior year.

The claims liability of \$6,813,945 for the self-insurance fund reported at December 31, 2022, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. The District's policy is to have an actuarial study performed annually.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that has been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example for salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Changes in the claims liability for the past two years are as follows:

	Accrued	Current Year		Accrued
	Liability	Claims and	Liability	
	Beginning of	Changes in	Claim	End of
	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year
2021	\$ 6,283,811	\$ 15,839,850	\$ 15,732,336	\$ 6,391,325
2022	6,391,325	13,449,915	13,027,295	6,813,945

NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Contingent Liabilities

1. Arbitrage

The District may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

2. Other

The Metropolitan District is engaged in the advancement of an ambitious capital improvement project known as the Clean Water Project (CWP). One component of the CWP is the construction of the South Hartford Conveyance and Storage Tunnel, a 4.1-mile long subterranean tunnel, which runs from Talcott Road in West Hartford to the MDC wastewater treatment plant located in the South Meadows of Hartford. The contractor constructing the project, including various drop shafts along the tunnel route, is Kenny/Obayashi IV, A Joint Venture (KOJV). On June 30, 2016, the MDC and KOJV executed Contract No. 2 (2015 B-27) (the "Contract") for the lump sum price of \$279,400,000 for the project known as the South Hartford Conveyance and Storage Tunnel, Tunnel and Shaft Construction (the "Project"). The Project is funded by the MDC (55% loan) and the State of Connecticut (45% grant). It is anticipated that the Project will achieve substantial completion in the summer of 2023.

In the course of constructing the tunnel and the retrieval shaft, KOJV alleges that it encountered differing site conditions. As a result, KOJV alleges that it incurred additional costs entitling KOJV to payment of approximately \$87. KOJV has submitted, or intends to submit, proposed change orders totaling this approximate amount. The MDC disputes KOJV's entitlement to any claim for additional compensation. In April 2021, a two-day hearing was held before a three-member Dispute Resolution Board (DRB) that had been contractually agreed to and appointed jointly by the parties. Due to the resignation of one of the three members shortly after the hearing, the DRB has yet to issue any rulings. The DRB has yet to be reconstituted. In the meantime, KOJV filed a civil action in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut seeking damages for extra work. As with the DRB proceeding, the MDC disputes KOJV's claim and intends to not only defend the action but also to pursue counterclaims as noted below. The parties are exploring binding arbitration as the most effective and timely way to resolve what will most likely prove to be a complicated and extremely technical proceeding. The parties have agreed to suspend the federal court action pending any agreement to arbitrate.

NOTE 6 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Contingent Liabilities

2. Other (Continued)

In contrast, the MDC alleges that KOJV has failed to achieve certain construction completion milestones that were agreed to by KOJV when it entered into the Contract. As a result, the MDC submits that KOJV is liable to the MDC for liquidated damages that must be paid by KOJV that result for KOJV's failure to meet the project schedule and achieve the contract milestones. The MDC also maintains that a portion of the work called for under the contract was either improperly completed or not completed at all. It is anticipated that the MDC liquidated damage claim against KOJV and the value of the defective and/or incomplete work claims will exceed \$20 million.

In terms of "materiality," the MDC has sufficient contract contingency funds to meet any alleged exposure. Additionally, the State is expected to participate in satisfying any successful claim by KOJV as well. Further, as noted, the MDC expects to offset liquidated damages against any successful claim by KOJV. REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgetec	l Amc				Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	C	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Taxation:	^		•		•		•		
Hartford		4,067,500	\$	14,067,500	\$	14,067,500	\$	-	
East Hartford		6,264,400		6,264,400		6,264,400		-	
Newington		4,799,100		4,799,100		4,799,100		-	
Wethersfield		4,252,500		4,252,500		4,252,500		-	
Windsor		4,698,600		4,698,600		4,698,600		-	
Bloomfield		3,868,400		3,868,400		3,868,400		-	
Rocky Hill		3,206,800		3,206,800		3,206,800		-	
West Hartford		1,919,300		11,919,300		11,919,300		-	
Total Taxation	5	3,076,600		53,076,600		53,076,600		-	
Sewer User Fees:									
Bradley Airport - Hamilton - East Granby		1,280,800		1,280,800		1,153,534		(127,266)	
Customer Service Charge		9,894,900		9,894,900		9,605,547		(289,353)	
Nonmunicipal - Tax Exempt		8,536,900		8,536,900		7,357,576		(1,179,324)	
Hi-Flow Charges		1,195,402		1,195,402		3,245,767		2,050,365	
Hi-Strength		770,000		770,000		638,336		(131,664)	
Manchester		180,000		180,000		174,958		(5,042)	
South Windsor		15,900		15,900		16,211		311	
Farmington		166,200		166,200		141,950		(24,250)	
Cromwell		11,700		11,700		13,484		1,784	
Hartford		-		-		(490)		(490)	
DEEP/Landfill Discharge Fees		120,000		120,000		-		(120,000)	
Total	2	2,171,802		22,171,802		22,346,873		175,071	
Sewer User Rebates		-		-		-		-	
Total Sewer User Fees	2	2,171,802		22,171,802		22,346,873		175,071	
Intergovernmental:									
Sludge Handling	1	0,900,000		10,900,000		10,718,523		(181,477)	
Household Hazardous Waste		31,000		31,000		29,231		(1,769)	
Total Intergovernmental	1	0,931,000		10,931,000		10,747,754		(183,246)	
Investment Income		40,000		40,000		513,679		473,679	

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

								ariance with nal Budget -
	_	Budgeted	Amo	ounts				Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES (CONTINUED)								
Other Revenues:								
Bill Jobs	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	17,156	\$	7,156
FOG Charges		236,000		236,000		236,280		280
Developers		576,000		576,000		-		(576,000)
Payroll Additives and Indirect Costs		260,000		260,000		270,631		10,631
Late Payment Charges		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,827,156		827,156
Labor Additives and Overhead		310,000		310,000		44,691		(265,309)
Property Rents		153,800		153,800		213,101		59,301
Sale of Materials/Equipment		150,000		150,000		197,603		47,603
Septage/Glycol Discharge Fees		1,114,800		1,114,800		1,291,811		177,011
Rebates and Reimbursements		50,000		50,000		175,984		125,984
PM Unit		5,291,000		5,291,000		5,291,000		-
Vendor Discount Revenue		500		500		198		(302)
Miscellaneous		150,000		150,000		369,905		219,905
Total Other Revenues		9,302,100		9,302,100	_	9,935,516		633,416
Total Revenues		95,521,502		95,521,502		96,620,422		1,098,920
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers In		4,680,000	_	4,680,000		-		(4,680,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		4,680,000		4,680,000		-		(4,680,000)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	1	100,201,502		100,201,502		96,620,422		(3,581,080)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government:								
District Board		257,500		257,500		229,053		28,447
Executive Office		1,505,900		1,505,900		1,216,755		289,145
Legal		723,100		723,100		600,282		122,818
Information Systems		2,928,700		2,928,700		2,843,335		85,365
Finance		2,442,100		2,442,100		2,036,698		405,402
Total General Government		7,857,300		7,857,300		6,926,123		931,177
Engineering and Planning		535,600		535,600		451,965		83,635
Operations:								
Environmental Health and Safety		480,600		480,600		376,914		103,686
Command Center		1,502,800		1,601,400		1,553,934		47,466
Chief Operating Office		375,000		375,000		333,114		41,886
Customer Service		997,100		997,100		895,291		101,809
Operations		3,268,600		3,233,600		3,217,753		15,847
Total Operations		6,624,100		6,687,700		6,377,006		310,694

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted	l Amo				Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	(Driginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)								
Plants and Maintenance:	•		•	00 550 400	•	17 004 700	•	
Water Pollution Control	\$ 2	20,573,002	\$	20,558,402	\$	17,231,739	\$	3,326,663
Laboratory Services		758,200		758,200		659,057		99,143
Maintenance		6,117,900		6,068,900		5,247,589		821,311
Special Agreements and Programs		1,398,300		1,398,300		1,151,921		246,379
Total Plants and Maintenance		28,847,402		28,783,802		24,290,306		4,493,496
Employee Benefits and Other:								
Employee Benefits		16,747,500		16,747,500		16,618,272		129,228
General Insurance		2,492,100		2,492,100		2,425,055		67,045
Total Employee Benefits and Other		19,239,600		19,239,600		19,043,327		196,273
Contingency		1,980,000		1,980,000		-		1,980,000
Debt Service:								
Principal	:	20,785,400		20,785,400		20,829,650		(44,250)
Interest		13,892,100		13,892,100		13,892,079		21
Interest Expense IFO/PLO		189,000		189,000		18,882		170,118
Legal Services		251,000		251,000		31,536		219,464
Total Debt Service		35,117,500		35,117,500	_	34,772,147		345,353
Total Expenditures	1	00,201,502		100,201,502		91,860,874		8,340,628
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$			4,759,548	\$	4,759,548
Budgetary Expenditures are Different than GAAP Expenditur Expenditures not Included in the Budget, Consisting Prima The District does not Budget for Sewer Rebates The District does not Budget for Sales Accruals The District does not Budget for Certain Miscellaneous F The District does not Budget for Billable or Developer Pa The District does not Budget for Billable or Developer Pa The District does not Budget for Certain Nonfunded Pay The District does not Budget for Year-End Payroll Accru The District does not Budget for Year-End Payroll Accru The District does not Budget for Year-End Expense Acc The District does not Budget for Year-End Expense Acc The District does not Budget for the Lateral Installation F The District does not Budget for Liquid Waste Discharge Net Change in Fund Balance as Reported on the Statement	arily of: Revenu ayroll ccrual rroll uals cruals Prograu e Accru	ue m ials				2,095 199,580 (7,848) (384,710) 17,592 (30,923) (8,773) (495,122) (281,027) 925,984 (598,702)		

Net Change in Fund Balance as Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 4,097,694

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MDERS LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and	\$ 4,845,109 21,353,126 -	\$ 4,684,449 21,004,988 -	\$ 4,679,208 19,624,655 21,260	\$ 4,201,054 19,227,865 350	\$ 4,088,615 18,306,742 -	\$ 3,989,674 18,000,653 258,130	\$ 4,121,036 17,634,276 -	\$ 3,977,923 17,230,210 -	\$ 3,534,272 16,861,364 -
Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of	2,677,228 (1,016,260)	1,429,146 4,123,207	1,826,376 18,425,798	2,768,238 6,966,524	8,180,799 -	(605,374) -	159,570 -	(348,426) 7,992,450	-
Member Contributions	(21,130,550)	(20,055,043)	(18,776,033)	(18,226,458)	(17,748,776)	(17,299,291)	(15,950,213)	(15,844,541)	(15,437,612)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	6,728,653	11,186,747	25,801,264	14,937,573	12,827,380	4,343,792	5,964,669	13,007,616	4,958,024
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	321,890,252	310,703,505	284,902,241	269,964,668	257,137,288	252,793,496	246,828,827	233,821,211	228,863,187
Total Pension Liability - Ending	328,618,905	321,890,252	310,703,505	284,902,241	269,964,668	257,137,288	252,793,496	246,828,827	233,821,211
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income (Loss) Other Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense Special Item Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	9,141,064 2,447,478 (38,787,017) - (21,130,550) (61,011) - (48,390,036) 279,203,551	9,133,600 2,453,012 34,407,695 - (20,055,043) (82,006) - 25,857,258 253,346,293	8,650,763 2,385,458 34,378,938 - (18,776,033) (79,174) - 26,559,952 226,786,341	5,688,000 2,430,709 35,293,532 - (18,226,458) (103,926) - 25,081,857 201,704,484	6,500,000 2,280,859 (9,180,721) - (17,748,776) (67,530) - (18,216,168) 219,920,652	6,300,000 2,343,416 36,679,882 - (17,299,291) (119,313) (9,271,439) 18,633,255 201,287,397	6,361,424 2,247,072 13,824,703 - (15,950,213) (109,687) - - 6,373,299 194,914,098	6,000,000 2,255,825 3,637,492 - (15,844,541) (35,213) - (3,986,437) 198,900,535	5,918,000 2,160,885 13,864,280 102,351 (15,448,154) (46,896) - - - 6,550,466 192,350,069
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	230,813,515	279,203,551	253,346,293	226,786,341	201,704,484	219,920,652	201,287,397	194,914,098	198,900,535
District's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 97,805,390	\$ 42,686,701	\$ 57,357,212	\$ 58,115,900	\$ 68,260,184	\$ 37,216,636	\$ 51,506,099	\$ 51,914,729	\$ 34,920,676
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.24%	86.74%	81.54%	79.60%	74.72%	85.53%	79.63%	78.97%	85.07%
Covered Payroll	\$ 44,109,088	\$ 47,184,831	\$ 44,912,213	\$ 44,912,213	\$ 42,779,907	\$ 42,096,151	\$ 43,972,101	\$ 42,655,811	\$ 41,460,234
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	221.74%	90.47%	127.71%	129.40%	159.56%	88.41%	117.13%	121.71%	84.23%

Notes to Schedule:

Discount rate changes: The rate at December 31, 2022, decreased 0.125% to 6.625% from 6.75% at December 31, 2021.

*Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MDERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 9,141,064	\$ 9,133,515 9,133,600	\$ 6,756,345 8,650,763	\$ 6,756,345	\$ 5,647,479 6,500,000	\$ 5,376,378 6,300,000	\$ 6,361,424 6,361,424	\$ 5,805,223 6,000,000	\$ 5,857,601	\$ 5,804,428
Determined Contribution	9,141,064	9,133,600	8,000,703	5,688,000	6,500,000	6,300,000	0,301,424	6,000,000	5,918,000	5,881,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$-	\$ (85)	\$ (1,894,418)	\$ 1,068,345	\$ (852,521)	\$ (923,622)	\$ -	\$ (194,777)	\$ (60,399)	\$ (76,572)
Covered Payroll	\$ 44,109,088	\$ 47,184,831	\$ 44,912,213	\$ 44,912,213	\$ 42,779,907	\$ 42,096,151	\$ 43,972,101	\$ 42,655,811	\$ 41,460,234	\$ 38,773,923
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	20.72%	19.36%	19.26%	12.66%	15.19%	14.97%	14.47%	14.07%	14.27%	15.17%
Notes to Schedule										
Valuation Date: January 1, 2022 Measurement Date: December 31, 2022 Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.										
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age Turnover Mortality		Entry Age Normal Level Percent, Clo 17 Years 5 Years, Nonasym 2.75% 3.50% 6.625% Aged Based Rates Aged Based Rates Pub-2010 Mortality	osed nptotic s	blend of Public S	afety and General r	rates) with generati	onal projection per	MP-2021 Ultimate S	Scale	

Other Information:

The discount rate was lowered from 6.75% to 6.625%.

The mortality improvement scale was updated from the MP-2019 ultimate scale to the modified MP-2021 ultimate scale.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS MDERS LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	(13.95%)	13.72%	15.43%	17.79%	(4.22%)	13.80%	7.48%	1.58%	7.42%

*This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 1,831, 13,169,2 (78,493,2	83	\$2,842,666 12,595,575 -	\$	8,810,535 10,444,711 (41,393) (72,440,991)	\$	6,698,208 12,024,959 -	\$	8,531,854 11,015,391 - 14,146,966	\$	7,730,316 10,961,483 -	
Changes of Assumptions	14,033,9	,	-		(134,145,298)		- 72,422,368		(53,399,384)		- 16,177,425	
Benefit Payments	(8,135,		(4,096,791)		(5,226,394)		(5,465,311)		(5,313,360)		(5,564,433)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(57,593,	77)	11,341,450		(192,598,830)		85,680,224		(25,018,533)		29,304,791	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	193,721,	07	182,380,057		374,978,887		289,298,663		314,317,196		285,012,405	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	136,127,9	30	193,721,507		182,380,057		374,978,887		289,298,663		314,317,196	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income (Loss) Reimbursements Benefit Payments Administrative Expense Reallocation of Healthcare Costs Special Item Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	10,701, 441, (328, (8,135, (94, (7,264, (4,679, 15,933,	93 25) 53) 05) 35) - 20) 67	10,448,800 443,518 102,507 (4,096,791) (83,120) - - - 6,814,914 9,118,153		10,349,000 1,477,112 2,531 - (6,244,093) - 5,584,550 3,533,603		9,146,000 1,155,677 - 179,878 (6,341,967) (5,589) - - 4,133,999 (600,396)		5,000,000 869,481 - 241,355 (6,185,680) - - (74,844) (525,552)		5,000,000 804,712 - 451,135 (6,595,450) - - (26,346,000) (26,685,603) 26,160,051	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	11,253,3	47	15,933,067		9,118,153		3,533,603		(600,396)		(525,552)	
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 124,874,</u>	83 3	<u>\$ 177,788,440</u>	\$	173,261,904	\$	371,445,284	\$	289,899,059	\$	314,842,748	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	8.27%		8.22%		5.00%		0.94%		-0.21%		-0.17%	
Covered Payroll	\$ 46,502,2	37 5	\$ 46,502,237	\$	43,143,678	\$	43,143,678	\$	43,535,483	\$	43,535,483	
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	268.53%		382.32%		401.59%		860.95%		665.89%		723.19%	

*Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially Determined Contribution (1) Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 12,003,097	\$ 11,673,290	\$ 13,846,000	\$-	\$ -	\$ 18,458,692	\$ 15,855,000	\$ 14,765,820	\$ 15,755,000	\$ 15,162,000
Determined Contribution	10,701,005	10,448,800	10,349,000	9,146,000	 5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,588,854	6,512,592
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,302,092	\$ 1,224,490	\$ 3,497,000	\$ (9,146,000)	\$ (5,000,000)	\$ 13,458,692	\$ 10,855,000	\$ 9,765,820	\$ 10,166,146	\$ 8,649,408
Covered Payroll	\$ 46,502,237	\$ 46,502,237	\$ 43,143,578	\$ 43,143,678	\$ 43,535,483	\$ 43,535,483	\$ 41,000,000	\$ 41,000,000	\$ 40,000,000	\$ 40,000,000
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	23.01%	22.47%	23.99%	21.20%	11.48%	11.48%	12.20%	12.20%	13.97%	16.28%

(1) Actuarially determined contributions prior to fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45.

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: January 1, 2022 Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.50% (6.30% for Post-65) - 4.30% Over 53 Years
Salary Increases	3.5%, Average, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.625%
Retirement Age	Expected retirement rates for employees begin at 2% for employees aged 50-55, up to 100% at age 70.
Mortality	Pub-2010 mortality table (using a 75%/25% blend of the Public Safety and General rates) with generational projection
	per the Ultimate MP-2021 ultimate scale.

Other Information:

The discount rate was lowered from 6.75% to 6.625%

The mortality improvement scale was updated from the Ultimate MP-2019 scale to the modified Ultimate MP-2021 scale.

Added a load for administrative expenses to the Actuarially Determined Contribution to reflect administrative expenses paid from the Trust.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return,						
Net of Investment Expense	(1.82%)	0.98%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

* This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE CONNECTION CHARGE PROJECTS ASSESSABLE SEWER CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year	Total Assessments Billed	Assessments Receivable		Assessment Collections	Assessment Adjustments	Assessments Receivable December 31, 2022	Interest Collected	
2002	\$ 1,349,465	\$ 13,056	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,856	\$ 8,200	\$-	
2003	1,843,321	5,832	-	-	-	5,832	-	
2004	1,155,681	12,606	-	-	-	12,606	-	
2005	804,622	5,797	-	657	-	5,140	1,279	
2007	1,120,400	8,763	-	-	8,763	-	3,000	
2008	1,108,907	15,338	-	7,390	-	7,948	920	
2009	568,934	12,198	-	3,864	-	8,334	762	
2010	895,500	140,260	-	32,062	-	108,198	8,416	
2011	333,050	52,367	-	9,290	-	43,077	3,142	
2012	139,933	30,887	-	8,709	-	22,178	1,708	
2013	337,982	3,195	-	760	-	2,435	192	
2014	99,496	28,966	-	3,792	-	25,174	2,701	
2015	892,511	85,286	-	7,358	-	77,928	5,117	
2016	2,138,838	131,520	-	13,722	-	117,798	12,193	
2017	1,158,191	16,861	-	262	-	16,599	266	
2018	164,855	25,371	-	18,725	-	6,646	430	
2019	263,001	20,958	-	(15,434)	17,221	19,171	1,434	
2020	821,355	738,407	-	20,414	-	717,993	24,205	
2021	188,418	67,823	-	13,047	-	54,776	4,034	
2022			930,802	823,419	833	106,550	245	
Total	\$ 15,384,460	\$ 1,415,491	\$ 930,802	\$ 948,037	\$ 31,673	\$ 1,366,583	\$ 70,044	

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE FLAT RATE PROJECTS ASSESSABLE SEWER CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year	Total Assessments Billed	Assessments Receivable January 1, 2022	Assessments Billed	Assessment Collections	Assessment Adjustments	Assessments Receivable December 31, 2022	Interest Collected	
2000	\$ 597,575	\$ 20,375	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 20,375	\$ -	
2003	684,750	13,595	-	1,658	-	11,937	1,104	
2004	714,634	31,412	-	1,624	11,668	18,120	2,787	
2005	18,097	877	-	877	-	-	319	
2007	677,398	20,855	-	3,491	-	17,364	249	
2008	113,301	21,316	-	7,266	-	14,050	1,078	
2009	146,490	8,251	-	8,251	-	-	5,362	
2010	219,724	9,194	-	2,116	-	7,078	553	
2011	97,616	590	-	178	-	412	65	
2014	380,405	55,246	-	8,424	-	46,822	12,302	
2015	198,421	18,783	-	925	-	17,858	632	
2017	29,506	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2018	26,131	13,113	-	777	-	12,336	787	
2020	80,097	57,836	-	6,749	5	51,082	2,261	
2021	310,101	70,380	-	6,777	15,339	48,264	3,106	
2022			89,923	6,712	16,564	66,647	789	
Total	\$ 4,294,246	\$ 341,823	\$ 89,923	\$ 55,825	\$ 43,576	\$ 332,345	\$ 31,394	

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Pension	OPEB	
	Trust Fund	Trust Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,491,913	\$ 5,732,983	\$ 8,224,896
Accounts Receivable	47,964	81,903	129,867
Investments, at Fair Value:			
Mutual Funds	23,899,557	6,018,277	29,917,834
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	19,642,259	-	19,642,259
Land	7,457,948	-	7,457,948
Commingled Collective Trusts	152,780,653	-	152,780,653
Real Estate	24,493,221	-	24,493,221
Total Assets	230,813,515	11,833,163	242,646,678
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	-	15,680	15,680
Due to Other Funds	-	564,136	564,136
Total Liabilities	-	579,816	579,816
NET POSITION			
Restricted for Pension and OPEB Benefits	\$ 230,813,515	<u>\$ 11,253,347</u>	\$ 242,066,862

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

ADDITIONS:	Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 9,141,064	\$ 10,701,005	\$ 19,842,069
Plan Members	2,447,478	441,693	2,889,171
Total Contributions	11,588,542	11,142,698	22,731,240
	11,300,342	11,142,090	22,731,240
Investment Earnings:			
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	(40,993,111)	-	(40,993,111)
Interest and Dividends	3,221,549	(326,020)	2,895,529
Total Investment Earnings (Loss)	(37,771,562)	(326,020)	(38,097,582)
Less Investment Expenses:			
Investment Management Fees	1,015,455	2,505	1,017,960
Net Investment Earnings (Loss)	(38,787,017)	(328,525)	(39,115,542)
3 ()			
Total Additions (Reductions)	(27,198,475)	10,814,173	(16,384,302)
		- , - ,	
DEDUCTIONS:			
Benefits	21,130,550	8,135,353	29,265,903
Administrative Expense	61,011	94,305	155,316
Other	-	7,264,235	7,264,235
Total Deductions	21,191,561	15,493,893	36,685,454
		,	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(48,390,036)	(4,679,720)	(53,069,756)
		(, , -)	(, , ,)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	279,203,551	15,933,067	295,136,618
5 5	· · ·	<u> </u>	· ·
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 230,813,515	\$ 11,253,347	\$ 242,066,862

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

This schedule contains information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, taxation of member municipalities.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

This schedule offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

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THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year										
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Governmental Activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 924,116,642 2,747,931 11,203,530	\$ 884,236,060 5,200,545 (27,864,263)	\$ 846,161,504 2,744,874 (56,289,770)	\$ 809,558,713 2,744,874 (57,460,793)	\$ 738,962,237 2,744,874 (41,062,433)	\$ 628,338,124 - (37,710,011)	\$ 586,568,408 - 79,129,891	\$ 484,901,567 - 97,312,929	\$ 455,295,358 56,291,586 32,965,610	\$ 404,221,698 45,369,836 41,240,029	
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 938,068,103	\$ 861,572,342	\$ 792,616,608	\$ 754,842,794	\$ 700,644,678	\$ 590,628,113	\$ 665,698,299	\$ 582,214,496	\$ 544,552,554	\$ 490,831,563	
Business-Type Activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 322,397,283 - (83,854,915)	\$ 307,558,127 (108,094,307)	\$ 281,225,011 - (130,180,132)	\$ 271,278,589 - (180,975,146)	\$ 282,865,698 - (166,847,582)	\$ 279,492,616 - (123,821,368)	\$ 259,143,790 	\$ 264,913,659 - (14,191,842)	\$ 253,310,200 114,520 (28,354,196)	\$ 252,938,272 3,335,436 (10,810,332)	
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 238,542,368	\$ 199,463,820	\$ 151,044,879	\$ 90,303,443	\$ 116,018,116	\$ 155,671,248	\$ 224,061,632	\$ 250,721,817	\$ 225,070,524	\$ 245,463,376	
Primary Government: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 1,246,513,925 2,747,931 (72,651,385)	\$ 1,191,794,187 5,200,545 (135,958,570)	\$ 1,127,386,515 2,744,874 (186,469,902)	\$ 1,080,837,302 2,744,874 (238,435,939)	\$ 1,021,827,935 2,744,874 (207,910,015)	\$ 907,830,740 - (161,531,379)	\$ 848,611,463 - 41,148,468	\$ 749,815,226 - 83,121,087	\$ 711,376,235 56,406,106 1,840,737	\$ 660,151,463 48,705,272 27,438,204	
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 1,176,610,471	\$ 1,061,036,162	\$ 943,661,487	\$ 845,146,237	\$ 816,662,794	\$ 746,299,361	\$ 889,759,931	\$ 832,936,313	\$ 769,623,078	\$ 736,294,939	

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year									
EXPENSES	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 6,992,276	\$ 9,274,700	\$ 12,632,933	\$ 22,503,242	\$ 3,478,751	\$ 12,782,032	\$ 13,683,241	\$ 12,337,881	\$ 12,784,187	\$ 9,524,064
Engineering and Planning Operations	- 17.847.612	- 20,309,768	- 19,918,024	- 32.724.856	- 11,612,676	- 15,004,934	- 25,441,446	- 6,151,830	877,678 8,614,482	486,626 5,439,460
Plants and Maintenance	43,551,515	49,002,317	49,634,121	71,412,175	32,932,419	43,573,609	46,577,522	29,189,681	34,067,360	30,341,543
Water Treatment and Supply	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental	28,822,898	23,827,057	30,987,059	28,064,892	30,746,675	26,066,412	24,217,631	19,489,920	16,263,466	13,271,555
Activities Expenses	97,214,301	102,413,842	113,172,137	154,705,165	78,770,521	97,426,987	109,919,840	67,169,312	72,607,173	59,063,248
Business-Type Activities:										
Water Hydroelectricity	76,055,085 257,130	60,552,012 289,595	73,551,706 2,037,099	107,583,098 2,116,807	124,328,800 247,281	91,573,513 702,704	84,025,204 827,100	84,404,787 479,326	79,597,522 394,359	68,713,237 345,431
Mid-Connecticut Project	-	209,395	2,037,099	2,110,007	247,201	- 102,104	1,793,246	761,311	2,166,557	6,091,844
Total Business-Type	70.040.045	00.044.007	75 500 005	100 000 005	40.4 570.004	00.070.047				75 450 540
Activities Expenses	76,312,215	60,841,607	75,588,805	109,699,905	124,576,081	92,276,217	86,645,550	85,645,424	82,158,438	75,150,512
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 173,526,516	\$ 163,255,449	\$ 188,760,942	\$ 264,405,070	\$ 203,346,602	\$ 189,703,204	\$ 196,565,390	\$ 152,814,736	\$ 154,765,611	\$ 134,213,760
Government Expenses	\$ 175,520,510	\$ 103,233,449	\$ 100,700,942	\$ 204,403,070	\$ 203,340,002	φ 109,703,204	\$ 190,303,390	φ 152,014,750	\$ 134,703,011	φ 134,213,700
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities: Charges for Services	\$ 89,065,815	\$ 82,889,800	\$ 86,709,779	\$ 86.222.994	\$ 73,018,310	\$ 72.013.708	\$ 70,629,736	\$ 61,592,665	\$ 63.885.662	\$ 47,300,004
Operating Grants and				¢ 00,222,001	¢ 10,010,010	¢ 12,010,100	¢ 10,020,100	+,,		•,000,001
Contributions Capital Grants and	10,560,612	12,406,369	10,111,198	-	-	-	-	3,992,310	1,039,223	-
Contributions	19,011,971	24,472,158	23,423,241	53,379,335	49,836,293	64,775,491	51,301,142	32,768,216	26,927,807	26,506,324
Total Governmental										
Activities Program Revenues	118,638,398	119,768,327	120,244,218	139,602,329	122,854,603	136,789,199	121,930,878	98,353,191	91,852,692	73,806,328
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services	106,384,553	102,216,273	106,176,291	92,873,907	79,715,461	82,836,604	75,606,571	74,198,011	77,748,234	79,971,496
Capital Grants and										
Contributions Total Business-Type	5,761,906	5,828,453	6,651,401	4,949,099	17,337,818	20,596,616	12,285,315	4,827,274	5,227,745	5,145,634
Activities Program										
Revenues	112,146,459	108,044,726	112,827,692	97,823,006	97,053,279	103,433,220	87,891,886	79,025,285	82,975,979	85,117,130
Total Primary Government										
Program Revenues	\$ 230,784,857	\$ 227,813,053	\$ 233,071,910	\$ 237,425,335	\$ 219,907,882	\$ 240,222,419	\$ 209,822,764	\$ 177,378,476	\$ 174,828,671	\$ 158,923,458
NET REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Governmental Activities	\$ 21,424,097	\$ 17,354,485	\$ 7,072,081	\$ (15,102,836)	\$ 44,084,082	\$ 39,362,212	\$ 12,011,038	\$ 31,183,879	\$ 19,245,519	\$ 14,743,080
Business-Type Activities	35,834,244	47,203,119	37,238,887	(11,876,899)	(27,522,802)	11,157,003	1,246,336	(6,620,139)	817,541	9,966,618
Total Primary Government										
Net (Revenue) Expense	\$ 57,258,341	\$ 64,557,604	\$ 44,310,968	\$ (26,979,735)	\$ 16,561,280	\$ 50,519,215	\$ 13,257,374	\$ 24,563,740	\$ 20,063,060	\$ 24,709,698

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year										
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER											
CHANGES IN NET POSITION											
Governmental Activities:											
Sewer Taxation - Member											
Municipalities	\$ 53,076,600	\$ 51,475,700	\$ 51,475,700	\$ 48,153,100	\$ 45,004,000	\$ 41,670,400	\$ 38,944,300	\$ 37,446,400	\$ 36,156,600	\$ 34,799,400	
Miscellaneous	217,408	-	-	3,466,043	5,501,247	2,813,918	1,864,076	116,577	1,540,335	54,771	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,777,656	125,549	1,029,927	3,573,305	3,060,821	1,689,115	586,401	272,361	207,637	393,677	
Transfers	-	-	(21,803,894)	14,108,504	12,366,415	(17,707,978)	-	-	-	-	
Special Item	-			-	-	(31,414,007)	28,760,431		1,556,735	2,144,402	
Total Governmental											
Activities	55,071,664	51,601,249	30,701,733	69,300,952	65,932,483	(2,948,552)	70,155,208	37,835,338	39,461,307	37,392,250	
Business-Type Activities:											
Miscellaneous	1,435,520	1,149,683	1,620,957	-	-	1,906,736	2,130,684	2,204,726	5,661,124	2,160,605	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,808,784	66,139	77,698	270,730	236,085	201,900	40,783	15,338	138,537	110,747	
Transfers	-	-	21,803,894	(14,108,504)	(12,366,415)	-	(28,760,431)	-	(1,556,735)	(2,144,402)	
Special Item	-			-	-	32,809,473					
Total Business-Type											
Activities	3,244,304	1,215,822	23,502,549	(13,837,774)	(12,130,330)	34,918,109	(26,588,964)	2,220,064	4,242,926	126,950	
Total Primary Government	\$ 58,315,968	\$ 52,817,071	\$ 54,204,282	\$ 55,463,178	\$ 53,802,153	\$ 31,969,557	\$ 43,566,244	\$ 40,055,402	\$ 43,704,233	\$ 37,519,200	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION											
Governmental Activities	\$ 76.495.761	\$ 68,955,734	\$ 37,773,814	\$ 54,198,116	\$ 110,016,565	\$ 36,413,660	\$ 82,166,246	\$ 69,019,217	\$ 58,706,826	\$ 52,135,330	
Business-Type Activities	39,078,548	48,418,941	60,741,436	(25,714,673)	(39,653,132)	46,075,112	(25,342,628)	(4,400,075)	5,060,467	10,093,568	
Total Primary Government	\$ 115,574,309	\$ 117,374,675	\$ 98,515,250	\$ 28,483,443	\$ 70,363,433	\$ 82,488,772	\$ 56,823,618	\$ 64,619,142	\$ 63,767,293	\$ 62,228,898	
. starhary Government	\$	φ,014,010	\$ 55,610,200	\$ 28,400,440	\$ 10,000,400	\$ 32,400,112	\$ 00,020,010	φ 01,010,142	\$ 33,707,200	\$ 32,220,000	

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fiscal	l Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund: Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned	\$ 4,738,949 - 29,068,570	\$ 4,119,875 - 25,589,950	\$ 3,715,448 - 28,491,582 *	\$ 3,403,852 - 24,699,867	\$ 3,065,322 - 23,226,621	\$ 2,851,003 - 16,743,975	\$ 3,047,848 - 14,498,170	\$ 2,987,472 - 14,501,695	\$ 2,654,631 - 14,040,267	\$ 1,980,172 891,949 12,585,122
Total General Fund	\$ 33,807,519	\$ 29,709,825	\$ 32,207,030	\$ 28,103,719	\$ 26,291,943	\$ 19,594,978	\$ 17,546,018	\$ 17,489,167	\$ 16,694,898	\$ 15,457,243
All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	\$	\$ - 5,200,545 102,607,222 -	\$	\$ 2,744,874 100,487,052	\$ - 100,879,288 9,827,026 (6,272,630)	\$53,957 120,176,898 76,741,076 (130,243,360)	\$ 183,283 129,078,070 50,808,229 (76,526,304)	\$ 319,960 155,110,707 2,637,663 (102,328,055)	\$ 17,034 149,816,144 3,310,650 (114,364,898)	\$ 19,951 20,450,646 3,141,343 (101,036,586)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 106,496,200	\$ 107,807,767	\$ 36,685,152	\$ 103,231,926	\$ 104,433,684	\$ 66,728,571	\$ 103,543,278	\$ 55,740,275	\$ 38,778,930	\$ (77,424,646)

* Restated

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
REVENUES										
Taxation - Member Municipalities	\$ 53,076,600	\$ 51,475,700	\$ 51,475,700	\$ 48,153,100	\$ 45,004,000	\$ 41,670,400	\$ 38,944,300	\$ 37,446,400	\$ 36,156,600	\$ 34,799,400
Assessments	2,459,266	3,257,067	1,071,240	696,265	458,413	1,519,217	2,312,965	1,332,938	1,603,914	1,085,603
Sewer User Fees	83,574,020	77,362,758	83,717,134	77,482,872	63,888,022	62,678,046	60,242,461	54,093,916	57,226,390	43,062,080
Intergovernmental Revenues	29,822,275	39,557,271	33,534,439	30,203,841	53,890,725	69,199,739	55,232,126	39,706,369	29,610,377	26,439,377
Investment Income	1,777,656	125,549 2.750,512	1,029,927 1,363,443	3,573,305 5,945,349	3,060,820 8,385,615	1,689,115	586,401	272,361	207,637	393,677
Other Local Revenues Total Revenues	4,545,071 175,254,888	2,750,512	1,363,443	5,945,349		6,063,916	4,022,343	2,473,789	4,051,117	1,807,930 107,588,067
I otal Revenues	175,254,888	174,528,857	172,191,883	166,054,732	174,687,595	182,820,433	161,340,596	135,325,773	128,856,035	107,588,067
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	11,223,405	5,002,410	4,446,417	4,548,043	4,762,419	3,436,145	3,918,725	5,471,054	4,824,078	4,071,317
Engineering and Planning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	247,304	36,396
Operations	10,114,533	4,463,088	3,573,467	3,745,528	3,918,542	2,313,810	6,343,886	1,447,931	1,432,213	1,802,090
Plants And Maintenance	30,926,380	20,753,614	19,643,333	18,150,755	15,144,347	20,148,645	17,673,827	17,002,752	16,780,068	19,078,105
Employee Benefits and Other	-	18,298,717	16,194,956	15,335,071	11,162,192	10,881,861	11,034,670	7,196,385	8,900,673	8,435,751
Debt Service:	04 500 040	50 000 400	50 004 000	04 000 000	45 040 004	00.040.000	00 4 4 4 0 5 0	00 700 000	00 000 405	40 400 477
Principal Retirement	64,529,819	58,903,168	58,091,086	61,289,866	45,242,984	36,642,960	32,141,853	28,706,882	22,808,465	19,193,477
Interest	32,700,162	34,316,367	32,379,979 939,475	32,347,160	31,071,486	28,182,268	25,398,643	22,011,825	15,323,178	11,792,099
Legal Services Capital Outlay	- 98,281,591	- 109,999,550	939,475 114,163,376	- 148,118,412	105 211 071	- 243,634,827	- 228,529,877	- 160,991,417	- 172,024,423	162 025 772
Total Expenditures	247,775,890	251,736,914	249,432,089	283,534,835	185,211,071 296,513,041	345,240,516	325,041,481	242,828,246	242,340,402	163,835,773 228,245,008
	247,775,090	231,730,914	249,432,009	203,334,033	290,313,041	343,240,310	323,041,401	242,020,240	242,340,402	220,243,000
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES	(72,521,002)	(77,208,057)	(77,240,206)	(117,480,103)	(121,825,446)	(162,420,083)	(163,700,885)	(107,502,473)	(113,484,367)	(120,656,941)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Bond Proceeds	43,118,950	275,796,690	55,010,000	38,395,250	62,591,950	-	85,331,650	39,070,781	167,578,000	126,838,000
Refunding Bond Proceeds	-	6,183,180	76,065,000	58,603,410	-	-	18,301,300	-	9,931,648	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		(7,458,978)	(76,935,985)	(68,712,098)			(21,140,765)		(10,757,266)	
Loan Obligation Proceeds	24,989,581	39,913,700	30,267,733	46,067,106	79,135,454	127,654,336	91,409,817	66,766,625	36,841,772	40,364,999
Bond Premium	7,198,598	30,787,114	15,448,049	7,049,505	7,411,503	-	5,933,457	3,352,904	24,934,481	9,952,391
Payment for Clean Water Loan Escrow Agent	-	(200,711,137)	(49,825,431)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on Refunding Bonds	-	1,322,898	-	10,539,988	-	-	2,964,849	-	840,228	-
Transfers In Transfers Out	95,057,819 (95,057,819)	94,234,053 (94,234,053)	91,788,595 (113,592,489)	119,345,479 (93,198,519)	91,667,990 (74,579,373)	62,444,100 (62,444,100)	80,984,336 (52,223,905)	52,502,525 (52,502,525)	36,915,679 (35,358,944)	46,793,697 (44,433,983)
Total Other Financing Sources	75,307,129	145,833,467	28,225,472	118,090,121	166,227,524	127,654,336	211,560,739	109,190,310	230,925,598	179,515,104
Total Other Timationg Oblices	10,001,120	140,000,407	20,220,472	110,090,121	100,227,324	127,034,330	211,500,759	109,190,510	230,923,390	179,515,104
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,786,127	68,625,410	(49,014,734)	610,018	44,402,078	(34,765,747)	47,859,854	1,687,837	117,441,231	58,858,163
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	137,517,592	68,892,182	131,335,645	130,725,627	86,323,549	121,089,296	73,229,442	71,541,605	* (61,697,403)	(120,825,566)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 140,303,719	\$ 137,517,592	\$ 82,320,911	\$ 131,335,645	\$ 130,725,627	\$ 86,323,549	\$ 121,089,296	\$ 73,229,442	\$ 55,743,828	\$ (61,967,403)
Debt Service as a Percentage to										
Noncapital Expenditures	61.99 %	61.53 %	60.72 %	62.53 %	61.39 %	53.78 %	49.22 %	63.02 %	50.10 %	50.95 %
Total Debt Service	\$ 97,229,981	\$ 93,219,535	\$ 91,410,540	\$ 93,637,026	\$ 76,314,470	\$ 64,825,228	\$ 57,540,496	\$ 50,718,707	\$ 38,131,643	\$ 30,985,576
Capitalized Capital Outlay	(90,930,706)	(100,222,938)	(98,882,354)	(133,794,027)	(172,201,352)	(224,712,443)	(208,127,036)	(162,349,655)	(166,226,160)	(167,432,856)
Noncapital Expenditures	156.845.184	151,513,976	150,549,735	149.740.808	124,311,689	120,528,073	116.914.445	80.478.591	76.114.242	60,812,152
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*Restated

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DISTRIBUTION OF ANNUAL TAX LEVY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Hartford	East Hartford	Newington	Wethersfield	Windsor	Bloomfield	Rocky Hill	West Hartford	Total Tax Levy
2022	26.50% \$ 14,067,500	11.80% \$6,264,400	9.04% \$ 4,799,100	8.01% \$ 4,252,500	8.85% \$ 4,698,600	7.29% \$ 3,868,400	6.04% \$ 3,206,800	22.46% \$ 11,919,300	\$ 53,076,600
2021	25.58 13,169,100	11.69 6,015,200	9.09 4,681,000	8.19 4,214,100	8.84 4,551,500	7.40 3,808,100	6.16 3,171,200	23.05 11,865,500	51,475,700
2020	25.32 13,035,400	11.83 6,089,300	8.98 4,623,100	8.24 4,240,800	8.96 4,611,600	7.54 3,879,300	6.11 3,144,100	23.02 11,852,100	51,475,700
2019	25.70 12,372,000	11.99 5,775,200	8.97 4,318,900	8.26 3,979,400	8.88 4,274,900	7.24 3,488,600	6.04 2,909,600	22.92 11,034,500	48,153,100
2018	25.67 11,550,400	12.19 5,486,600	9.16 4,120,900	8.24 3,707,800	8.89 4,001,500	7.24 3,256,200	6.03 2,712,500	22.59 10,168,100	45,004,000
2017	26.31 10,963,200	12.14 5,059,400	9.01 3,752,900	8.18 3,408,200	8.78 3,656,900	7.36 3,067,100	5.94 2,475,800	22.28 9,286,900	41,670,400
2016	26.13 10,174,900	12.23 4,762,000	9.01 3,508,400	8.24 3,207,700	8.74 3,404,700	7.54 2,936,000	5.75 2,239,700	22.36 8,710,900	38,944,300
2015	22.88 10,298,600	9.98 4,490,100	7.30 3,287,300	6.71 3,022,000	7.16 3,222,600	6.12 2,752,400	4.79 2,153,700	18.26 8,219,700	37,446,400
2014	24.90 10,374,400	10.11 4,213,200	7.52 3,132,300	6.78 2,824,400	7.47 3,111,900	6.27 2,612,500	5.01 2,089,100	18.72 7,798,800	36,156,600
2013	28.61 9,955,500	11.39 3,964,500	8.66 3,014,900	7.92 2,756,900	8.70 3,026,500	7.43 2,584,900	5.78 2,011,100	21.51 7,485,100	34,799,400

Source: Tax warrants served on member towns.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities									Business-Type Activities								
Year		General Obligation Bonds		Clean Water Fund Loans		Revenue Bonds		Premiums		General Obligation Bonds	\	Drinking Water Fund Loans		Premiums	<u> </u>	Total utstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2022	\$	360,843,438	\$	433,151,230	\$	309,455,000	\$	71,020,930	\$	296,016,562	\$	55,810,939	\$	36,552,010	\$	1,562,850,109	9.98%	3,840
2021		339,049,664		435,416,291		325,405,000		71,737,964		283,805,337		56,789,941		35,553,534		1,547,757,731	11.87%	4,249
2020		301,040,982		476,391,446		252,350,000		68,379,540		246,359,019		49,861,600		28,687,419		1,423,070,006	11.23%	3,921
2019		321,971,912		527,219,298		197,740,000		61,527,071		263,903,089		51,989,586		30,738,850		1,455,089,806	11.04%	3,523
2018		313,429,633		510,928,231		209,180,000		49,069,482		245,900,361		53,100,633		22,838,290		1,404,446,630	10.69%	3,356
2017		267,601,331		456,402,106		213,050,000		44,213,815		211,468,661		53,391,540		17,889,117		1,264,016,570	10.17%	3,088
2016		280,392,899		348,839,161		216,810,000		46,665,336		222,847,089		52,742,532		19,159,532		1,187,456,549	9.87%	3,009
2015		208,159,425		274,299,755		220,490,000		39,827,550		179,515,564		40,354,348		11,533,978		974,180,620	8.83%	2,658
2014		226,563,565		222,701,991		224,000,000		38,318,840		120,661,852		28,789,597		6,391,577		867,427,422	8.01%	2,367
2013		184,968,258		197,977,858		85,000,000		14,047,043		103,271,314		20,602,949		3,487,545		609,354,967	5.68%	1,665

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year										
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Debt Limit	\$ 1,466,255,224	\$ 1,366,406,598	\$ 1,317,246,191	\$ 1,298,953,045	\$ 1,277,811,488	\$ 1,260,243,294	\$ 1,243,899,020	\$ 1,211,556,756	\$ 1,196,077,656	\$ 1,189,228,048	
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	808,219,741	802,420,538	897,446,518	923,986,892	945,046,541	946,055,259	907,121,892	721,360,548	508,198,906	587,681,341	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 658,035,483	\$ 563,986,060	\$ 419,799,673	\$ 374,966,153	\$ 332,764,947	\$ 314,188,035	\$ 336,777,128	\$ 490,196,208	\$ 687,878,750	\$ 601,546,707	
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	55.12 %	55.12 %	68.13 %	71.13 %	73.96 %	75.07 %	72.93 %	59.54 %	42.49 %	49.42 %	

Note: The State of Connecticut General Statutes require that in no event shall the total debt of the District exceed 5% of the combined grand list of District member municipalities.

The calculation of the 2022 debt limit can be found on Table 8 of this report.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2022

Combined 2022 Grand List of Member Municipalities of the District	\$ 29,325,104,473
Debt Limit, 5% Thereof	1,466,255,224
Total Outstanding Debt, December 31, 2022:	
Water General Obligation Bonds	202,946,495
DWSRF Project Loan Obligations	45,103,020
Sewer General Obligation Bonds	242,293,177
CWF Project Loan Obligations	23,308,762
Clean Water Project General Obligation Bonds (b)	29,130,000
Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds (b)	309,455,000
Clean Water Project CWF Project Loan Obligations (b)	363,133,500
Combined General Obligation Bonds	182,490,329
Total Direct-Long-Term Indebtedness	1,397,860,283
Outstanding Bonds and Notes:	
DWSRF Interim Funding Obligation	12,117,831
CWF Interim Funding Obligation (b)	60,934,041
Total Direct Short-Term Indebtedness	73,051,872
Total Direct Indebtedness	1,470,912,155
Less Outstanding Debt Not Subject to Debt Limitation:	
Water Bonds (a)	202,946,495
DWSRF Project Loan Obligations	45,103,020
DWSRF Interim Funding Obligations	12,117,831
Clean Water Project Revenue Bonds (b)	309,455,000
Water's Share of Combined General Obligation Bonds	93,070,068
Water's Share of Outstanding Water Notes	
Total Outstanding Debt Not Subject to Debt Limitation	662,692,414
Total Debt Subject to Debt Limitation	808,219,741
Excess of Charter Debt Limitation Over Outstanding Debt	\$ 658,035,483

(a) The District's Charter does not limit its borrowing capacity for water purposes, but limits its capacity for nonwater purposes to 5% of the combined grand lists of its member municipalities. The nature of this limitation requires the aggregation of obligations which normally appear in separate account groups.

(b) It is expected that these obligations issued pursuant to authorizations totaling \$1.759 billion for the District's Clean Water Project will be supported by a Special Sewer Service Surcharge levied annually and added to customers' water bills.

Note: In the above schedule, Interim Funding Obligations are considered short-term indebtedness. For GAAP purposes, these are included as long-term indebtedness.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income		Personal		Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2022	363,988	\$ 14,007,077,856	\$	35,783	38.9	47,693	8.92 %		
2021 *	364,263	13,034,465,340		35,783	38.9	48,826	8.92		
2020	362,937	12,667,977,702		34,904	38.6	50,732	9.88		
2019	364,173	11,617,225,185		31,900	38.4	51,749	6.08		
2018	364,869	11,454,126,993		31,392	38.4	52,260	5.18		
2017	364,393	11,070,762,172		30,381	38.3	52,921	6.14		
2016	365,289	11,143,038,584		30,505	38.2	55,234	6.84		
2015	366,470	11,026,722,853		30,089	38.1	53,358	7.64		
2014	366,406	10,835,873,742		29,573	38.0	53,860	9.64		
2013	366,019	10,731,053,662		29,318	38.0	53,899	10.53		

Sources: Town ACFRs

Any information not contained in ACFRs was taken from the U.S. Census Bureau or the Department of Labor.

*Bloomfield's 2022 data was not available. 2021 data was used instead.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Officials/Administrators	30	30	28	36	31	32	34	32	33	31
Other Administrative	25	30	32	33	31	30	32	33	35	34
Professional/Technical	148	162	162	160	164	166	170	174	172	167
Protective Service	7	6	12	10	8	8	8	8	9	9
Skilled Craft, Service/Maintenance	228	234	227	240	240	246	265	275	275	278
Total	438	462	461	479	474	482	509	522	524	519

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 1,950 or 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 1,950 or 2,080.

Source: Budget analysis from data provided by Human Resources.

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT WATER OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Water Operations: Miles of Water Mains Added	(1.22)	0.63	0.12	3.04	3.71	0.77	1.56	2.10	5.58	2.00
Total Miles of Water Mains	1,579	1,579	1,562	1,562	1,557	1,554	1,553	1,551	1,549	1,543
Water Connections Made	101,879	101,816	101,731	102,184	102,051	101,836	101,599	101,446	101,217	102,669
Average Daily Consumption (Millions of Gallons)	46.38	45.98	47.63	45.80	37.34	39.30	39.59	40.07	42.02	40.25
Maximum Consumption (Millions of Gallons Daily)	65.3	65.46	69.89	63.65	68.80	61.70	71.94	70.09	69.59	71.84
Minimum Consumption (Millions of Gallons Daily)	37.45	38.62	38.15	38.94	37.84	39.20	39.9	37.57	38.46	35.85
Number of Hydrants	10,203	10,189	10,216	10,166	10,720	10,329	10,197	11,238	11,484	11,238
Number of Meters	100,814	100,608	100,452	98,250	99,946	98,239	102,987	101,400	102,828	103,340
Plant Capacity (Millions of Gallons)	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126

Source: MDC Budgets

THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SEWER OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Sewer Operations: Miles of Sewer Mains Added	0.44	0.92	2.43	0.81	1.20	(0.34)	1.57	2.89	2.80	3.37
Total Miles of Sanitary Sewers	1096.70	1,095.61	1,092.67	1,090.24	1,089.43	1,088.23	1,088.57	1,087.47	1,084.04	1,081.24
Miles of Combined Sewers	149	149	159	159	159	159	159	159	160	160
Miles of Storm Sewers	105	105	79	79	79	78	79	79	76	76
Sewer Connections Made	91,843	91,506	91,376	91,208	91,037	91,011	90,728	90,566	90,666	90,220
Average Daily Flow (Millions of Gallons)	67.71	80.35	72.30	79.42	80.70	65.20	56.70	60.50	65.30	66.00
Estimated Sewer Connections	0	0	0	0	91,011	91,011	90,728	90,566	90,666	90,220
Plant Capacity (Millions of Gallons)	85	85	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105

Source: MDC Budgets